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VOL. 47, NO. 89. THURSDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—NOVEMBER 7, 1895.—SIXTEEN PAGES PRICE ONE CENT

Merchants Offer Great Bargains in To-Day's Post-Dispatch.

EUROPE WARNS THE SULTAN.

Order Must Be Restored at Once in Armenia.

THE SITUATION ALARMING.

Signs of Widespread Revolt Against the Rule of the Turkish Government.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 7.—A new Turkish Ministry has been formed as follows:

HALI RIFAT PASHA, Grand Vizier.

SAID PASHA, President of the Council of State.

TEWFIK PASHA, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

HASSAN PASHA, Minister of Marine.

RIZA PASHA, Minister of War.

MEMDUH PASHA, Minister of the Interior.

ABDUR RAHMAN PASHA, Minister of Justice.

BABRI PASHA, Minister of Finance.

ARIFI PASHA, Minister without portfolio.

Riza Pasha was Minister of War in the last Cabinet; Hassan Pasha was Minister of Marine in the late Ministry; Hali Rifat Pasha is the ex-Minister of the Interior and Tewfik Pasha has just come here from Berlin, where he was Turkish Ambassador to Germany. Said Pasha was Minister of Foreign Affairs in the late Cabinet and previously Grand Vizier.

The Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs has promised to give the Ambassadors of the powers a definite reply within two days as to what steps the Porte intends to take for the restoration of order in Armenia and to provide for the protection of Christians in that part of the Turkish Empire.

This was the point especially alluded to by the Ambassadors on Tuesday last when they called separately and represented that the present state of affairs in Armenia could not be allowed to continue and that if adequate measures were not shortly taken to bring about the restoration of order the powers would be compelled, acting in concert, to take their own steps in the matter.

No combined action of such grave importance upon the part of the powers has been taken for years past and the fact that the Porte was reminded of the intervention of the powers in Syria at the time of the massacre of 1860 is considered as a direct warning to the Sultan that Europe will interfere to restore order in Armenia unless the Turkish Government acts promptly.

As each day passes, however, the situation becomes more and more alarming and adds to the difficulty of the task before the Porte and, possibly, before the European powers. From Syria, especially, the most disquieting rumors are coming, and that they are based on facts is shown by the mobilization of twenty batallions of Redifs, out of sixty available, and the steps being taken to dispatch them as promptly as possible to that portion of Asiatic Turkey. This lends color to the report that the Armenians are receiving support from unexpected sources and that the Turkish Government may soon be face to face with an open and widespread revolt against the rule of the Sultan.

Arrests of Armenian and Turkish suspects are constantly being made here and elsewhere; but owing to the press censorship few facts in this connection are obtainable. Possibly the most grave turn in recent events lies in the fact, established beyond any doubt, that the dissatisfaction against the rule of the Sultan has extended to the Turkish army and navy and that the palace officials are well aware of the fact and are in a state of the greatest alarm. Nobody here would be astonished to hear at any moment of an outbreak in the palace itself; in fact, people who are well versed in Turkish affairs assert that this is among the immediate probabilities and that only a prompt show of force on the part of the European fleets can avert it.

Trustworthy reports which have been received here from Erzeroum state that it has been established beyond dispute that the Turkish troops took part in the recent massacre and pillage of Armenians there, and, it is added, clear evidence of this fact will be placed before the representatives of the Powers.

Private accounts represent the condition of the Asiatic provinces of Turkey as being deplorable in the extreme. A veritable reign of terror is said to exist and bloodshed and robbery are of daily ocurrence.

The police of this city are kept busy night and day watching everybody and everything. To such an extent is this system of police surveillance carried that two servants in the employ of English merchants have been arrested while returning from the post-office with letters and newspapers. The letters were seized by the police, in spite of the protests of the servants, and were carried away to the police depot for examination. The English merchants promptly complained to the British Charge d'Affaires, the Hon. Michael Herbert, and the latter has made strong representations to the Porte on the subject. Of course, such a state of affairs cannot be allowed to exist much longer, as the lives of all the Christians in Armenia are in danger and there is hourly expectation of the most serious trouble in almost every part of the Turkish Empire. The mere calling out of the army reserves will have little or no effect upon the situation, as the troops cannot be relied upon in such an emergency, and the wretched condition of Turkish finances bars anything like wholesale and energetic action upon the part of the Turkish Government unless a holy war is proclaimed, and that could only be done by inflaming the religious fanaticism of the Turk against the Christian. This, it is believed, the Porte would not hesitate to do in the case of an invasion of the Turkish dominion; but such a step would not be calculated to suppress interior disorders, the basis of which should be the protection of the Christian population of Armenia.

THE NEW GRAND VIZIER.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Hali Rifat Pasha, the new Grand Vizier of Turkey, has the reputation of being an able administrator. He has held numerous high posts and is a man of broad views, judged from a Turkish standpoint.

The new Grand Vizier is expected to have a moderating influence between the Mussulmans and the Christians, but it is not thought that he will be able to do anything of a remarkable nature at the present serious juncture of affairs in the Turkish Empire.

Improving New York Canals.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The proposition that the State shall spend $9,000,000 for improving the canals has been adopted; the returns are coming in slowly. But accurate figures received from twenty-three counties give a majority of 114,831 votes in its favor. The work done in this city in behalf of the proposition, with every success for it, the 137,711 votes cast on the question there were only 15,933 against it.

SNOW AND RAIN.

Heavy Fall Wednesday Night Throughout Nebraska.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 7.—It rained and snowed throughout Nebraska last night and much moisture is falling to-day in many sections. This is believed to be in time to save all fall seeding, although the acreage is not probably as heavy as it would have been but for the extended dry weather.

WINONA, Minn., Nov. 7.—Nearly a foot of heavy wet snow has fallen here during the night. The weather still remains rather mild, but snow continues to fall rapidly. This is the first of the season.

BLACK RIVER FALLS, Wis., Nov. 7.—A snowstorm has been raging the entire morning and about four inches has fallen, being the first snowstorm of the season. The forest fires are completely quenched. The snow is a God-send for this country.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 7.—Specials from South Dakota, Northern Iowa, Southern Minnesota and Western Wisconsin report the first real snow of the season, in some places over a foot being reported.

WILL BE INVESTIGATED.

Death of Charley Johnson, Found in a Corn Crib.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

OTTERVILLE, Mo., Nov. 6.—The body of Charley Johnson, son of John Johnson, a colored blacksmith, was found this morning by a younger brother in a corn crib. On account of a difficulty with his father Charley left home last summer and has not been seen since. The body had two bullet holes in it, one in the breast and one in the mouth, and a revolver was lying alongside of it. The absence of blood where the body lay would indicate that it was placed there after it was dead. An inquest will be held.

COULDN'T SHUFFLE OFF.

Julius Schlier Arrested for Throwing Himself in Front of Moving Trains.

Julius Schlier, 28 years old, residing on St. Louis avenue, East St. Louis, was arrested by Officer Crate on the Cahokia trestle this morning for attempting to commit suicide by throwing himself on the railroad tracks in front of moving trains.

Schlier had scared a Mobile & Ohio engineer at 2 o'clock this morning by appearing across the track just as the engine hove in sight of the trestle.

The man is supposed to be demented.

COWBOY'S SUICIDE.

Charles McKay, One of Buffalo Bill's Men Shoots Himself.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Nov. 7.—Charles McKay, one of Buffalo Bill's Wild West Texas cowboys, just returned from Atlanta, committed suicide by shooting himself twice this morning at his home seven miles from this city. Family troubles are supposed to be the cause.

SHOT BY HIS WIFE.

Lou Ballow, a Des Arc, Ark., Business Man, Fatally Wounded.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

BEEBE, Ark., Nov. 7.—Lon Ballow, a well known young business man of Des Arc, about twenty-five miles east of here on White River, was shot by his wife. The bullet lodged in his brain and there is no hope of his recovering. The motive was not learned. Mrs. Ballow is well connected, being a daughter of Judge W. L. Willefond, a prominent attorney of Des Arc, ex-County Judge and Clerk of Prairie county and Journal Clerk of the House of Representatives.

FOR A DOLLAR DEBT.

One Negro Waiter Killed Another in a Hotel Hallway.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

TEXARKANA, Ark., Nov. 7.—The guests of the Huckins House were considerably frightened last night by the discharge of a shot gun in the hallway leading to the rotunda. Jack Arnold, a colored waiter, was found on the floor and soon afterwards he expired. He owed another colored waiter named Bush $1. Failing to get his money when he called on Arnold, Bush got his shot gun and killed him. Bush is now at large.

KILLING FALLEN WOMEN.

A Fiend at Work in Victoria, British Columbia.

VICTORIA, British Columbia, Nov. 7.—The finding of the dead body of Millie Crow, a colored sporting woman, in her house here yesterday has resulted in the police being brought face to face with the fact that a mysterious stranger is at work among women of the lower class here. Cape Mudge Sally, an Indian girl, and the former victim of the fiend, perished on the night of Oct. 31, and the two cases are so strangely similar as to force the conclusion that the author is the same. In neither case did the assassin leave a workable clew.

CLOSED ITS DOORS.

Receiver Appointed for Bank of North America, New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 7.—On application of the bank officials, Judge Rightor yesterday appointed a receiver for the Bank of North America, and its doors were closed. The bank was not a member of the Clearing House Association. It is understood that its assets were less than $30,000.

HE'S HEIR TO AN EARLDOM.

An Apprentice Plumber Throws Fauntleroy Into the Shade.

YOUNG EARL ANTRIM'S LUCK.

Reared in an Orphan Asylum His Friends Think He Is a Real Irish Nobleman.

Little Lord Fauntleroy's story pales into insignificance when compared with that of William Earl Antrim, an industrious young apprentice plumber who is learning his trade under the auspices of Tebeau & Quinn.

The steps taken by James H. Antrim, bookkeeper for the Laclede Gas Light Co., and others to begin operations to secure the Antrim estate in Ireland were recorded in the Post-Dispatch on October 17. They met in Chicago and selected a representative to go to Ireland and look into the matter. These Antrims base their claim on the theory that John A. Antrim who came to America in 1676 was a brother of a Lord Antrim, who died without issue and the rightful heir to the title and estate.

William Earl Antrim doesn't go so far back for a basis for his claim. It is claimed for him that his grandfather was Earl Antrim and died recently leaving an estate worth $80,000,000, and the plumber's 'prentice is heir to the title and at least one-third of the wealth, the theory being that his sister and younger brother will each come in for a share of the estate.

William Earl Antrim is 16 years old. The story of how he comes to be in St. Louis, as told by his friends, is delightfully romantic. When he was an infant, as the narrative runs, a well-dressed and handsome woman called at the St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum with the youngster in her arms.

"Here is a poor little orphan," she said to the sister in charge of the asylum. "He comes of the highest Irish parentage and may some day be anxiously inquired for. I beg of you, therefore, to take good care of him."

Here the woman broke down and sobbed as if her heart would break. As she left

WILLIAM EARL ANTRIM.

she begged that the child be called Earl Antrim. Her request was complied with and little Earl was shown the kindest attention. He was a bright little fellow and every visitor who called at the asylum to adopt a child begged for him. The good sister was loath to give him up, however, as she felt sure that his mother would call for him in the course of time.

Finally Earl began to outgrow his infantile surroundings, and it became necessary to launch him out in the world. On his 12th birthday he was given to Mrs. Sarah Chambers, a charitable old lady, living near Ferguson, Mo. Mrs. Chambers sent Earl to school until recently, when she told him that he was growing old enough to earn his own living. She gave him the choice of a trade, and he decided to become a plumber.

Accordingly he got a place in Teabeau & Quinn's shop.

About two months ago an anonymous letter inquiring for Earl was received at St. Joseph's Asylum. It said that he was heir apparent to the Antrim estate in Ireland, and begged the sisters to take good care of him. Earl's mother and father left Ireland on account of some family trouble, the letter said, and brought Earl and two other children—a girl and a boy—to America. The father died a few weeks after they arrived in this country, and the mother died in New York after she left her child in St. Joseph's Asylum. In conclusion, the letter said that Earl's brother and sister, who are younger that he, are in California.

Mrs. Chambers was informed of this letter, and she wrote to the Antrim heirs in Ireland inquiring if Earl was really a descendant of the family. Nothing was heard from the inquiry until a few days ago, when a reply was received simply stating that Earl's grandfather was dying. Mrs. Chambers, who is now in Texas, has both the anonymous letter and the reply.

The Antrims are among the oldest of the Irish nobility. County Antrim was granted to John Byset of County Galway by Richard de Burgo, Earl of Ulster. The three heirs to the estate were Randall, Mark Kerr, who was born Dec. 10, 1878; Angus, born Jue 7, 1876, and Sybil Mary, born March 26, 1876. All of them are dead.

Young Earl is a quiet, sturdy young fellow, and is not in the least affected by the news that millions of dollars are almost at his command. "I'm not caring now whether I inherit anything or not," he said Wednesday evening. "I've almost served an apprenticeship, am earning my own living and am having a better time in this country, I believe, than I would if I were to go to Ireland."

FELL FROM A TREE.

Farmer Rumsey Killed While Nutting in Illinois.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

MASCOUTAH, Ill., Nov. 7.—Bernard Rumsey, one of the most prominent farmers of this community, fell from a tree this morning and was instantly killed. Deceased was about 65 years of age and was highly esteemed. He and his son-in-law Charles Meiza, a St. Louis mail-carrier, and the latter's boys left this morning for a nutting expedition and the accident occurred within a few minutes after the party reached the timber.

"He wanted something to play with,
Something to love and caress."

From the New York Journal.

TRYING TO HEAL THE BREACH.

Meeting of the State Committee to Be Called.

A CONFERENCE OF LEADERS.

Secretary of State Lesueur and Other Prominent Democrats Striving to Promote Harmony.

An important conference of members of the Democratic State Committee was held Wednesday afternoon at the Planters' Hotel, with State Auditor J. M. Seibert and Secretary of State A. A. Lesueur, who, at the solicitation of Maj. Harvey W. Salmon and other party leaders, have undertaken to harmonize the two wings of the committee.

Those who met Messrs. Lesueur and Seibert Wednesday were Geo. W. Allen and Dr. Otto E. Forster, new members of the committee, representing St. Louis; John A. Knott, new member from the First District; O. H. Avery, new member from the Ninth District, and J. W. Farris, new member from the Eighth District.

The conference lasted about two hours, but those who participated refused to furnish information to the press as to the proceedings.

The out-of-town members left for their homes Wednesday night except Messrs. Seibert and Lesueur, who remained to confer with other leaders of the party here on what further means to employ to bring about that condition of harmony and unity which they say is absolutely essential to success in the next campaign.

It is understood that eleven of the old members of the committee are encouraging the Francis-Maffitt obstructionists in their determination to disregard the wish of the party as expressed at the Pertle Springs Convention for a State Convention for the election of delegates to the Democratic National Convention "not later than April 15," and in pursuance of this determination are in favor of ignoring the nineteen new members.

Three of the old members—Messrs. Salmon, Cook and Lozier—are said to be heartily in favor of accepting the action of the Pertle Springs Convention as final and as binding upon the party, and are, therefore, contending for the fullest and freest recognition of the new members and their investiture with full power as members of the party organization.

The work of Messrs. Seibert and Lesueur has been, it is understood, to soothe the irritation of the new members caused by their treatment at the hands of the Francis-Maffitt obstructionists, which has been calculated to drive them to a course of action which the harmonizers fear would be so precipitate as to split the committee and burden the party with two antagonistic organizations. Both Messrs. Seibert and Lesueur are now convinced that the danger point has been passed and they confidently look for the restoration of harmony within the committee. The new members, they think, will be recognized and a call will soon be issued for a full meeting of the committee to assemble in this city about Dec. 10.

Secretary of State Lesueur was seen by a Post-Dispatch reporter in regard to the various meetings and consultations recently held regarding an early meeting of the State Central Committee. He said:

"There is not very much to tell. A little over two weeks ago Maj. Salmon came to me and expressed the fear that a breach between some of the State Committee seemed imminent, and that something should be at once done to bring them together and to secure an early meeting of the entire committee. I was just ready to leave the city at the moment, but I remained over the next day and he and I had a long interview with Mr. Maffitt and other gentlemen upon that side of the question.

"After these interviews we became more than ever convinced that there was danger of a split. There seemed to be what we considered ill-founded suspicion that the new part of the committee would resort to extreme measures.

"We endeavored to allay this suspicion, but were met with the fact that we had not seen nor consulted the new members, and only acted from a knowledge of the men as a broad, fair, intelligent Democrats. Hence we thought it necessary to meet the new members personally, and we asked those most convenient to Kansas City to that place and nearer St. Louis to meet us here. This was done, and the situation satisfactorily talked over at both meetings. At Kansas City an outline of an agreement was made, based on a memorandum prepared by a member-at-large of the new portion of the committee, not addressed to the old members and not to be used at all unless concurred in with practical unanimity by the new members.

"Yesterday there was a meeting of several of these new members at the Planters' where while there was practical unanimity on three of four points discussed, it was thought one of the Kansas City propositions might prove to be a disregard of the Pertle Springs requirements that the State convention to send delegates to the National Convention be held not later than April 15. In view of this disagreement among the new committeemen the agreement arrived at in Kansas City goes for naught until all the members can again meet and consult, and it has not been exhibited to the other side nor will it be."

"Do you think, then, that these consultations have been fruitful of any good?"

"I think they have certainly paved any question that the supposed ill feeling between the two wings of the committee is almost entirely imaginary. Gov. Stone, Mr. Bland and others, besides nearly all the new committee, have stated that there was no desire to reorganize the committee as to officers. While no doubt the old officers are not tenacious as to their places, still this is gratifying to their friends and an evidence of good fellowship."

"Have you seen any members of the old committee and their friends since you have been here this time?"

"No, I have not. I have been busy seeing and talking with the Pertle Springs committee and their friends."

"Do you think there will be a meeting of the committee soon?"

"I do. I believe there will be a meeting between now and, say, December 10, merely name that date as it may take a few days more for consultation before decisive action is reached."

"Do you hold that a meeting should be had?"

"I most certainly do—a meeting of the thirty-four members of the committee. A divided committee means two conventions and a worse divided party, and these things mean certain defeat in Missouri in 1896. I believe that good Democrats everywhere should sink personal considerations and even sacrifice personal ambitions, in the service of their party, and that the lesson and the duty of the hour are unity and concord."

State Auditor Seibert was also seen. Secretary Lesueur's statement was read to him and he said that it covered every point so accurately and so fully that he had nothing additional to say. He concurred with Mr. Lesueur in the hope that harmony would be reached and that an early meeting of the State Committee would be arranged.

J. C. Roberts, the old member of the State Committee for the Eleventh district, was seen. He said: "I have been away from town so long at the bedside of my aged father in Tennessee that I have lost the drift of the committee's affairs. I recognize, however, that before we face the enemy in the next campaign we must harmonize our differences and to do that we must begin with the State Committee. If nothing but an early meeting will suit the two wings of members, then I am in favor of letting them have it. I wasn't invited to the conference at the Planters' yesterday, haven't seen anybody who was there, and, therefore, I have no idea what was done."

A. C. Stuever, old member for the Tenth district, said: "I haven't given the matter a bit of thought. Don't know what's going on and don't care. I wasn't invited to the Planters' Hotel conference and didn't know it had been held until you told me about it. I don't know what it was called for, and I don't care."

Dr. Otto E. Forster, new member for the Twelfth district, said: "Yes, I went to the conference at the Planters' yesterday on invitation, but I was called away before much was said or done, and therefore can't say much about it. Its object seemed to be a good one, though, and I expect something of a definite nature to occur within a day or two. By about Saturday maybe I will have some good news for you. I look for a meeting of the State Committee within the next two weeks. Meantime I wish the papers would say nothing about it."

Trains Moving Out.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 7.—A Devil's Lake, N. D., dispatch says: The backbone of the Great Northern strike was broken this morning by the arrival of a train with seventy special policemen, eighteen new conductors, twenty-five brakemen and three firemen. The deputies are patrolling the yards and the trains that were hung up have all been started out with crews made of seventy special policemen, eighteen new men. The recruits were all enlisted at Chicago by a detective agency and are a sorry looking lot for clothing. But there has been no disturbance and none is expected.

FRANKENFIELD'S MISCUE.

His Cold Wave All Right, but It Hit the Wrong Places.

This is the kind of weather that makes Dr. Frankenfield hot. Although the thermometer registers only 60 deg. the doctor is perspiring freely in his den in the Federal Building dome.

There is an area of low pressure in his cerebrum, and he is consequently violently depressed. He freely admits that it makes him sick.

Here is the diagnosis of his disease. He predicted rain for two days and it failed him. Then he tried the cold weather racket, and this has failed him. Tuesday the wave was coming sure, but was delayed. Wednesday the doctor solemnly avowed that there would be a drop of from 20 to 25 deg. He said this in such tones that those who heard it shivered.

When the prophet arose Thursday morning and took a shy at his own private thermometer he found the quicksilver hugging 60, and his heart fell some 30 odd deg. He came into town in a state of the dumps, and after an hour's study of his hieroglyphic charts and cipher dispatches he found himself worse off than ever.

The weather had him guessing to a dead moral certainty, and it took him ten minutes of profound study before he would hazard another prediction to a Post-Dispatch reporter who invaded his sanctum.

It certainly is tough that a man should make predictions that fit every place but the one in which he happens to be. That's just what Dr. Frankenfield has done.

He knew there was a cold wave coming. All over the West the mercury was falling Wednesday like prices in a panic, and the wave was coming East at a tremendous rate. Oh, it was a cinch for a prophet. Kansas City would get it Wednesday night and St. Louis Thursday morning.

But, alas for Frankenfield, it struck Kansas City and all northwest Missouri, but some cussed, cantankerous combination of the elements, which even the prophet does not understand, came chasing itself up from the Gulf of Mexico, crowded in between St. Louis and the cold wave, and chased it off up northeast to nip the noses of Chicagoans and the denizens of that inhospitable section.

Verily a prophet is not without honor save in his own country. A few more miscues like this one will give Dr. Frankenfield a fine reputation in Kansas City and Chicago, but he will have to do better by St. Louis or lose caste.

Thursday morning, out in Lander, Wyo., the thermometer registered 2 degrees below zero; in Bismarck, N. D., it was 8 below; in Denver 16 above; Oklahoma, 150 miles south of here, 40 above; Kansas City, 40; Chicago, 44. Between the northwest and southeast extremities of Missouri there is a difference of 30 degrees.

This shows that the forecaster had a fine bead drawn, but he did not calculate on accidents.

When the reporter opened Dr. Frankenfield's office door, the doctor was going over a lot of charts with red, green and blue lines on them. He was putting in a few more just to complete the meteorological picture.

"Isn't this tough?" he said. "It makes me sick. Everything was going so nicely and the drop was due here so certainly this morning, when something happened down here in the Gulf and just snolled everything. I don't understand it at all. The cold wave no sooner got past Kansas City than it steered off to the northeast, leaving our temperature stationary. I hardly know what to predict now, but it certainly will not get any warmer. There will be a gradual cooling off in the temperature, but no cold wave.

So after all perhaps it would be wise for the merchants who got ready their heavy coats and furs for winter wear to go right on with their preparations.

THE WEATHER.

Rain Predicted for Missouri and Fall in Temperature.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Weather prediction:

Illinois—Rain; cooler in southeast portion to-night; northeast winds.

Missouri—Rain; cooler in southeast portion to-night; variable winds.

Arkansas—Threatening weather and rain; winds shifting to northerly; colder.

For St. Louis and vicinity—Rain Thursday afternoon or evening; probably fair Friday; colder.

The cold wave which was moving southeastward was retarded in the State of Missouri by a low pressure area in the southwest, and moved eastward after covering the north and west portions of the State.

The temperatures have fallen considerably in the Southwest, extreme North and from Northern Illinois northward. Elsewhere there has been but little change.

The pressure is highest in Wyoming and North Dakota, with temperature below zero.

There have been general rains to the Southwest, the Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys. Heavy rains continue in Oklahoma.

STILL FINDING DEAD BODIES.

Forty-five Persons Probably Killed in the Detroit Explosion.

VICTIMS TAKEN OUT TO-DAY.

Many Who Are Still Missing Believed to Be Buried in the Journal Building Ruins.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 7.—Twenty-five bodies have already been taken from the ruins of the "Evening Journal" building, and the search still goes on. In addition to the list sent in last night the following have been added to-day:

ADOLPH SCHREIBER, Jr., book-binder.
JOHN GORDON, electrotyper.
KITTIE LEONARD.
ROSA MORGAN.
JOHN BRITENBECHER.
UNKNOWN MAN.
JENNIE NEIBAUER, 16 years old.
BERTHA WEIDBUSCH, 19 years old.
ERNEST PERKINS, assistant mailing clerk; body recovered at 10:30.

The list of dead and injured taken from the ruins up to midnight last night is as follows:

LIZZIE TAPLEY, aged 20, employed by Davis & Co.

HELLY WALSH, employed by Kohlbrand Engraving Company.

JOHN J. REUTTER, apprentice in the employ of Dunlap & Co.

GEORGE H. SOULE, engraver.

GEORGE SHAW, mailer Detroit "Journal."

WILLIE HAWES, 18 years old, mailer Detroit "Journal."

JAMES ROSS.

WILLIAM W. DUNLAP.

HENRY LAREVERE, employe mailing room of the "Journal."

UNKNOWN BOY, remains found in ruins at 4:15; features unrecognizable, supposed to be John Bowman, employed by Kohlbrand & Co.

Two other bodies, identification impossible.

CARRIE RAUER, aged 23, book-keeper in Hillier's bindery; body recovered at 11:30 a. m.

L. REIGER, machinist; family lives at Oscoda, Mich.

Unidentified slight built man; body at morgue.

MATTIE HILLIER, employe Hillier's book bindery; body recovered at 12:30 a. m.

MINNIE LIESE, also book bindery employe; body gotten out shortly afterward.

WALTER P. SAXBY, machinist Dunlap & Co.

MICHAEL WARD, stereotyper Journal.

THE INJURED.

CORNELIUS GEORGE; seriously scalded about head and breast and injured around hips.

CHARLES HEGERT, employe John Davis & Co.; bruised around head and body and scalded by acid.

ANNIE O'DONOGHUE; legs and face crushed, badly injured on body; condition serious.

H. G. FOYE, advertising solicitor Evening News; cut about head and face.

ALBERT WEBER, pressman on the Journal; badly burned on hand, arms and feet; scalp lacerated and unconscious; injuries probably fatal.

A. D. LYNCH, stereotyper; hand, arm and face burned; contusion of scalp.

JAMES HOLT, 16 years old, employed by Speaker Printing Co.; deep gash across face.

MARTIN MYERS, advertising solicitor News; cut in the neck.

CARRIE A. SPECK, clerk; cut by flying glass.

ANDREW HILBERSCHEID, machine hand.

W. C. JUPP, face lacerated by glass.

THOMAS WILLIAMS, assistant foreman of the "Journal"; struck on head by steam pipe; injuries not serious.

FRANK GREINER, artist; badly cut about head.

JOSEPH A. BERESFORD, bookkeeper; slightly injured.

LUCY A. HOLDEN, stenographer; slightly injured.

MARGARET ROBINSON, stenographer; slightly injured.

JOSEPH VINTER, bookkeeper; painfully injured, but not seriously.

WALTER OTT, artist; hands and wrists cut.

HERMAN MILLER, office boy Calvert Lithographing Company; knocked down and severely cut by falling glass.

There are yet twenty missing, swelling the probable list of dead to forty or forty-five. Besides these nineteen persons were more or less seriously injured, two of them fatally.

The cause of the disaster has been definitely ascertained as a boiler explosion, but what caused the explosion is still a mystery.

The loss on the ruined part of the building is about $20,000. The "Evening Journal" also loses about $10,000 by the destruction of its machinery, etc.

The total loss of the other tenants is placed at something over $30,000.

FAMILY WIPED OUT.

Charles Ryan, Wife and Four Daughters Burned to Death.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Six members of one family, husband, wife and four daughters, perished by fire in their home on the top floor of a four-story tenement house at 311 Van Brunt street, Brooklyn, at 1 o'clock this morning.

The dead are:

CHARLES RYAN.
MRS. ELLEN RYAN, his wife.
JOHANNA RYAN, aged 20 years.
SARAH RYAN, aged 17.
MAGGIE RYAN, aged 14.
LIZZIE RYAN, aged 12.

The fire started from a gas jet in a hall on the ground floor. It burned out Finnigan's saloon on the ground floor and roused Margaret Welch and her four children on the second floor. The stairway being on fire they went to the windows, from which they were rescued by policemen. The fire quickly got to the third floor, which was unoccupied.

Almost before the Ryans had warning of the fire and long before any one could reach them the blaze surprised them as they slept. They were found dead in their beds or the firemen soon after the flames were extinguished.

The fire nearly burned the building out on the inside and did damage to the extent of $5,000.

Ships Arrived.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Arrived: Saxon, Bremen; Majestic, Liverpool.

A STARTLER IN **Cloth Capes.**

Ladies' Fine Black Beaver Double Capes, with deep turn-over collar, shoulder cape and collar trimmed with one inch-and-a-half fold of satin, stitched with five rows of stitching, ON FRIDAY,

$3.75.

The regular price of these Capes is $6.50.

Brocaded Black English Brilliantine,

29c

were 45c.

Black Invisible Stripe Coupure, at

21c

were 39c.

TALK ABOUT FRIDAY BARGAINS!!!

CRAWFORD'S

Think the public has been fooled long enough with the Bogus article, and propose from this time on to show the people of St. Louis what a

GENUINE ARTICLE is in the way of Bargains!

As only such a great establishment as theirs can do.

CRAWFORD'S

Have the goods as no one else has; CRAWFORD'S have the facilities no one else has; CRAWFORD'S have the room as no one else has, and propose to give the public **SUCH AN OUTPOURING OF THE GENUINE STUFF** as will keep their eyes open and their memories fresh for many a long day!

An Eye-Opener IN **Cloth Jackets.**

Ladies' Fine Black Beaver Short Jackets, latest make, four-piece sleeve, double-breast, large buttons, tailor finish, ON FRIDAY,

$3.95

The regular price of these Jackets is $7.60.

Ladies' Kid Button, Square or Piccadilly Toe, Patent Leather Tipped Shoes, Friday,

89c

Ladies' Kid Low Shoes, Patent tip, Friday,

55c

Friday Bargains in Dress Goods. Just a Sample Out of Many.

One lot of REMNANTS, HALF-WOOL POPLINS, sold in the piece at 12½c, per yard ..... At **5c**

And one lot of DOUBLE-WIDTH ALL-WOOL BASKET-WEAVE SUITINGS, sold in the piece at 39c ..... At **15c**

THE ABOVE LOTS WILL BE FOUND OE TABLE NO 1, SOUTH EN TRANCE,

YARD-WIDE ALL-WOOL FRENCH CASHMERE, all the latest colors, regular price 35c ..... At **19c**

38-INCH ALL-WOOL SCOTCH PIN-CHECKS TWEED SUITINGS, regular price 45c, at **25c**

Friday Bargains in Silks. Only a Few Out of Hundreds.

500 REMNANTS OF SILKS will be placed on table in Silk Aisle, ranging in price ..... **25c to 40c**

THESE GOODS ARE SOLD FROM 50c TO 95c.

Silks From Auction

BLACK SATIN DUCHESSE, warranted all silk, regular price 85c ..... At **49c**

Black Satin Duchesse, Extra Quality, regular price $1.25 ..... **69c**

Brocaded Silks, regular price 85c ..... At **49c**

1 Lot of Ladies' Suits, some very nice, and all good material, worth from $6.75 to $9.00; will close out the lot at ..... **$2.49** EACH

1 Lot of Ladies' Suits, good material and well made worth from $8.00 to $12.00; will close out the lot at **$3.75**

1 Lot of Ladies' Wool Tea Gowns, lined throughout, worth $5.00; will close out the lot at **$2.95**

1 Lot of Boys' Flannelette Blouse Waists, worth 60c; will close out the lot at **25c**

These Waists will be found in the Suit Department.

Ladies' Fine Cambric Gowns, yoke trimmed with Valenciennes lace and fine tucks, neck and sleeves finished with ruffle of lace, regular price $1.00 .... **59c**

A broken lot of Infants' Wear, consisting of fine dresses, skirts, shawls, sacque and pinning blankets, were 75c, $1, $1.25; your choice at. **50c** EACH

Special.....

Another big snap for the men and boys—over 1,500 dozen Collars and 300 dozen Cuffs, slight seconds, all good styles, Collars worth 15 and 20c each—we are going to give 'em away for **30c** a dozen; CUFFS. **50c** Worth $1.00

Cut Jet Garnitures, worth $2.00, $1.75, $1.50, $1.00, for 35c

Cut Jet and Marten Fur Bands, worth $2.25, $1.25, 89c, 69c, for $1.00, 75c, 60c, 45c

Feather Edging and Band, worth $1.00, 75c, 50c, for 50c, 35c, 20c

BOOKS!

TWO BARGAINS. ONE HUNDRED OF EACH TO GO ON FRIDAY.

100 Rand, McNally & Co.'s New Handy Atlas, size 8x6, over 350 pages, containing Colored County Maps of the United States and Canada, area and population, a Ready Reference List of all cities, towns and villages, with population of 1890, Colored Statistical Diagrams, full data bearing upon products, commerce, finance, etc., cloth binding, regular price 50c, FRIDAY **25c**

100 "Shams," or Uncle Ben's Experience With Hypocrites, 8 vols., cloth, illustrated, over 400 pages of humorous and entertaining reading, worth $1.00, FRIDAY at **39c**

Machine Oil, worth 5c, for 2c

Spool Silk (100 yards), all colors 1c

Spool Twist, all colors, per box 12c

4 yard 2-inch Velveteen Binding 4c

Best Machine Thread, per dozen 21c

Tooth Brushes, worth 10c, for 3c

Ladies' Kid Gloves, Worth $1.50 at **79c**

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

All-Leather Purses, worth 25c for **10c**

All-Leather Purses, worth 15c for **5c**

LOVEJOY'S PRESS.

Relic of the Fiery Old Abolitionist Found at Alton.

Fragments of the old Lovejoy press, which was broken up and thrown into the river on the night of Lovejoy's assassination, Nov. 7, 1837, by an armed mob, have been found beneath a large pile of cinders and debris, just back of Sparks, in Alton Mill.

At the time of the terrible tragedy the river bed was nearer the bluffs at this point than at the present time, and the old Godfrey & Gilman warehouse, in which the press was located stood where the mill stands now. For sixty years this point on the river bank has been used as a kind of a dumping ground for cinders, rocks and refuse, until at the present time the bank extends about sixty feet farther out into the river. Steps will be taken by the Lovejoy Association to recover all the old pieces of machinery.

The press was that on which Lovejoy printed his famous anti-slavery paper, the Observer. Lovejoy's extreme views and their advocacy had made life in St. Louis so unpleasant for him that he removed hence to Alton in 1837 and there continued the publication of his paper there.

On the night of Aug. 21, 1837, a mob broke into his office and destroyed all his printing material, throwing the press into the Mississippi River. Three or four other presses were successively procured, and each met the same fate as the first. Finally on Nov. 7 Lovejoy concluded to make a stand and protect his property at the risk of his life against the mob's violence. A volunteer guard of twenty men remained in the building to help Lovejoy in his defense.

The first attack of the mob was made at the north end of the warehouse, by an attempt to batter down the door, preceded by a shower of stone interspersed with more deadly missiles from gun and pistol. The guard from the inside of the building replied to the mob's attack with a single fire, which killed one of the mob named Bishop. This scattered the assailants temporarily, but they soon returned with reinforcements and the assault was renewed with redoubled energy.

There was firing now on both sides, but nobody was hurt thereby. A ladder was raised on the east side of the building and a man was sent up with materials to fire the roof. Knowing this, Capt. Long, who had command of the little company of defenders, called for volunteers to go out and dislodge the incendiary.

Lovejoy was one of three who promptly responded and stepped from a lower door upon the levee, leading the way for his companions. The trio fired at the man upon the ladder, but missed him. In an instant their fire was returned by two or three men concealed behind a pile of lumber near them. Lovejoy received five bullets in his body, while his companions, Roff and Weller, were only slightly wounded. He turned, ran past his companions through the door, up the short flight of stairs into the counting-room and, exclaiming "My God! I'm shot!" was caught in the arms of some one who rushed to his aid, laid upon the floor, and died without a struggle or uttering another word.

The mob then overran the building and destroyed all the printing material, including the press.

William to His Soldiers.

BERLIN, Nov. 7.—Emperor William today reviewed the recruits of the Regiments of the Guard. He made a short speech to the young soldiers, reminding them that they now belonged to his army and bidding them especially to be mindful of the honor which was theirs in being attached to the Guards. He added: "Before all things you should trust to God to preserve your honor, and be faithful to your Emperor and country, whether against a foreign or an internal foe."

STRUCK A REEF.

German Steamer Canada Goes Ashore Below Quebec.

QUEBEC, Quebec, Nov. 7.—The German steamship Canada, Capt. Hahn of the Hamburg-American Packet Co., from Hamburg and Antwerp for Quebec and Montreal, with a large passenger list and general cargo is ashore at Little Metis light, 175 miles below Quebec. The bottom of the new steamer is cracked and the tanks are full of water which is rising in the forehold. Late reports say the Canada went too near the shore when passing Matanes and struck the reef and it was necessary to beach the boat to save her from foundering. Passengers and crew are safe, as the vessel lies on a sandy beach.

TELEPHONES ON TRAINS.

Interesting Experiment Made on a Connecticut Railroad.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 7.—The Connecticut Valley Division of the Consolidated R. R. is to experiment with telephones between stations. Every fifth telegraph pole is to have a box telephone connection with the metallic circuit running from Saybrook to Hartford. Trains will be provided with telephones, so that in case of accident or detention trainmen can telephone direct to the Superintendent's office.

ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN.

Thirty-Third Congress of the Society in Session.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 7.—The thirty-third Congress of the Society for the Advancement of Women met yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Julia Ward Howe presiding, and about thirty delegates present. Eva Channing of Boston read a paper on good municipal government and woman's suffrage, and Mrs. Ellen Stevens Hildreth of New Decatur, Ala., read a long thesis on the nutritive value of food.

The convention will last several days. The members are being entertained at private residences.

Judge Gentry Resigns.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

HANNIBAL, Mo., Nov. 7.—Judge Charles R. Gentry, an Associate Judge of the Marion County Court, tendered his resignation to Gov. Stone to-day. About a month ago the presiding Judge of this court, Judge Hollyman, died, and W. B. Drescher was appointed to fill the vacancy. Now another appointment will have to be made and there are already several applications. Judge Gentry is the Republican Judge elected in this county for twenty years.

Special Election Called.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 7.—The Governor to-day issued a proclamation calling for a special election in White County, Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1896, for Circuit Clerk, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of George R. Williams.

ONLY $4 PER TON

For the furnace size of our Pittsburg Crushed Coke. Stove sizes, $4.50 per ton. A perfect substitute for Anthracite Coal in furnaces and stoves; a charming fuel for grates; 50 per cent cheaper than Anthracite; almost as cheap as common coal. Much cleaner and easier handled.

DEVOY & FEUERBORN COAL AND COKE CO., 215 North Seventh Street.

THE COURSE OF TRUE LOVE.

Sophia Garfinkel and Adolph Colona Find It Rough Indeed.

Although there is no one to forbid the nuptials, Miss Sophia Garfinkel of 1018 North Tenth street and Adolph Colona of 3619 St. Louis avenue, clerk in the Post-office, are having a pretty hard time getting married. Miss Garfinkel is not yet 18 years old, but will be within two months. The easiest way would be to await the expiration of that period, but the couple say that there is one grave objection to that. Miss Garfinkel's main object in wedding so young is to get out of the power of Max Davis, her brother-in-law, as soon as possible, and she declares that there is no telling what Mr. Davis might do during the next two months were the affair postponed.

The whole trouble grows out of the law forbidding the issuance of marriage licenses to a minor without the consent of parents or guardian. The young lady's father died ten years ago, and her mother is at home in Koenigsburg, Germany. She has no legal guardian. When 13 years old Miss Garfinkel was sent to America by her mother to live with her sister, Mrs. Max Davis. The latter has been in fact her guardian ever since, but has never been appointed such by court.

Thursday morning Miss Garfinkel and Mrs. Davis and Mr. Colona and the latter's brother presented themselves at the Marriage License Department and there first learned the law. They were told that Miss Garfinkel must have a guardian appointed in the Probate Court. They decided Mrs. Davis should apply for the appointment.

At the Probate Court they learned it would be necessary for Mrs. Davis to furnish bond. She posted after it, and when she returned, it developed that, being a married woman, she could not act. Their only recourse was to secure the services of Mr. Davis himself. He could not be reached at once, and the entire matter had to be postponed until Friday.

To a Post-Dispatch reporter the party stated that Miss Garfinkel could not remain at her sister's house on account of Mr. Davis. They represented that Mr. Davis made things unpleasant for her and caused unsisterly demonstrations between Miss Garfinkel and Mrs. Davis.

She had on two occasions left her sister's house, but had returned, and disliked to repeat the experiment.

She and Mr. Colona had been engaged for some time, and together they decided that immediate marriage would be the best way out of the difficulty.

As the marriage now depends largely upon Mr. Davis' action in the matter of the guardianship, they are still anxious over the outcome.

WILL HEATH A BENEDICT.

He Was Married to a Clinton (Ia.) Belle.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard P. Heath, Miss Bird Palmer, Mr. R. C. Beaty and several friends sat down to a wedding breakfast at the St. Nicholas Hotel this morning. Mr. Heath is a well known young business man and is Secretary of the Kansas & Texas Coal Company. His bride, to whom he was married Wednesday at high noon at Clinton, Ia., was Miss Sadie Campbell of that city. Miss Palmer and Mr. Beaty were their attendants.

Child Burned to Death.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

PATTONSBURG, Mo., Nov. 7.—The 6-year-old daughter of Ed Cox, living three miles north of this place, was burned to death. While potatoes were being boiled in a kettle over the fire the little girl's clothes caught fire and before she was found she was so badly burned that she died in a few hours.

TWO POINTS OF VIEW.

Charles Wilson Says His Wife Is Gay, She Says He Drinks.

Charles Wilson, aged 55, formerly in the employ of the St. Louis Well Machine and Tool Co., Newstead avenue and Wabash tracks, was released from the Work-house Wednesday afternoon.

Early in October Wilson was fined $100 and sentenced to the Work-house for six months by Judge Peabody for disturbing his wife's peace. Wilson claimed to one of the guards at the institution that his incarceration was the result of a conspiracy by his wife and mother-in-law to be rid of him, as he is now getting old.

The guard listened to the story and was moved to compassion. He wrote a letter to some of Wilson's friends and through their intercession with Mayor Walbridge the prisoner was released. Immediately thereafter he went to the Four Courts to secure the services of an officer.

All he wanted, he said, was to have the officer accompany him home, that he might secure his worldly effects. Then he would stray out into the cruel world.

With tears in his eyes, Wilson told his story. He said his wife treated him badly, went out at nights, had male friends—among them a policeman, and was anything but a dutiful spouse. The night he was arrested, "Big Thursday" of Fair week, he claimed Mrs. Wilson stayed out late and attempted to crawl through a window to get inside the house when she arrived home. The policeman was "boosting" her, and when Wilson saw this and upbraided his wife, the policeman arrested him.

A Post-Dispatch reporter called on Mrs. Wilson Thursday morning at the home of her parents, 4407A Hunt avenue, to hear her side of the story. When told the stories her husband has been circulating, she exclaimed:

"Oh, the wretch! Any man that would tell such lies about his wife should be in the Penitentiary. I don't think he was ever sober a day unless the time he was in the Workhouse. Three years ago he broke my leg, and I have often had to call in the police to protect me."

"Yes," broke in her mother, Mrs. Moore, "six years ago he murdered her unborn baby, and I can get the doctor and undertaker to swear to it. He also threatened to kill our whole family."

"Mr. Wilson didn't work the day he was arrested," resumed his wife. "Right after breakfast he went out and got drunk. Then he came home and raised a fuss. He said he was going to kill me. He got out his razor. That scared me, so I came over to my mother.

"In the evening I sent my little girl over to get my shawl and her father choked her until she was black in the face. Then I went to the police station and had two officers go home with me. When I attempted to get my things the men wrote to to get him out of the Work-house and Master Peter-son and Holmes. He works at the Grand Army racket on them. I work at dressmaking to support the children. As soon as I get money enough I will sue for divorce."

Mrs. Wilson is a domestic appearing woman, the mother of seven children, three dead and four living.

The officers who arrested Wilson are Curran and O'Gorman.

Nice Place to Live.

Statistics show in British East India an average of sixty-five persons are killed by snakes, tigers, leopards, wolves, bears, hyenas, etc., every day—about 24,000 every year.

Egyptian Quail.

One thousand Egyptian quail have been imported by a New York citizen, who has notified the birds take kindly to an experiment.

IT WAS SELF-DEFENSE.

The Coroner Wouldn't Hold Thos. McMahon for Killing Wm. Mason.

Coroner Walt held an inquest Thursday on the body of William Mason, colored, who was shot Sunday at Fourteenth and Market street by Thomas McMahon and who died from his wound at the City Hospital Wednesday morning.

The bulk of the evidence went to show that Mason and several other negroes attacked McMahon and two companions without cause and that during the fight that followed McMahon shot him. The jury brought in a verdict of self-defense and Coroner Walt discharged the prisoner.

ALASKA'S BOUNDARY LINE.

The Special Interest England Has in the Question.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 7.—C. A. Carpenter, who was formerly editor of the Alaska News at Juneau, has just returned from the North and he says that the people in the territory are much excited over the boundary question.

Mr. Carpenter has been in Alaska for two years and is familiar with the boundary question in all its details. He stigmatizes the attempt of the Canadian surveying party to locate the line according to their charts as a grab of England. The great scheme of England, he says, besides the natural greed for the gold of the Yukon, is to establish a coaling station and a port of entry on the Alaskan Coast, so that she may occupy a position of vantage in the event of an Oriental war or trouble between Great Britain and Russia.

"The dispute in a nutshell," he said, "is that Great Britain holds, in accordance with the provisions of the treaty, that the boundary line is ten marine leagues in the interior from the outward line of the bordering islands, instead of from the coast line of the main land. By taking the outer edge of the islands as the point from which the boundary line parallels England will try to shut out Alaska from her harbors along the main land. In other words, rob Alaska of the greater part of Southeastern Alaska. The American Government has always held as its interpretation of the Russo-English treaty that the line is ten marine leagues from the indentations or coast line of the main land, and there never would have been a dispute if England had a port of entry by which she could reach the Yukon River."

JUDGMENT BY DEFAULT.

The San Antonio & Gulf Shore Railway to Pay $29,606.

In Judge Valliant's court the Illinois Steel Co. was given judgment on default for $29,606 Thursday afternoon in an attachment suit against the San Antonio & Gulf Shore Railroad Co.

The suit was on a note for $27,903.99, payable in gold, and the judgment includes interest at 6 per cent, from Nov. 1, 1894.

Liverpool Autumn Meeting.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 7.—This was the second day of the Liverpool autumn meeting. The Grand Sefton steeplechase handicap for 4-year-olds and upwards, about three miles and a half long, was won by Mr. J. G. Stanley's Manifesto, Miss Anthony was second and First Dragoon third. The purse for this event was 600 sovereigns, divided.

The Liverpool cup, stakes of 400 sovereigns, divided, handicap, for 3-year-olds and upwards, Mr. O'Ferrall's Revenant, Mr. F. Hanbury's bay filly Wisp was second and Col. Percy's Tambour third. Distance, one mile and a furlong.

The Liverpool Stewards' Cup was won by Sir R. W. Griffith's Cool Steel. Tetterby was second and Lord Bolton's Bonnie Dundee third. The cup was valued at 1,000 sovereigns, divided. The course was one mile and four furlongs.

WANTED REVENGE.

And Now James Bresnahan Is Sorry He Tried to Whip a Policeman.

James Bresnahan, who has been to the Work-house, and Charles Newman, alias Ross, tried to whip Patrolman Meany of the Third District at Third and Carr streets Thursday for having arrested Bresnahan some time ago. Bresnahan received several bad scalp wounds and a contusion of the left eye, his injuries being dressed at the City Dispensary. He was then locked up at the Third District Station.

Newman escaped, but is being hunted by the police.

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

The New City Hall Commission Discussing the B. P. I. Report.

The City Hall Commission met behind locked doors in the Mayor's Office at noon Thursday to receive and discuss the report of the Board of Public Improvements as to the cost of repairing the defects in the new City Hall and the extent of the remedies needed.

The reasons for making the meting secret could not be learned as no previous announcement was made of the Commission's intention to depart from its rule.

All the members were present except Comptroller Sturgeon.

Daniel E. Clark's Estate.

The estate of the late Daniel E. Clark is inventoried at $23,210.25, of which $33,433.84 is in notes, $3,052.89 accounts, $11,800 stocks, $10,000 worthless bonds and coupons, $41.71 cash, and $442.20 personality.

DEATHS.

DONNELLY—On Nov. 7, at 7 a. m., Mary Donnelly, widow of the late James Donnelly, and mother of John T. Donnelly.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 1331 North Seventh street, on Sunday, Nov. 10, at 1:30 p. m., to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

Deceased was a member of Ivy Council, No. 1057, A./L. of H.

Philadelphia, Salt Lake City and New York City papers please copy.

FELPS.—After a short illness, Mrs. Emily Felps, relict of the late James A. Felps.

Funeral private.

MULLIGAN—On Thursday, November 7, 1895, at 5:30 o'clock a. m., Bryan Mulligan, beloved father of Thomas and Mollie Mulligan and Mrs. Sadie Duke (nee Mulligan), aged 51 years.

The funeral will take place Sunday, 10th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence, No. 1008 North Third street, to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

Deceased was a member of the Liquor Dealers' Protective Benevolent Association.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

RUSSELL.—On Wednesday, November 6, at 10:45 o'clock a. m., Annie M. Russell, wife of Edward J. Russell, aged 49 years.

The funeral will take place Friday, the 8th inst., at 1:30 o'clock p. m., from family residence, No. [illegible] Russell avenue, to Alaska Commandery, No. 9, K. T. Friends of the family are

Dampproof

MEN'S FINE

Calf Cork Sole Shoes,

RAZOR AND LONDON TOES.... **$5.00**

These CORK SOLE Goods are light in appearance, afford good protection from dampness, and are an easy walking shoe by virtue of the EXTRA THICKNESS of CORK.

Hanan & DeMuth,

Broadway and St. Charles St.

FOR FIRING A BARN.

Young Negroes Charged With Being Reckless With the Torch.

Moses Williams and Robert Whitman, both colored, and each about 18 years old, are in jail on a warrant charging them with arson in the third degree.

The negroes entered a barn at 4028 Laclede avenue belonging to Thomas McManus of 3141 Lucas avenue Wednesday night. They were chased out, and shortly afterwards the barn caught fire. Officer Dyer and Special Officer Schappe arrested Williams and Whitman and swore out a warrant against them Thursday morning.

Association of Colleges.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 7.—An association of colleges, academies and high schools in the Southern States was formed here to-day by the Vanderbilt University, University of North Carolina, Washington and Lee University of Virginia, University of Tennessee and ten others.

President George T. Winston of the University of North Carolina was elected president and Chancellor James H. Kirkland of Vanderbilt University, secretary and treasurer. College work preparatory requirements were established for admission.

WHAT THEY THINK OF THE DEFEAT.

Prominent Democrats Discuss the Result of Tuesday's Elections.

THE PARTY MUST ORGANIZE.

Factional Fights, Local Issues and the Split on the Currency Question Led to the Waterloo.

If the opinions of a number of the most prominent Democrats in Missouri have any weight the defeat of the Democratic party at the polls on Tuesday was due very largely to bickerings, factional fights and the split on the currency question. On the whole, they are hopeful of success in 1896, but all agree that the party has got to get together and agree on some one issue.

Mississippi, with its Democratic majority of 50,000, is pointed to as an illustration of what was accomplished with the party united on the currency question. A majority agree that the lambasting will have the effect of bringing the party together for the battle next year, and that unless Democrats are united, the party will meet certain defeat. The interviews secured by the Post-Dispatch reporters sent in all directions follow:

"Senator, what effect on the '96 campaign is the result of Tuesday's elections going to have?" was asked of Senator Vest at the Southern.

"Oh, I don't know. I don't know!"

"Do you see anything in it to discourage free silver advocates?"

"No. It does the Democratic party lots of good to get a —— good beating once in a while. It may stop this fighting in the party."

"To what do you attribute the defeat?"

"Oh, local issues in most places, bad crops in others, and the financial depression everywhere. What the party needs is better organization."

Ex-Gov. D. R. Francis was seen just as he was leaving his office. He said he was going to attend a meeting and was in a hurry but would grant an interview if the reporter would walk down the street with him. The questions were put and the answers given as the two hurried down the street. It was a red hot interview and the more questions the reporter asked the faster the Governor walked. The Governor was giving the newspaper man a warm run, but the reporter was somewhat of a sprinter himself and stayed with him. As the pair crossed the street and dashed into a big office building a street Arab yelled fire. Here's the way the thing went:

"What effect, Governor, is the result of Tuesday's elections going to have on the presidential campaign of 1896?"

The reporter was on the side of the Governor's deaf ear and he missed out. He had to make a running switch and get on the right side and ask the question again. The reporter is deaf in his left ear, too, and so to catch the answer and save the Governor the annoyance of pouring out his soul into a deaf ear he switched back and got his right ear next. Rather than be discourteous the scribe passed behind the Governor when these lightning shifts were made and this gave the latter an undue advantage in the foot race that followed. When he caught the answer to the first question it sounded like this:

"Oh, I don't know as it will have any. It is too far ahead to tell much about it yet, and it haven't seen any figures."

"Do you regard it as a knockout for free silver?"

"It certainly is. It shows that the people don't want free silver, and that issue is dead now."

"Don't you think it is bound to come up again next year?"

"No. I think the Democratic party has had enough of it. We want no more factional fights, and it will teach the party a lesson in harmony."

"Do you regard Lane's defeat in the Eighteenth Illinois District as being in anywise significant?"

"I don't know. I am always sorry to see a Democrat defeated. I would like to talk to you, but I've got to attend a meeting," and the Governor disappeared through an office door.

Capt. A. A. Lesueur, Secretary of State, felt very blue over the party's bad drubbing when seen at the Planters'. He could see sunshine under the clouds, however, and said that a lesson might be learned from the result.

"What effect will it have in 1896?"

"That it is too early to say. I am in hopes now that the bickerings and factional fights will end. We must get together for the fight next year and I believe we will win. It will take several days before accurate returns are in and then some time before the results can be analyzed."

State Auditor J. M. Seibert did not agree with Senator Vest. He said: "It certainly does a party no good to be defeated. I hope the party will get together now and move harmoniously on to victory in 1896."

Judge John M. Wood said: "There's a lesson in the returns. It's a little too early to summarize, but the defeat was certainly due to factional fights in the party ranks. In Mississippi, the only State where there was one issue and a united Democracy we carried the State by 50,000. The issue there was free silver. I have no doubt that a very great number of people in Kentucky favor free silver. The fact that Hardin declared himself on that side shows that he believed a majority of the people favored free silver. He was not running on a free silver platform and local issues entered somewhat into the causes of his defeat. In Missouri a large majority of the people are for free silver and so they are in a number of States. The result in Ohio might have been different had the party declared for free silver and it might not—certainly it would not have been worse."

Judge E. A. Noonan, ex-Mayor of St. Louis: "Tuesday's elections will not have very serious effects. It is to some extent a victory for the gold standard men. This does not apply to Kentucky, nor very seriously to the Maryland situation, as it took the shape of an anti-Gorman contest in that State. In Ohio and New York excellent Republican organization and Democratic disorganization explain the results. The Democratic party represents greater and higher issues than the currency question. These issues are especially considered by the voter and are not lost sight of in presidential elections. I believe it was fortunate for the Democracy that there was no election in Missouri yesterday, as the party here has suffered seriously by reason of intestinal strife. These matters will be rectified before the next presidential battle is on."

United States District Attorney Clopton: "The result of yesterday's elections means that the Democratic party has got to come together or it will suffer a disastrous defeat in the Presidential campaign. It admonishes us to no longer dispute about any one issue, and we must return to true Democracy as it has been understood since the organization of the party. We must stand together and not let side issues divide our forces."

James R. Gray, United States Commissioner: "The Republican landslide of Tuesday was caused by the Democrats monkeying with the currency question, but I believe we will recover all right and be ready to give our opponents a royal battle during the Presidential campaign next year. But the Democrats must put up a solid front from now on."

T. L. Crawford, Clerk United States Circuit Court: "I do not think the result is conclusive by any means. I believe the defeat was the result of hard times and panicky talk. The Democrats must now come to the front and not split up on any one issue. We have too many principles just now and this has weakened our forces in many States."

United States District Judge Adams: "I have no opinion to express, because I have had no time to give the subject any thought, but it was a pretty big landslide. Yet it may not have any future significance."

Judge Thayer, United States Circuit Court: "Yesterday's results make no difference, and will have no effect on the elections next year; at least I cannot discern why it should. It frequently happens in off years—those when no President is to be elected—that close States go Democratic or Republican when it would be the reverse during a presidential campaign. I think that the causes which affect elections are the causes which immediately precede the elections. If we have poor crops, hard times, and a financial depression next year it will be laid to the party in power, and that party will be seriously affected; and if times are good, the party in power will be benefited. There is another element that must be considered also. That is the element which likes to be on the winning side—men without any distinctive political principles. While there only a few such men in each community, when they are taken in the aggregate, their influence is felt when the contests are close. Still I do not attach any significance to the results of yesterday, and believe the effect will have no bearing in the presidential campaign."

Henry Little, Assistant Postmaster: "The returns show more of a disgust of the people with the Democratic party than an increase in Republican votes all over the country. The people had become thoroughly disgusted with the actions of the last Democratic Congress and took this opportunity to show their resentment. The men who were sent to Congress to execute the will of the people failed to do so and the people did not care to have a repetition of the past. The Republicans will soon be in the same boat and that party will be unable to control the actions of its representatives. Tuesday's results were only a demonstration of the tidal wave of majorities which sometimes happens and will have little or no effect on the Presidential campaign next year."

James L. Blair: "It is very hard to tell what it means with reference to the future. The Democracy seems to have been generally slaughtered everywhere, without reference to whether silver was an issue or not. It looks a little as if the people didn't want Democrats in office on any terms or in any place. New York City seems to be the only exception, and there the Tammany victory is due solely to the stupidity of the Good Government Club officers, who imagined that Tammany was done for. Local issues also cut a large figure there. The prevailing drouth in the middle States may have paralyzed the Democrats. In Kentucky especially Democrats don't tolerate anything dry. But this doesn't account for Maryland and New Jersey—there it has been wet and they did not get in out of the rain. It makes the prospects for '96 a trifle blue. It looks like a good time for some of the President's friends to be interviewed and say he could not under any circumstances accept a third term."

Paul Bakewell: "I do not regard it as affecting Mr. Cleveland's attitude at all. It emphasizes the fact that thinking people are down on flat money. I do not believe it means defeat for Democracy in 1896, provided a man like Mr. Cleveland, enjoying the confidence of the community as he does, or Mr. Cleveland himself, is nominated."

George D. Barnard: "I have been too busy to give the matter any thought and must beg to be excused from expressing any opinion."

President Booth of the Merchants' Exchange: "I think it a foregone conclusion that Tuesday's results means Democratic defeat in 1896. I think the free silver agitation was an important factor in the results."

Dr. J. D. Irwin, ex-Coroner: "I consider that Tuesday's results mean defeat for the Democratic party in 1896 unless the existing conditions are changed at once."

Fred F. Espenchied had not read the papers when the reporter questioned him as to what effect the result of Tuesday's election would have on the Democratic party next year, but had heard the results and said philosophically: "A good drubbing does a man good once in awhile, in that it shows him his faults. I don't look on Tuesday's results as a disaster. The Democratic party has the vitality to recover from the shock and show what it is made of before the the next National election. You can't down the Democratic party, and keep it down. I believe that all of the good in the Republican party is because of the Democratic party. I think the principles advocated by the Democratic party are those underlying all Republican forms of government, and as such are bound in the end to prevail. When the country gets out of its present dilemma it will be through the workings of the Democratic party. The country is now punishing the Democratic party, but it will find that its judgment was at fault. I look hopefully to Democratic success at the next National election. By that time the laws which the Democratic party have put on the statute books will have proven their value and shown what the party has done for the people. The Democratic party and leaders have sacrificed itself for principle, and sound principle is bound to win in the long run."

Excise Commissioner Nicholas M. Bell: "The result in Kentucky shows treachery on the part of the Administration. I suspect that the Cleveland-Carlisle people over there scratched the ticket. As to the future, I don't see what we can hope for until we settle our differences. We must stop this family quarrel over the currency. The matter of coinage is one of policy only, and not of principle. I don't see why a free silver Democrat can't vote for a gold standard Democrat when he's the party nominee, and vice versa. Until we set ourselves in that condition of mind we may expect to lose every election most everywhere. From this time forward my voice shall be for harmony on the currency and everything else."

Charles W. Barstow: "The effect will be that the Democratic party cannot run in 1896. In my opinion the result of the election will be the nomination and election of William McKinley."

Judge Geo. W. Lubke: "The effect will be wholesome; it will be the repudiation of free silver by the Democratic party in 1896."

Col. Leverett Bell: "In my opinion the result of the election will cause the Democratic party to forswear free silver at 16 to 1 and this being done, Democracy should again be victorious. The party is not slow to heed such lessons as that of Tuesday, and will take warning by the result in Kentucky and the Democratic district of Illinois, where the campaign was on the money question."

Marcus Bernheimer: "The business element of the Democratic party throughout the country has indicated that as between local party leaders and Mr. Cleveland's views it sides with Mr. Cleveland, and that until his ideas prevail as the tenets of the Democratic party the business men will not follow the party. The question, therefore is whether the business men or the other element will prevail as a result of the recent election. There should be a common ground, however, on which both can meet, and till they do meet Democratic success will be meagre. It is to be hoped that the effect will be to bring this about. Democracy can win under the banner of tariff reform and sound money, and in the meantime Republican excesses, following as usual such a victory, will make the road easier for Democracy's return to power."

Col. R. H. Kern: "I am so stunned that I hardly know what to say. I think the result due to apathy induced by undue precipitation of the money question into this contest by the Democratic party. Both extremes of the party have generated a feeling of disgust and indifference among the great mass of Democratic voters. I have never believed any occasion existed for the free silver men practically announcing that those differing from them should leave the party; nor any more that the position of Mr. Cleveland in practically saying there is no place in the councils of the nation for men differing from him on the financial question is at all right. I believe the majority of voters are still Democratic, but they will continue so only when the family is not engaged in such unseemly quarrels about finances as we have witnessed in the party the past year. I believe that adversity has its lessons, and that the leaders of the party will now pay some attention to cementing instead of widening its differences. If this is done and the country's prosperity continues, I believe we will be in position for a fair chance to win in the Presidential election."

Judge Henry L. Edmunds of the Criminal Court believes that the only possible way for the Democratic party to put up a strong and victorious fight in the next presidential election is for every Democrat to drop free silver and stand as one for gold. "I think that the late election will tend to strengthen rather than weaken the Democratic party in 1896, on one condition. That is that free silver is dropped, and I believe that by the next election the silver question will be dead. The late defeat of the Democrats was due to the monetary question. They have split up on it and a great many stanch Democrats voted the Republican ticket just to kill silver."

"Will Grover Cleveland run for a third term?"

The Judge smiled as he repeated the reporter's question and answered it in a very long sentence which translated to one word means "No."

"Cleveland does not stand the slightest show for the nomination and I think that he is the most unpopular man in the country to-day. There is only one thing that might restore him to the position he held in 1892, and that is war. If he declares war with some foreign country it might make himself popular, but this is entirely improbable."

Alonzo C. Church said: "My absence from the country for the past four months will preclude my giving an intelligent opinion. We need a little of this kind of medicine to get us together and enable us to fight in unison. We have had too many leaders and too many factions. I don't think the result of Tuesday's election will discourage any Democrat. I regard it as had a defeat as the party sustained last year and it shows the party is in better condition. The Democratic party has seen worse times than these and has won success and victory afterwards. All that is needed is just a little time for the people to right themselves, and the presidential term were six years instead of four a Democratic victory at the next national election would be absolutely sure. Majorities are constantly changing and show enormous Democratic gains one year and enormous Republican gains the next, and a wide difference of figures is shown at each succeeding election. I don't think this means Democratic defeat at the next election. The result will depend upon the issues before the people at that time and the stand taken by the parties then."

Frank M. Estes said: "The Democratic party has not recovered from last year's fight. By not recovering I mean they have separated on the issues and isms and have not yet got together. Next year when the presidency is an issue I believe that the factional strife and internecine war which has raged in the party ranks for the past eighteen months will cease, and party managers will agree upon a policy and line of action which will be so just and so fair, and the tendency of which will be so entirely for the public weal, that the people will give their indorsement at the polls. The Democratic party's triumphs have always been greatest and most complete at a time when the outlook for Democracy was darkest, and the victory always came at a time when the people most needed it. I think we will rise superior to our past misfortune and march on to a great victory in 1896."

Harry Hill said: "I think this disaster is the result of a breach in the ranks of Democracy growing out of the financial question, and that there will be no reconciliation. Because, history proves that financial issues are unlike all other political issues—irreconcilable. I believe that the Democratic party is hopelessly split on this great issue, and the feeling of bitterness between the two factions will be intensified by this awful lambasting, because it was accomplished by the aid of the treachery and infamy of the money element and the Cleveland administration amalgamated with the Republican party. The free silverites are as numerous and as fixed in their convictions as the stars and will never surrender to the banks, subsidized metropolitan press, usurers and shylocks of this country. They are in the majority in a majority of the States, and are going to have their way, let the result be what it may. Grover Cleveland and Carlisle, the two arch-traitors of the Democratic party, with their postmasters, their whisky gaugers, their hirelings, imps and spies combined locked arm in arm with the Republican party, have restored the negro power in the State of Kentucky and have broken the solid South. I must confess with two years of Democratic misrepresentation ahead of us I can see but little hope for the cause of the common people and Democracy."

Alex J. P. Garesche: "My impression derived from yesterday's election is that halfway measures will not win. The issue must squarely be gold or bimetallism. This must be the real—I had almost said the sole issue—in the next election, overruling all others in importance, even that of the tariff, which both parties assail, but neither desire for some years at least to seriously attack—the condition of the Treasury forbidding free trade. The Monroe Doctrine would be first, but the majority in its favor is too overwhelming to admit of a serious clash between Americans. But I venture to predict that if war with England did ensue the United States, with France and Russia as its allies, would come out triumphant; and that triumph would bring its inevitable consequence of bimetallism."

Of Interest to Cigar Smokers.

The smoker of cigars is as a rule as particular about the quality of the cigars he smokes as he is with regard to any other article of consumption, and while the greater percentage of smokers are naturally good judges of tobacco, many rely almost entirely upon the effect a cigar has upon the system. Frequently a smoker condemns a cigar because it leaves what is commonly termed a "bad taste" in the mouth. This fact is often due to the use of artificial aromas, compounded by chemists and used by some large Eastern manufacturers, and it may also be attributed to that condition of the smoker's system when nothing tastes good. While it is pretty generally known, it is also appreciated by users of the weed that right in St. Louis there is a cigar factory which turns out a high quality of goods, conceded by thousands to be the best obtainable. We have reference to the Schottmueller Exposition Cigar Factory, located at 618 and 620 North Eleventh street. The Exposition brands of cigars are sold in almost every city, town and hamlet in this Western country and those who appreciate a really good cigar have for years been friends of these popular and pure goods, known as "Belle of St. Louis," "Sonnette," "Big 4," Havana "Straight" and "Top of the Ozark," in 5-cent brands and "Exposition in 10- and 15-cent goods. Smokers find these cigars of a uniformly high quality and always reliable.

Leadville Savings Bank.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Nov. 7.—The deposits of the Leadville Savings and Deposit Bank, which made an assignment yesterday, amount to $95,000, including $70,000 county funds. It is believed the deposits can be paid in full when the assets are converted into cash.

BLACK THAT WILL NEVER FADE.

EASY TO DYE WITH THE FAST BLACK DIAMOND DYES.

Clothing of All Kinds Readily Made a Rich, Full Black—Three Special Fast Blacks, for Wool, for Silk and Feathers, for Cotton and Mixed Goods.

Until recently it was thought impossible to dye goods black without crocking and fading, but the three special Fast Black Diamond Dyes are easy to use and will make colors that never fade or wash out.

Mrs. Lou Chamberlain of St. Louis in a recent letter writes: "I have used the Fast Black Diamond Dyes with good success, dyeing a coat and vest for my husband that previously had been dyed at the dye house, but it had faded out. Two packages of the Black Diamond Dye gave a rich, full black and the coat and vest look to-day as good as new and have not faded the least bit, although they have been worn six months in sun and rain."

Mrs. A. E. Hartley, an Eastern woman, in telling of her first experience with Diamond Dyes, writes: "Being a novice in dyeing, I may safely say that the plain directions on the Diamond Dye packages will enable any intelligent person to use them with good results. I dyed a faded spring overcoat of my husband's with a package of Fast Black Diamond Dye, and it looks like new. The dyer would have charged me $2.50, but I did it for ten cents and got a perfectly satisfactory color."

Be sure that you get Diamond Dyes when you want to dye suits, gowns, cloaks, ribbons, stockings, shawls, etc., and then you will have colors that are amazing and true to name.

Nugents REMNANT DAY To-Morrow, Friday.

Remnants, Broken Sizes and Odd Lots all over the house will be marked down to such ridiculous prices as will make you buy them on sight.

A Mountain of

Remnants of Silks

Made by the Wonderful Business of the past week in those

Auction Silks

Will Be Slaughtered Friday.

$1.00 quality All-Silk Colored Moires at ..... 35¢
75c quality All-Silk Fancy Colored Crepes at ..... 37¢
80c quality Changeable Colored Satin Brocades at ..... 41¢
$1.00 quality Fancy Taffeta Remnants at ..... 53¢
$1.25 quality Fancy Changeable Brocaded Taffetas at ..... 62¢
$1.50 quality Black Surahs go at ..... 65¢
$1.25 quality Silk Taffeta Braids at ..... 68¢
$1.50 quality Black Satin Duchesse at ..... 74¢
$1.65 quality Black Peau de Soles at ..... 79¢

Dress Goods.

Remnants and Dress Lengths of Dress Goods will be sold Friday very cheap. In addition, here are two Great Job Lots at Ridiculous Prices:

40 pieces of All Pure Wool Wide Wale Cheviots, double width, all colors, including blacks, regular 40c quality, at ..... 19¢
All Pure Wool Double Warp French Colored Serges, 46 inches wide, worth in the regular way 50c yard, will go Friday at ..... 28¢

Ribbon Department.

No. 16 All-Silk Gros Grain Ribbon, with satin edge, colors cardinal, mousse and orange, worth 13c yard, at ..... 5¢
No. 2 Gros Grain, with satin edge, black only, in 10-yard pieces, regularly sold at 40c per piece, reduced Friday to, per piece, ... 10¢
3¾-inch wide Chameleon, with fancy edge, beautiful goods, actual value 30c per yard, go at ..... 15¢

Ladies' Neckwear

At Half Price.

Silk Chemisettes in all colors, price was 87c, Friday cut in half ..... 44¢
Ladies' Lace Collars, trimmed with ribbons, all colors, price was 93c each, Friday cut in half ..... 47¢
Chiffon Yokes, all colors, trimmed with lace insertion, they were $2.98 each, Friday cut in half $1.49

Odd Lots of

Lace Bed Sets

At the Lowest Prices You Ever Heard Of.

Nottingham Lace Bed Sets and Shams to match, worth $1.25 set, at ..... 48¢
Nottingham Lace Bed Spreads and Shams to match, worth $2.00 set, at $1.00
Nottingham Lace Bed Sets and Shams to match, the regular $2.75 quality, will go at $1.75
Fine Nottingham Bed Sets, the regular $3.50 quality, go Friday at $2.25

Ladies' House Gowns.

A Great Job that the maker takes the loss on.

100 dozen Fine Printed Flannelette Wrappers, handsome patterns, cut full, wide shoulder ruffle and big sleeves, sizes 32 to 46 bust, good value at $1.25; this lot Friday at ..... 79¢

Every Lady who gets one of these gets a Bargain.

Handkerchiefs

At Actual Reductions That Will Make a Buyer of Every Customer.

We will sell Men's Printed Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 10c quality, for ..... 5¢
We will sell Ladies' Scalloped Embroidered Handkerchiefs, all pure linen, 25c quality, at ..... 15¢

A Blanket Special.

75 pairs Scarlet Wool Blankets, large sizes, $2.00 quality, every pair perfect; we shall close this lot out Friday at $1.12½

Comfortables Cheap.

5 bales good heavy well-made Comforts, robe calico covered and Turkey red lined, good cotton filling, worth $1.25 anywhere, at ..... 79¢

B. NUGENT & BRO.,

Broadway and Washington Avenue.

Odd Lots of

Celluloid Novelties, Fancy Goods, Silverware Novelties, Parlor Lamps, Clocks, Lap Tablets, Frames, Fancy Baskets, Etc., Etc., Etc.,

At.... **Half Price.**

This will be a great opportunity to buy these goods at half their regular value, and the lucky ones who are here first will go away happy.

A Great Jacket Bargain.

Lot Ladies' Splendid Rough Boucle Box Coats, full winter weight, very wide fronts, 4 large buttons, melon sleeves, ripple back, fronts silk lined, a genuine $7.50 Jacket, all sizes, on Friday at $4.95

Ladies' Hosiery.

Ladies' Egyptian Cotton hose, worth 15c pair ..... 5¢
Ladies' imported fast black, fleece-lined Cotton Hose, full regular made, with double heels and toes, generally sold at 25c.. 15¢
Ladies' fast black all-wool seamless Hose, with 1x1 ribbed perfection tops, worth 25c pair ..... 15¢

Children's Hose.

Children's Ribbed Cotton Hose, worth 10c pair ..... 5¢
Children's ribbed fast black seamless Cotton Hose, worth 15c pair ..... 7½¢
Children's ribbed seamless Wool Hose, worth 25c pair, only broken sizes left, will go at ..... 12½¢

Men's Socks.

Men's Imported full regular made Cotton Socks, in broken sizes, worth 15c pair ..... 5¢
Men's fine fast black seamless Cotton Socks, worth 15c pair ..... 7½¢
Men's seamless Merino Socks, in tan colors, worth 20c pair ..... 10¢

SELECTING A RECEIVER.

Inspector Gray Insisted on Doing It for the Western B. & L. A.

AND MR. JOURDAN OBJECTED.

A Clash of Authority Between Representatives of the Attorney-General and the State Treasurer.

There is a clash of authority between the representatives of the Attorney General and the State Treasurer which may be fought out in Judge Flitcraft's court.

The affairs of the Western Building and Loan Association caused all the trouble and one of the parties interested gives the facts in this wise:

On Modnay, Oct. 28, the directors of the Western Building and Loan Association made an assignment. On Monday, Nov. 3, the State Treasurer, through the Attorney General, applied for a receiver. On Tuesday, Nov. 4, the State Treasurer, through his assistant, H. L. Gray, deputy inspector of building and loan associations, had Judge Flitcraft dismiss the receivership proceedings.

The cause of this last act is that Mr. Gray was not accorded by Assistant Attorney General Morton Jourdan the privilege of having J. Hamilton Farish named receiver of the association. On this point there have been several animated debates between Mr. Jourdan and Mr. Gray and there may be others.

On Thursday, Oct. 24, the directors of the Western B. and L. Association got into a snarl about Mr. E. H. Sawyer's stock, and the next day they asked Examiner Sharp to wire his chief, Mr. Gray, who was at Warrensburg, to sanction the appointment of a receiver. Mr. Gray was cognizant of the association's condition and he ordered Sharp to have the petition for a receiver sent to Jefferson City to be signed by Treasurer Lon V. Stevens, ex-Officio Supervisor of Building Associations.

Attorney Alexander Garesche, Jr., fetched Jefferson City with the petition Saturday, Oct. 26, and had it approved by Treasurer Stevens and Atty.-Gen. R. F. Walker. Mr. Stevens signed it and it was understood that Asst. Atty.-Gen. Jourdan would file it in the St. Louis Circuit Court Monday, Oct. 28, as soon as Deputy Supervisor Gray made the necessary oath attesting the correctness of the averments contained in the petition.

The story goes that when, on Oct. 28, Mr. Jourdan and Mr. Garesche saw Mr. Gray in his official apartments at the Planters' Hotel the deputy supervisor declined to sign the affidavit appended to the petition unless Mr. Jourdan consented to suggest to the court the name of J. Hamilton Farish of Storm & Farish for receiver. Mr. Jourdan got warm under the collar and declared that he would not be dictated to by Mr. Gray and he would not interfere with the prerogative of the court to appoint whoever it saw fit.

This dispute put to rest the plans for a receivership, and later on, the same day, Charles H. Sawyer sued to enjoin the directors of the building and loan association from selling out his stock and the directors in turn made an assignment of the concern's effects to the St. Louis Trust Co.

Things remained in statu quo until last Monday, Nov. 3, Mr. Jourdan and Mr. Gray met. The Deputy Supervisor is said to have declared that the Western Building and Loan Association needed a receiver, but he would not sign the affidavit attached to the petition for one unless Mr. Jourdan signed a contract binding himself to suggest Mr. Farish as receiver. Mr. Jourdan declined to make [illegible] contract, but he took quick [illegible] Mr. Gray's admission that [illegible] needed. He made affidavit [illegible] according to his informat[illegible] a state-

ments made by Mr. Gray, the allegations in the petitions were true.

Mr. Jourdan filed the petition and affidavit last Monday, and Judge Flitcraft to whom the case was assigned, made an order returnable next Tuesday, requiring the directors of the Western Building and Loan Association to show cause, if any, why a receiver should not be appointed.

Mr. Jourdan patted himself on the back for his triumph over Mr. Gray and he hurried away to Carrollton to take part in a case. He counted without his host, for the next day, Tuesday of this week, Mr. Gray walked into court-room No. 2 and asked Judge Flitcraft to dismiss the receivership suit filed by Mr. Jourdan. Mr. Gray said something about such a proceeding not being legal, in view of the assignment, and Judge Flitcraft, recognizing Mr. Gray's authority, directed the dismissal order to be entered.

It is believed that Mr. Jourdan will make a fight on the asserted right of Mr. Gray to dismiss a suit of this kind. Mr. Jourdan holds that the Attorney-General's office is superior to the State Treasurer's office in matters relating to building association receiverships already instituted. Mr. Gray on the contrary contends that he has authority over the Attorney-General. The section of the law referring to building association receiverships says:

"Such proceedings shall be conducted by the Attorney-General of the State of Missouri as plaintiff at the relation of said supervisor."

Mr. Farish is said to be a friend of Mr. L. C. Nelson, President of the St. Louis National Bank, who is a brother-in-law of Treasurer Stephens and is on the latter's official bond.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Fair Will Case Not Settled.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 7.—The attorneys engaged in the Fair will contest deny that there is any foundation for the statement made in a local paper that the contest has been compromised. Herman Oelrichs, Charles L. Fair and W. S. Goodfellow, the latter a trustee under the will of the late Senator Fair, each pronounces the report of a compromise absolutely untrue. The attorneys say that the time for a compromise has passed, and that neither side would now accept even if it were offered.

Fast Limited Train, St. Louis to Texas.

The St. Louis and San Francisco Railway, in connection with the Gulf, Colorado and Sante Fe Railway (Sante Fe system), now run a fast Limited Solid Vestibule Express train daily between St. Louis Union Station and Galveston, Tex. (leave 9 p. m.), via Fort Smith, Paris, Dallas and Cleburne, making the run through in thirty-six hours.

This is the most desirable and pleasant route to and from Texas.

For particulars, with maps, time-tables, etc., call upon or address nearest Ticket Agent, or D. Wishart, General Passenger Agent, St. L. & S. F. Ry., St. Louis, Mo.

HIGHWAYMEN FOILED.—Three young highwaymen attempted to snatch an unknown lady's pocketbook Wednesday evening as she was passing May's drug store at 3241 Lucas avenue. The woman screamed for help, and the would-be robbers fe-

MEN of all AGES

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

Four out of five who suffer nervousness, mental worry, attacks of "the blues," are but paying the penalty of early excesses. Victims, reclaim your manhood, regain your vigor. Don't despair. Send for book with explanation and proofs. Mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Please Pay particular attention to these few lines—they may interest you. Pond's Extract is so universal a remedy that you know of it and its uses well, but so many crude imitations are on the market, that a warning against the use of anything but the genuine Pond's Extract is necessary. Pond's Extract is absolutely pure, antiseptic and anodyne, and may be used with safety and efficacy, externally or internally. Accept nothing but the genuine with buff wrapper

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CIRCULATION
OF THE
Sunday Post-Dispatch.

A Sworn Statement of Circulation.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
Personally appeared before me, a Notary Public in and for the City of St. Louis, Mo., G. W. Jones, Business Manager of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, who deposes and says that the regular editions of the Sunday Post-Dispatch the four previous Sundays, after deducting all spoiled and left-over copies, was as follows:

October 13	85,254
October 20	85,327
October 27	85,599
November 3	85,638
Total	341,818
Average per Sunday	85,454

G. W. JONES, Business Manager.

Sworn to and subscribed before me the 4th day of November, 1895.
(Seal.) HARRY M. DUHRING,
Notary Public, City of St. Louis, Mo.
My term expires Oct. 17, 1899.

☞Circulation Books Always open to Advertisers and an examination earnestly invited.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Marie Tavary Grand Opera Company.
GRAND—Gladys Wallis.
HAVLIN'S—"Rush City."
STANDARD—New York Stars.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.
STANDARD—New York Stars.

THE ADMINISTRATION VICTORY IN KENTUCKY.

It is a mistake to classify the result in Kentucky as a Republican victory. No one who is well informed regarding political conditions doubts that there is still a safe majority of Democrats in Kentucky. If the recent contest had been a fair and square one between Democrats and Republicans, it is certain that the Republicans would have been beaten by the usual majority.

Whose victory was it then? It was the victory of the Cleveland Administration over the Democratic party. If the Administration has kept its whisky gaugers, postmasters and other Federal officers away from the Louisville Convention, there would have been no break in the harmony of the party. After the convention, if the Administration and Secretary Carlisle had kept their hands off, a united party would still have won victory in spite of the turmoil of the convention.

Two months ago the Post-Dispatch predicted that if the Cleveland Democrats could not rule the party in Kentucky, they would do their best to ruin it. That prediction has been fulfilled. They could not rule the party because the robust independence of Blackburn and Hardin prevented them. Hence, they adopted the other alternative. In alliance with the Republicans they defeated the Democratic ticket and won an Administration victory.

THE MARLBOROUGH-VANDERBILT SHOW

The theatrical event of the New York season passed off without a jar yesterday at St. Thomas' Church.

Although one of the stars failed to attend rehearsals, yet the support was so excellent and thoroughly drilled and the preparations were so perfect that he was carried through the performance without a slip from beginning to end. The parts of bishops, rectors, parents, bride and attendants were admirably filled, showing in the perfection of the details of the performance the effect of careful training and admirable stage management.

It would be difficult to say too much in praise of the exquisite setting and scenic accessories. The spectacular features of the event were superb and in detail and ensemble have never been surpassed in this country. The costumes were charming. The audience represented the wealth and fashion of the city.

Altogether, the Marlborough-Vanderbilt show was an artistic, social and financial success, and the management have cause to feel proud of their achievement.

CHICAGO'S ELECTION BENEFIT.

Tuesday's elections conferred a lasting benefit on the City of Chicago in the adoption of the Torrens land title bill. The vote in its favor was almost unanimous.

The Torrens system is another Australian reform, the practical value of which has been thoroughly demonstrated. Its purpose is to establish official titles to land in the form of certificates from the office of the Recorder of Deeds, and thus do away with the costly, bungling and unsatisfactory method of proving titles by private examinations.

Under this system the Recorder's office is not a mere depository of records of realty transfers. It is charged with the function of issuing a certificate of title which is conclusive evidence of ownership and which is as valid in realty transactions as a certificate of stock in stock transactions. Instead of having merely a deed from its last owner and a certificate of examination from a corporation or a title examiner, the purchaser of realty will have a certificate of title from the Recorder.

The advantage of this system over the present system or lack of system is manifest. It simplifies and cheapens real estate transactions. It does away with costly litigation and with the trouble and expense now attending the buying and selling and mortgaging of real estate.

Efforts have been made to introduce this reform in this State, but they have languished. In Chicago the real estate agents took the matter in hand and have triumphed. Chicago's work of reform should be duplicated in St. Louis.

The tide of the Post-Dispatch circulation continues to rise steadily. The average net circulation for the week ending November 3 was 81,681 copies per day, as compared with 79,394 copies per day for the week previous. This shows an increase of 2,287 copies per day in one week.

THE ONLY OBSTACLE.

Secretary of State Lesueur and Auditor Seibert show that they have been engaged in what was no doubt an honest and patriotic attempt to bring about "harmony" among the Democrats of Missouri in respect of the State Committee. This means that they have been trying to devise some scheme by which the small minority of the party which controlled the old State Committee and used the committee as a part of its political assets can be persuaded to acquiesce in the expressed will of the majority of the party.

The obstinate determination of this small minority faction to rule or ruin has been from the beginning and is now the only obstacle in the way of "harmony." There would have been no disturbance of party harmony had the leaders of this faction been willing to accept as binding the manifest will of the majority. Any lack of harmony that now exists would vanish in one day if they would cease setting up their will against the will of the party.

Here in Missouri, as elsewhere, the cant about "harmony" is in the main deceitful and misleading. Gorman preaches harmony to Maryland Democrats as long as harmony means the glory and advantage of Gorman. Now that he has met with personal disaster, he no longer talks harmony, but announces that his knife is out for the Democrats who refuse to follow him as boss. So with Brice in Ohio. So with Hill in New York. So with Carlisle in Kentucky. The bosses' rule must be accepted or there will be no harmony. The only harmony they want is acquiescence in their control of the party for their own benefit.

The Post-Dispatch's view of the way to secure "harmony" is for the bosses, the factionists and the minority to yield to the will of the majority. The essential, fundamental, controlling principle of Democracy is that the majority shall rule. Under democratic institutions, when there is a difference of opinion on a political or public question, the appeal is to numbers. When the majority has clearly shown that it is the majority, the minority must yield, or democracy as a method of government is a failure.

No one doubts that the Pertle Springs Convention expressed the will and wishes of a large majority of Missouri Democrats. And the sole obstacle to party harmony in Missouri to-day is the refusal of a few to bow to the will of the majority thus manifested.

THE CITY HALL MESS.

It must be admitted that there is good ground for Councilman Heckel's proposition to create a responsible commission and a special inspector for the City Hall building.

The revelations so far made and the testimony brought out by the investigation tend to destroy public confidence in the present management of the building. The responsibility appears to have been unplaced to the present time. The City Hall Commission claims to have merely perfunctory duties and has shifted all responsibility to the Board of Public Improvements, which did not seem to know it had any responsibility until informed of the fact by the City Counselor. The architect's duties have not yet been disclosed by an examination of the work.

President McMath in his testimony frankly admits that he assumed the task of supervising the building without examining the work already done and without knowing that the Board had any duty to perform except to let contracts. All of his knowledge of the condition of the work came from the reports of others.

But the question naturally presents itself, why if a special commission and inspector be appointed should salaries be paid those upon whose competency and fidelity these appointments reflect? If an inspector is to be employed to do Architect Mann's work, why should Mr. Mann receive $100,000? Can the city afford to pay two big salaries for one job?

A PUGILIST ON PUGILISM.

Pugilist Corbett has reached two good conclusions. He announces that he has fought his last ring fight and asserts that the day of public prize fighting is over.

As far as Mr. Corbett's own plans are concerned, he is to be congratulated upon getting out of the mire of the prize ring, although his wallowing in it has proved most profitable. As a theatrical star Mr. Corbett's butchery of art may be in a sense immoral, but it will be eminently elevating and respectable by contrast with the occupation of hammering a fellow-man into insensibility for a purse and for the delectation of a throng of brutalized spectators.

As to the decline of public prize fighting, there can be no doubt. Public sentiment is thoroughly crystallized in opposition to the carnival of slugging. It is taking the form of stringent prohibitive laws with the uncompromising support of public opinion. A Legislature that would refuse to pass severe anti-prize fight laws or authorities who would refuse or fail to enforce them would be subjected to general condemnation. That has been clearly demonstrated.

With the abolition of public prize fighting, with its great rewards, interest will gradually die out and the private mill will become less frequent. But the art of boxing will gain rather than lose by the suppression of the brutal side of it.

The Republic says the Post-Dispatch has not the courage to print the figures from its record of unsold papers. Under the Post-Dispatch methods there is a complete record of all unsold papers, and these are shown on its books, which are open to the inspection of advertisers, whereas the Republic, by making a cut price to dealers, bribes them to hold the bag and keep back all unsold Republics. Furthermore, it forces the dealer to do so, under penalty of putting up the price on all papers sent him.

There will be anti-railroad legislation when women get into the Illinois Legislature. The railroads have refused to allow the wives of members of the Chicago Democratic Marching Club the same reduced fare to Atlanta that has been agreed upon for the club members, and so the ladies will remain at home. The worst of it is, it is hinted that some of the clubmen are not indignant, however their wives may feel.

In spite of Tuesday's figures, there is no reason to believe that the Democrats under Cleveland's leadership could carry Mississippi. The victory there was due to the fact that the Democrats nominated stalwart Democrats on a sturdy Democratic platform.

The odd fact that the orator in the State of New York who most persistently urged throughout the campaign that every voter should register did not register himself is sufficiently amusing. There is always something peculiar in New York politics.

Maj. Hartwig said a good thing when he remarked: "If Hartwig should be Governor of Missouri, Filley would not be Deputy Governor." It will be a dismal day, indeed, when Filley governs Missouri either as Governor or Deputy.

Following John Sherman comes Mr. Blaine's sister-in-law with a book, in which the story of Benjamin Harrison and the Secretary of State is told. It will not take many more pens to thoroughly puncture the ex-President's tire.

The President made his Thanksgiving proclamation more of a grand, sweet song than could have been expected on the eve of a disaster with the production of which the Administration had so much to do.

The second great political slump does not affect the enormous and substantial circulation of the Post-Dispatch, except to increase it. The people of all parties read the Post-Dispatch every day.

The feeling of Caesar when he turned and cried "And thou, Brutus!" was nothing to that of the cis-Kentucky Democrat when he read that Bradley had been elected in the Bluegrass State.

When ladies not only carry their pocket-books in sight while on the street, but lay them on all the store counters, how do they suppose their property can be protected?

The Sprinkling Inspector on a bicycle has all the enthusiasm of the bicycle rider to add to his zeal as an inspector. The combination naturally proves a good one.

It is to be hoped that Mr. Campbell, despite the unhappy results of his union with Calvin Brice, still adheres to his stiff foregin policy.

Now that the elections are over, both parties should proceed to make arrangements for holding the National Conventions in St. Louis.

There doesn't seem to be anything in the elections for the Allison boom, and Cullom will have to remain simply "a human being."

Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Carnegie would both like to have it appear that there are no blow-holes in their philanthropy.

Gorman fought hard in Maryland. He spoke everywhere and shook hands with everybody, but he could not shake off his record.

Senator Sherman's attack on Garfield, Sr., has not injured Garfield, Jr., who goes to the Ohio Senate by a large plurality.

Perhaps we ought to be thankful that the Merchants' Bridge Co. does not turn in and tear down the city buildings.

If an Eastern man shows his head as a candidate in the Democratic National Convention he will be hit hard.

The Duke and Duchess walked a muddy road on Tuesday. May the incident prove no ill omen.

Democratic majorities were shaved in Kentucky and John G. Carlisle was the barber.

The bloomer, merely because it has got into a restaurant, is by no means in the soup.

The earthquakes have come uncomfortably close together this autumn.

Gov. McKinley will from now on wear his most Napoleonic aspect.

Democrats will not follow leaders in yellow breeches.

Brice and Gibson can very well be spared, but the people need Blackburn.

Let Her Have 'Em.

From the Holden (Mo.) Times.

St. Louis will make an effort to secure one or both the National Conventions next year. For convenience, hospitality and every other thing to be desired St. Louis would lead any other city in the United States. The convention should be held in a city located where it can be easily reached from all States. St. Louis is located almost centrally and is much easier to reach than any other city in the United States. Why, certainly, we are decidedly in favor of good old St. Louis having both conventions, and the Populists, too, if they have one. She deserves them, and if she gets them will give accommodations never before equaled by any other city. Let St. Louis have them, is our cry.

A Motherly Snake.

From the Russell (Ky.) Tribune.

Squire John Holeman of New Liberty, Owen County, says he found the other day that a black snake on his place had hatched out twelve young ones and when he made the discovery the mother was caring for the brood with [illegible]. He says the snake would [illegible] the chickens [illegible]

WELL-KNOWN ST. LOUISAN.

Isaac Schwab.

Isaac Schwab, founder and president of the Schwab Clothing Co., was born in Germany in 1840. He came to this country while a boy. He entered the clothing business at Memphis in 1861 and in 1879 came to St. Louis. Mr. Schwab is a quiet man, devoted to his family and business. Like many of his race, he is an ardent but unostentatious philanthropist.

MEN OF MARK.

Mr. J. M. Barrie has sold his play, "Walker, London," with all rights, to Mr. Toole for $1,250.

Baron Hirsch has sold his 140,000-acre hunting estate at St. Johann, in Bohemia, to Prince Frederick Charles of Hohenlohe.

William Adkinson of Harrisburg, Ky., who is 81 years of age, is an enthusiastic wheelman and may enter the old men's race next spring to compete for the $100 diamond.

A statue of Ole Bull, the famous violinist, is to be erected at Bergen, Norway, his native town. The sum of $15,000 has been subscribed for this purpose, part of which was raised in this country.

President Diaz of Mexico is a man of tremendous energy. At 65 he possesses the bodily and mental activity of a man twenty years younger. He attributes his health to the fact that he has been a great eater and a good sleeper.

Keir Hardie said recently he was "perfectly astounded" during his trip through the West by the natural wealth of the country. He had always thought England a great country until he came here, but now he is convinced that Great Britain is none too large for a watch charm for Uncle Sam.

WOMEN OF NOTE.

Sarah Bernhardt is to begin her first tour of Germany next fall at the expiration of her American engagement.

Mary Queen of Scots, was tall, slender and very graceful. She had tiny, beautifully shaped hands and feet and had her gowns made short to show her greatest beauty.

Mrs. White has invented a pocket gas stove. It can be folded up until it is no larger than an octavo summer novel. When expanded it is about 6x8x8 inches, sits on a gas jet and gives enough heat to cook a steak or heat a bedroom in five minutes.

Ouida, according to a correspondent of Woman, leads a most retired life in the neighborhood of Vallebuia, Italy. She never receives now, but is occasionally to be seen walking about the lanes, escorted by her six dogs, of whom she is passionately fond.

An epileptic young woman, whose case is reported in the "Lancet," seems to have broken the record for fits. She had 3,305 distinct fits in twenty-one days, an average of 152 a day, and one day had 330 of them. She was cured with chloral hydrate and bromide of potassium.

Lord Knutsford, who was recently promoted to the rank of Viscount, is married to the favorite niece of the great Lord Macaulay. It was to his "Dearest Babba," as he called her, that Lord Macaulay addressed his "Lays of Ancient Rome," which he composed for her special entertainment and instruction.

STRICTLY FUNNY.

Pat: "Phwat does they use grapeshot for?" Mike: "Sure, it's to give the inemy appendicitis."—Puck.

Justice: "What were you doing in Col. Pullet's chicken coop?" Uncle Mose: "Fo' de Lawd, Judge, I was jes takin' de census."—Harlem Life.

The question is asked us if there is anything that will bring youth to woman. Yes, indeed; an income of, say £2,000 a year will bring any number of them.—Tit-Bits.

"Yes, sir," said the promoter, "the railroad is assured. The company has been formed, the stock subscribed, and the receiver appointed. Oh, we are hustlers."—Detroit Tribune.

Visitor: "Yes, it's a very pleasant flat. But aren't the rooms just a trifle small?" Mr. Flat Dweller: "So you notice it, too, do you? Well, they were all right till last week, but the walls were painted on Monday."—Somerville Journal.

A Powerful Sermon.—Patrick: "Pwhy didn't ye go to church, sure?" Bridget: "Oi had other things to do." Patrick: "If yes had gone and heard thot sermon on 'Absenteeism' ye would have been ashamed of y'self fur not bein' there."—New York Weekly.

Incorrigible.

From Ally Sloper.

Bella: "Uncle Slimick, I don't believe you give us women credit for anything but vanity. What do you say about the Spartan woman, who used to urge their husbands forth to battle?" Uncle Slimick: "Well, I should say they knew they looked [illegible]

THE MORAL OF THE ELECTION.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The moral of the election is "The Administration is a failure." We took the country in prosperity and have kept it ever try in prosperity and have kept it ever since in panic and disaster. The Administration was shipwrecked on the financial question.

The double standard has been in every country from the beginning a pendulum, sometimes swinging in one direction, sometimes the other. It has been the task of statesmanship to preserve the equilibrium. The moneyed men and the moneyed institutions having their center in Wall street, have, since we were born, been trying to raid the Treasury at Washington, force an issue of bonds and raise the value of a gold dollar. This was natural and to be expected. Within my recollection they tried it upon Charlie Foster and he checkmated them. They tried it upon Daniel Manning, himself an old banker and wise in the ways of Wall street, and he checkmated them. When Cleveland erected a Cabinet without a financier and put a Kentucky lawyer in the Treasury, they raided it again and finding it undefended, took possession and carried the pendulum away with them.

If the moneyed interests of the country had been less recklessly selfish the present disparity between gold and silver would not exist. If the Administration had been competent their greed would have returned as it had returned many times before, empty handed. The trouble was that no one loyally defended bimetallism as they have successfully done elsewhere, or if the intent was there the brains were lacking.

The present situation on the money question is factitious. It is the result of manipulation. The men composing the syndicate that kept gold in the country could send it abroad, and did send it abroad, and kept sending it abroad until the people in Washington crawled to their feet and paid them $3,000,000 to keep it here for three months, and thereupon the syndicate kept it here. That $3,000,000 is a tax the people paid for the incompetency of the Cleveland Cabinet. It "stuck in the craw" of the common voter and he shifted his ballot.

And there is another thing, I am not an anti-corporation man. I have too much sense to be one. The country could not do without corporations, nor the men who run them; but their powers are as tremendous for evil as they are for good. There are wise, just and moderate laws on the statute book to regulate their evil tendencies, and they have not been enforced. Hence you have plutocrats and anarchists, and strikes aided by force and cowed only by the Federal army. The people have not liked to see the "Trusts" flourish in the path of the Attorney General and clog the feet of Cleveland in his daily walk. The courts have never refused, when appealed to, to dissolve them, and they would have faded like frost-work on the pane before the breath of the Attorney General. He has been silent and his Master has been silent.

In the case of another man the people would have said that he was either cowardly or corrupt and that would be a just sentence to pass upon Cleveland. But, while he permitted corporations to violate the law, he has given them the United States Army as a constabulary to shoot, wound and kill the laboring man when he also violates the law. Those who detested the crime and disorder at Chicago cannot overlook either the lawless example on the other side. In other words, he has made the congressional anti-trust law a "reed, shaken by the wind" at one end, and at the other a two-edged sword, clothed with lightnings and backed by the Federal army.

No wonder the voice of Chauncey Depew has been ringing through the country for the last sixty days aligning all the corporation forces of the country to Cleveland's support. With Cleveland as the Democratic nominee and the "regular label corporation and trust" article on the other side, it would be "Heads I win, tails you lose" for Depew, and the crowd of thrifty cormorants who are engaged in squatting on the earth and farming it out in small lots at rack rents to the real owners thereof. Any butcher could have sent the troops to Chicago. A statesman would have so ordered that there would have been no need to send them there.

The way to abolish strikes in this country and put the Anarchist to sawing wood for a living is to enforce all of its laws against rich and poor, citizen and corporation with an equal hand. The capacity of our people to do this will determine the length of life of the republic. It is the greatest question in the higher politics of the American Union to-day. Solve it and we will be a happy people. Follow Cleveland's example and you will have the Federal standing army increasing year by year, the State militias becoming regular armies, the Anarchist preaching disorder to packed and cheering houses and the man or horseback riding swiftly forward through the shadows. On this question Mr. Cleveland has been a traitor, not only to the party, but to the people, and the common voter knows it and has shifted his ballot. JOHN M. GLOVER.

St. Louis, Nov. 6, 1895.

Lovers' Lane, St. Joe.

From the St. Joseph (Mo.) Herald.

It was here that the first of Eugene Field's real work began to be manifest. He immortalized St. Joseph in the touching lines, written in a lonely room in the heart of overcrowded London, on "Lovers' Lane, St. Joe." A copy of the little ballad is here presented. The heart of the sweet singer finds yearning expression in every line of it, and the spot he immortalized seems to have the witchery of his spell about it ever since, for it is still "Lovers' Lane."

St. Joe, Buchanan county,
Is leagues and leagues away,
And I sit in the gloom of this rented room,
And pine to be there to-day;
Yes, with London fog about me,
And the bustling to and fro,
I am fretting to be across the sea,
In Lovers' Lane, St. Joe.

I would have a brown-eyed maiden
Go driving once again,
And I'd sing the song, as we snailed along,
That I sung to that maiden then;
I purposely say "as we snailed along,"
For a proper horse to go slow
In those leafy aisles (where Cupid smiles)
In Lovers' Lane, St. Joe.

From her boudoir in the alders
Would peep a lynx-eyed thrush,
And we'd hear her say in a furtive way
To the noisy cricket, "Hush!"
To think that the curious creature
Should crane her neck to know
The various things one says and sings
In Lovers' Lane, St. Joe.

But the maples they should shield us
From the gossips of the place;
Nor should the sun (except by pun)
Profane the maiden's face;
And the girl should do the driving,
For a fellow can't, you know,
Unless he's neglectful of what's quite respectful
In Lovers' Lane, St. Joe.

Ah, sweet the hours of springtime,
When the heart inclines to woo,
And it's deemed all right for the callow wight
To do what he has to do;
But cruel the age of winter,
When the voice of the world says "no"
To the heart's desire as we would woo again
In Lovers' Lane, St. Joe.

In the Union Bank of London
Are forty pounds or more
Which I'm like to spend (ere the month shall end)
In an antiquarian store;
But I'd give it all and gladly,
Yes, every last red sou,
If I could be there to-day (with a fervent prayer)
In Lovers' Lane, St. Joe.

WOMEN AT HOME

Marshmallow Candy.

A name and imitation; made like gumdrops, of two pounds each of gum arabic, fine sugar, water and glucose, the gum pulverized and dissolved in the water; glucose and sugar added and boiled on a slow fire; three whites to every pound, beaten light and mixed in, and the whole beaten for half an hour; forced through a tube into starch moulds. Cut from the nozzle of the forcer with a knife.

To Garnish a Dish.

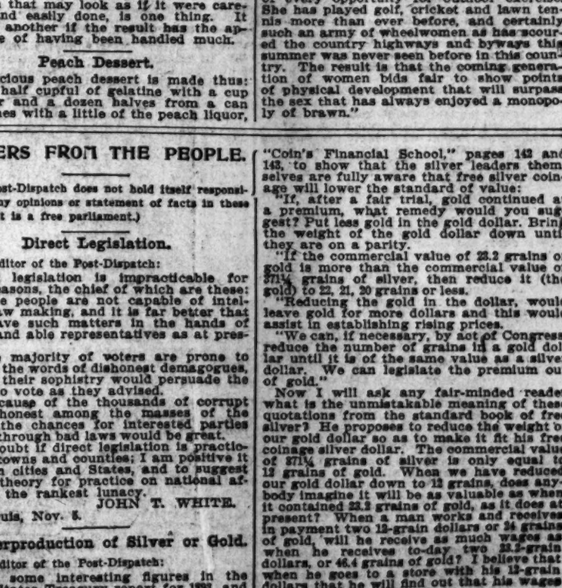
The garnishing of a dish has a good deal to do with its appetising appearance, but there is one hint it would be well for all cooks to bear in mind—no dish should look as if it had been fingered. The idea is repugnant to a nice taste, and takes away more than any added prettiness can compensate, for what can be put to the dish in question that may look as if it were carelessly and easily done, is one thing. It is quite another if the result has the appearance of having been handled much.

Peach Dessert.

A delicious peach dessert is made thus: Soak a half cupful of gelatine with a cup of sugar and a dozen halves from a can of peaches with a little of the peach liquor, for one hour. If fresh peaches are at hand use large and juicy ones and cook them tender in water with a little sugar. At end of the hour pour on a cup of boiling water, and pass the whole mass through a strainer, and stir over the fire till the gelatine completely disappears. Cool and when ready to thicken whip a cup of cream light, add a pinch of salt and stir lightly a spoonful at a time into the peach mixture. Turn into a mould wet in cold water and set in a cool place to harden.

Woman Man's Physical Superior.

According to one writer, men will have to "watch out" if they do not mean to grow physically inferior to women. He says: "It is probable that no year ever witnessed such a general tendency on the part of women to avail themselves of every opportunity for outdoor exercise. She has played golf, cricket and lawn tennis more than ever before, and certainly such an army of wheelwomen as has scoured the country highways and byways this summer was never seen before in this country. The result is that the coming generation of women bids fair to show points of physical development that will surpass the sex that has always enjoyed a monopoly of brawn."



TWO GOOD IDEAS FROM LONDON.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

(The Post-Dispatch does not hold itself responsible for any opinions or statement of facts in these letters. It is a free parliament.)

Direct Legislation.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Direct legislation is impracticable for many reasons, the chief of which are these:

1. The people are not capable of intelligent law making, and it is far better that they leave such matters in the hands of honest and able representatives as at present.

2. The majority of voters are prone to listen to the words of dishonest demagogues, who by their sophistry would persuade the people to vote as they advised.

3. Because of the thousands of corrupt and dishonest among the masses of the people, the chances for interested parties to rush through bad laws would be great.

4. I doubt if direct legislation is practicable in towns and counties; I am positive it is not in cities and States, and to suggest such a theory for practice on national affairs is the rankest lunacy.

JOHN T. WHITE.

St. Louis, Nov. 5.

No Overproduction of Silver or Gold.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I find some interesting figures in the United States Treasury report for 1893, and I submit them to you for publication, hoping that some of our "sound money" friends will be kind enough to explain them, so that the working classes may comprehend the causes that have led us to our present condition and have caused silver to be worth only 63 cents per ounce, whilst gold is worth thirty times 63 cents.

The production of gold and silver, as per United States Treasury report, is as follows: The amount of gold produced in the world for one hundred years, from 1793 to 1892 was $5,623,004,000; silver for same period was $5,104,961,000 (coin value). This is a fraction less than 16 to 1 ratio. The amount of gold produced in the world from 1793 to 1848 was $821,086,000; amount of silver for same period was $1,451,217,000. This shows that the production of silver and gold for this 56 years was at a ratio of a fraction over 32 to 1. Now, during this entire time, the world over, silver and gold circulated at a ratio of 16 to 1. From 1849 to 1892 inclusive, the gold production of the world was $4,812,823,000; silver for the same period was $3,553,744,000 dollars, showing the gold production for the forty-four years to be $1,259,078,000 more than the silver, or in other words, that for the past forty-four years ending with 1892, the silver and gold production of the world has been at a ratio of 13 to 1, yet, during the last twenty years of the forty-four, from 1872 to 1892, silver declined from 15 to 1 to 32 to 1.

Thus we see that the cry of over production by the "sound money" advocate is not true in fact (if the United States Treasury report is correct) and they must find another reason for the present price of silver.

Now, Mr. Editor, what I wish to ask is with these figures before us, has silver depreciated or has gold appreciated in value? What has demonetization to do with the present price of gold and silver in the markets of the world. If demonetization is not the cause of gold and silver being at a ratio of 32 to 1 in the markets of the world, what is? As we see by the Government statistics that in the hundred years ending with 1892, there was no over production of either metal. "OLD SHOE."

St. Louis, Nov. 2.

Mr. Preston Hill Again.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

One of your correspondents [illegible] asks who is trying to debase our currency? It is amusing to see the silver men [illegible] on the one hand that they are not trying to lower our standard of value, and on the other hand that the gold men are going [illegible] to lower our standard of value. [illegible] Coin's Financial School," pages 142 and 143, to show that the silver leaders themselves are fully aware that free silver coinage will lower the standard of value:

"If, after a fair trial, gold continued at a premium, what remedy would you suggest? Put less gold in the gold dollar. Bring the weight of the gold dollar down until they are on a parity.

"If the commercial value of 23.2 grains of gold is more than the commercial value of 371¼ grains of silver, then reduce it (the gold) to 22, 21, 20 grains or less.

"Reducing the gold in the dollar, would leave gold for more dollars and this would assist in establishing rising prices.

"We can, if necessary, by act of Congress, reduce the number of grains in a gold dollar until it is of the same value as a silver dollar. We can legislate the premium out of gold."

Now I will ask any fair-minded reader what is the unmistakable meaning of these quotations from the standard book of free silver? He proposes to reduce the weight of our gold dollar so as to make it fit his free coinage silver dollar. The commercial value of 371¼ grains of silver is only equal to 12 grains of gold. When we have reduced our gold dollar down to 12 grains, does anybody imagine it will be as valuable as when it contained 23.2 grains of gold, as it does at present? When a man works and receives in payment two 12-grain dollars or 24 grains of gold, will he receive as much wages as when he receives to-day two 23.2-grain dollars, or 46.4 grains of gold? I believe that when he goes to a store with his 12-grain dollars that he will find out that his wages have been sadly reduced.

WM. PRESTON HILL.

St. Louis, Nov. 2.

Siberia at Home.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I copy the following from Sunday's issue:

"Another flint was struck and the fire from it ignited the powder.

"His was blown about ten feet into the air and came down covered with blood and grime and powdered granite. The crowbar was still grasped in his right hand. The left hand and arm dangled from the shoulder—a torn and bleeding shred of mutilated flesh. His face was blown out of all human semblance."

Was this in Siberia or in Armenia?

Horrible, horrible, horrible!

Call home the foreign missionaries, for here is a hell that can give cards and spades to any other in the world and still make a killing. WESTERNER.

Will Reed Break the Record.

From the Philadelphia Bulletin.

Indeed, it is a singular fact that of the thirty-four Speakers who have occupied the chair since the time of Muhlenberg, only one, James K. Polk, became President of the United States, and he was not elected until six years after he left Congress, being the unexpected outcome of a compromise. Clay, Bell, Banks, Hunter, Blaine and Randall were some of the most conspicuous of the Speakers who entered the Presidential race either as candidates before conventions or before the people with disastrous results.

Noble Gratitude.

From the Washington Post.

The Duke of Marlborough expresses himself as indebted to Columbus for having discovered this country.

A Poignant Realization.

From the Kansas City Star.

It is too tough that the popular exultation over the defeat of Brice in Ohio must be meditated by the poignant realization that it means the rise of Foraker.

To Advertisers.

Do you want a cook or salesman? A home to sell or job to secure? You get honest circulation in the Post-Dispatch.

STILL TIED UP AT DEVIL'S LAKE.

Not a Wheel Moves on Great Northern Freight Trains.

STRIKERS ARE REPLACED.

Meanwhile the Indictments Against Eugene Debs and His Companions Are Dismissed.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 7.—A dispatch from St. Paul, Minn., says:

The Great Northern Railway has taken steps to put its service back upon its old footing. Men have gone out at Kalispell, Mont.; Hillyard, Wash.; Devil's Lake, N. D., and St. Cloud, Minn. Men to take their places have been brought here from Chicago, St. Louis and Southern Illinois points. They will leave some time today for the points on the Great Northern where the men have gone out.

A dispatch from Devil's Lake, N. D., says: Great Northern is still tied up here. No freight trains whatever are being moved. The engineers and firemen are willing to work, but cannot get conductors or brakemen to take out their trains. Col. Dodge of Minneapolis is here to look after the legal side of the strike situation.

DEBS AND ASSOCIATES.

Judge Seaman Has Nolled the Indictments Against Them.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 7.—Judge Seaman has nolled the indictments against Eugene V. Debs, D. W. Rogers, Sylvester Keliher, Frank W. Archibald, C. S. McAuliffe, Walter L. Dunn, William Crimmins, John C. Calahan, D. A. Sullivan, Chas. Van Ells, M. L. Joban, John Foulter, E. B. Dawes, William Horan, F. Zimmerman and Sims. The first four were officials of the A. R. U.; Archibald and McAuliffe, Presidents of the local lodges, and the others active members of the order, who were charged with taking men from their work during the big strike last year. The action was taken by Special Agent John G. Fish and District Attorney Wegman on instructions from the Attorney-General.

When the order was entered neither the accused nor their attorneys were present. The news of the action taken by the United States officials was a great surprise when it became known. It has been expected all along that Debs would be served with an indictment as soon as he was released from Woodstock Jail. Most of the local men have been waiting about the city out of work, but unable to leave here until their cases were decided.

THE THIRD TERM DREAM.

Cleveland Living in an Atmosphere of Consecrated Satisfaction.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.—President Cleveland and those immediately about him are not dismayed by the Republican avalanches which have overwhelmed the Democracy. On the contrary, Mr. Cleveland views with complacency the obliteration of every other candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination next year, and the crushing of the most prominent leaders of his party who have dared to criticise either his foreign or his domestic policy.

Mr. Cleveland does not grieve at the defeat of the Democratic State ticket in New York, since that amounts to a rejection at the polls of Senator Hill. He cannot be expected to bewail the stinging defeat given to Senator Gorman in Maryland, because he can never forget the scathing arraignment of his tariff policy by Mr. Gorman in the Senate last winter.

The Republican victory in Kentucky is, of course, attributed by Mr. Cleveland to the rejection of the sound currency platform by the Democratic candidate, Mr. Hardin. Even the result in Ohio is pleasing to Mr. Cleveland, because the Democratic candidate for Governor, Mr. Campbell, himself an aspirant for the next Presidential nomination, has even dared to express himself in opposition to Mr. Cleveland's foreign policy.

For all these reasons the President is surrounded by an atmosphere of consecrated satisfaction. His views now his nomination for a third term as inevitable, and nowhere in the verdict of the people can his self-centered gaze detect anything more than the downfall of his rivals for the control of the next Democratic National Convention.

MISS WRIGHT ONCE MORE.

Count Zichy's Fiancee Returns to New York From Yankton.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Miss Mabel Wright has returned to this city from Yankton, S. D., where she obtained a divorce from Fernando Yznaga, with the privilege of taking her maiden name. She was met by her father and Count Zichy, to whom she is soon to be married.

HELD UP IN CHICAGO.

Four Bandits Attack a Man on an Erie Passenger Train.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—John Muller, an aged German from the West, on his way to Germany to spend the remainder of his days, was held up on a through Chicago and Erie passenger train at Archer avenue last night by four unknown men, who dragged him from the car to the platform, where they searched him, but without securing anything. So quick were the men that they got away from the train before the passengers really knew what had occurred.

To California

Via the Burlington Route. Only three days and three nights. Every meal in dining cars. Ticket office, southwest corner Broadway and Olive street.

Train Robber Smalley Recaptured.

WHITE EAGLE, O. T., Nov. 7.—Dick Smalley, wanted at Allegan, Mich., on a charge of train robbery, who, after being arrested at Round Pond, O. T., Tuesday, escaped by jumping through a car window from a Hock Island train, was recaptured near here yesterday and returned to Round Pond.

A Fairy lost a precious charm
To keep the rosy gums from harm,
To keep from teeth decay and death,
To sweeten and purify the breath.
This charm the fairy lost a mortal found,
And SOZODONT 'tis called on earthly ground.

Took What He Wanted.

Barefooted and cold William Millen passed Charles Schnaus' shoe store at 3009 Olive street Thursday morning. He wanted a pair of shoes and he got them in the Jean Valjean fashion. Schnaus caught him. A warrant charging Mullen with petit larceny was sworn out.

NOTHING CAN BE WORSE

For the stomach than strong purgatives and aperients. The genuine Carlsbad Sprudel Salt is a natural, pleasant aperient, laxative and diuretic. Best taken when outdoor exercise can be had. Be sure and secure the genuine, which has the signature of "EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Agents, New York," on every bottle.

Picnic for Stout Women.
From 8 to 10 Friday Morning.
We will sell choice of 150 Corsets—odds and ends—of well-known brands in gray and white, sizes 24 to 30, regular 75c and $1 Corsets.... 29c

Linings.
8 to 10 o'clock Friday.
Manufacturers' lengths Farmer's Satins and Sateens and best quality Double Width Silesias—up to 7 yards in a piece—worth 25c a yard off the piece, yard 5c

Scotch Plaids.
24 pieces bright, new and choice 36-inch Scotch Plaids, exact copies of the $1.25 patterns, as long as they last Friday as 12½c

GRAND-LEADER
815-821 N. BROADWAY. —STIX, BAER & FULLER—
THE FASTEST GROWING STORE IN AMERICA.

Blankets.
Basement.
White Wool Blankets, 10-quarter, extra good quality, worth $2.50 a pair, Friday $1.25

Odds and Ends of Ladies' and Child's Wear.
All sorts, worth up to 50c each; choice 1 table Friday 15c
On Second Floor.

Handkerchiefs.
10 to 11 a. m. Friday.
Ladies' Unlaundered Pure Linen handdrawn hemstitched White Handkerchiefs, worth 25c each (limit of 6 to a customer), each 10c

$1.00 Silk Velvets for 45c
Lengths 1 to 3 yards—in every imaginable color and black—worth $1 a yard (no pieces cut), Friday, per yard 45c

Silk Remnants.
Now for the Silk Remnants from the Great Phœnix Silk Sale—accumulated during the past week.
Remnants of Black Satin Duchesse, Rhadame, Peau de Soie and Brocaded Taffetas, including about 50 waist lengths of extra quality fancy Taffeta Silks—worth $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 a yard, choice of all Friday at the uniform price, per yard 60c

A Big To-do in Knit Underwear.
22 Drummers' Sample Lines of one of the Greatest St. Louis Jobbing Houses Bought at
40c on the Dollar
And to be sold Friday proportionately cheap. But you will not get these Bargains if you stay at home!
Divided Into 5 Great Lots.
LOT 1—Ladies' Camel's-hair and Merino Vests, worth up to 65c each. Special Sale Price 29c
LOT 2—Ladies' and Misses' Jersey-ribbed Fleece-lined Cotton Vests and Union Suits, and Men's Camel's-hair and Scarlet Wool Undershirts, worth up to 85c each. Special Sale Price 39c
LOT 3—Ladies' White and Natural Wool Vests and Union Suits, and Men's Fine White and Natural Gray Wool Undershirts, worth up to $1 a garment. Special Sale Price 48c
LOT 4—Here are the Plums! Ladies' and Misses' Wool Union Suits and Jersey-ribbed Wool Vests. Extra Fine Natural Wool, Camel's-hair and Medicated Scarlet Vests. Men's Extra Fine All-wool Medicated Camel's-hair, Natural and Brown Wool Undershirts, worth up to $1.50 a garment. Special Sale Price for choice 75c
LOT 5—Ladies' and Misses' Finest Quality Oneita Wool Union Suits, Jersey-ribbed and Plain Wool Vests, in Medicated Scarlet, White, Natural and Camel's-hair Vests, and Men's Extra Fine Imported Cashmere Undershirts, in white, scarlet, natural and camel's-hair, and other garments worth up to $1.75 each, Special Sale Price for choice 89c

This Friday's Shopping will be long remembered by those who secure one of these.
$5.00 Dress Patterns ... $2.98
These are from our Great Purchase of the J. V. Farwell Novelty Dress Pattern Lengths—ranging from 7½ to 8½ yards long and embracing the latest productions in ROUGH EFFECTS, MOHAIR and WOOLAND SILK MIXTURES, Etc., Positively worth up to 75c a yard; NO PIECES CUT. A whole Pattern Friday for $2.98
80 pieces yard-wide All-Wool Flannel Plaid Suiting, including 40 pieces double width Scotch Mixtures, in a lovely line of colorings, worth up to 50c a yard. Friday the choice at 19c

Hour Sale in Basement.
On Sale 8 to 9 a. m.
Mill Ends Unbleached Canton Flannel—in lengths of 4 to 10 yds—Per yard 2¾c
On Sale 8 to 10 a. m.
Mill Ends, very best yard-wide Bleached Muslin—in lengths of 3 yards and upwards, worth 10c a yard, at 5c
Mill Ends, best quality Unbleached Sheeting—1¼ yards wide—worth 17½c yard—for the above hours, or as long as they last, at 9c

220 Child's Cloaks.
Second Floor.
From a New York Auction—on sale Friday at less than Half Price
Comprising Child's and Infants' long and short Elderdown, Cashmere, Cloth and Plush Cloaks—all nicely trimmed—divided into 3 lots:
Cloaks worth up to $1.50 for 75c
Cloaks worth up to $2.25 for 98c
Cloaks worth up to $2.98 for $1.50

Odd Portieres.
Second Floor.
Choice of about 100 odd Chenille and Damask Portieres, in handsomest colorings and some very best qualities—if in pairs they would be worth up to $8.00 Friday, each $1.75

Box Coats and Capes.
Second Floor.
Unusually Attractive Bargains.

$9.95 Friday for a Box Coat, like cut, of fine Mohair, Poodle Cloth. Boucle, silk-lined sides and skirt, velvet piping on edge and sleeve seams; worth $15.
Double Capes of good Beaver, with rows of stitching on satin band edge, worth $5, for $2.98
Double Capes of fine Imported Kersey, with set-in velvet collars, tailor made, excellent quality, worth $10, for $6.50
Box Coats of All-wool Beaver, extra wide facing, mandolin sleeves, good value at $6.50, for ... $4.75
Box Coats of All-wool Boucle, with silk-lined sides, melon sleeves, worth $9.00, for ... $6.48
Box Coats of fine Imported Kersey, with silk-lined sides, the new Mabrin sleeve, worth $11, for ... $8.50

Notions and Jewelry.
9 to 10 o'clock Friday.
100-yard spools Sewing Silk, letter A, black only, worth 7c each, for 1c
10 to 11 a. m. and 2 to 3 p. m. Friday.
100-yard spools Linen Thread, black and white, all numbers, worth 7c a spool, for 1c
Fancy Imitation Shell Hair Pins, plain and fancy tops, worth 5c to 10c each, 3 for 5c
Those Celluloid Hair Ornaments that always bring a crowd Friday and Saturday, each ... 5c

Linen Specials.
Mill ends very finest quality White India Linen, 33 inches wide and worth 25c yard, for 10c
On Sale 9 to 10 a. m.
An odd lot White Bed Spreads. Marseilles Crib Spreads, 10 and 11-quarter Crochet Spreads, ¾ bed size extra heavy Crochet Spreads. All slightly soiled from handling, choice of the lot 39c

$1.48 Worth $2.00.

Ladies' Genuine Dongola Patent Leather Tipped Lace or Button Shoes, heel or spring heels, narrow opera and square toes, regular $2.00 quality, for $1.48
LAMBS' WOOL SOLE
10c a pair for choice of 200 dozen Lambs' Wool Soles, like cut, for ladies, misses and children, sold by others for 25c.

Cloaking.
One table 1¼ to 3 yards lengths CLOAKINGS (bought from a Cloak manufacturer at 35c on the dollar)—comprising such desirable weaves as All-Wool Kerseys, Beavers and Diagonals, Meltons and Mixtures, which, if cut from the piece, would cost up to $2.50 a yard—Friday choice of all at 98c
Another lot of those much much sought for
Odd Lace Curtains,
full 3½ yards long and 60 inches wide, and worth in pairs up to $2.50—on sale Friday (with many pairs among them) at, each 59c

Millinery.
Wise women will not pay $2.50 elsewhere for a Trimmed Hat that we sell for $1.48
Nor will they pay $3.98 for a Hat that we sell for $1.98
Our Trimmed Hats, in a word, are the wonder of St. Louis and our trade is expanding gloriously day by day. See the beauties at
$2.98 and $3.49
Worth $4.00 and $5.00 each.
Free A Bunch of Violets with every purchase Friday at our popular Flower and Feather Counter—Free.
Why pay 25c for a Blackbird that we sell for 10c
Why pay 9c for a Jet Aigrette that we sell for 3c
Why pay 79c to 98c for a Stylish Tam O'Shanter that we sell for 49c
Why pay 25c for a Blue Serge Stanley Cap that we sell for 14c
Why pay 79c for Child's Hood of Bengaline Silk, Cape Effects and all colors, that we sell for 49c
Why pay 98c and $1.25 for Best Quality Wool Felt Sailors that we sell in all colors for 89c
Why pay 10c a yard for Nos. 5 and 7 all Silk, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbon that we sell in all colors for 5c

Here Are Your Matting Bargains.
Second Floor.
Out of a ship's cargo of Fine High-Class Jap Mattings (sold at auction recently by Field, Chapman & Penner, New York, on account of a three months' delay and consequent rejection by consignee) we secured 500 Rolls at
About Half Value!
These are all strictly Fine, High-Grade, Double-Dyed Cotton Chain Jap Mattings and the patterns are beautiful, with nearly 40 styles to choose from—all colors; not a house in St. Louis can sell you such qualities as these under 35c a yard and up to 50c. Now take them, and take them quick—choice for 20c
Mail-Out-of-Town Orders filled for these when Cash accompanies order.

Beyond Comparison.
Our prices are so much lower than the ordinary grocer that comparisons would be ridiculous. In addition we offer this week a sensation in fruits.
Fancy Passadena Apricots, 3-lb can, heavy syrup, regular 30c goods, for 14c
Yuba Extra California Cling Peaches, heavy syrup, regular 30c goods, for can 15c
22 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar, with your grocery order for $1.00
5 lbs. Fancy Roasted Rio Coffee, worth 25c to 27c lb. anywhere, for $1.00
Best Sugar Corn, can, 6c; dozen 70c
Best Tomatoes, 9c can, 75c; doz 90c
Extra Early June Peas, can, 10c; dozen $1.15
11 Bars Fairbank's Family Soap 25c
Fancy Sugar-Cured Hams, lb 10½c
Armour's Pure Leaf Lard, lb 7½c
Premium Patent Flour; 55c sacks 45c
Best Corn Meal, per peck 12c
10 lbs. Navy Beans, worth 40c, for 25c
10 lbs. Hominy or Grits for 15c
10 lbs. Graham Flour or Rolled Oats 25c
1 lb. Combs Choice Amber Honey for 12c
Grand Leader Mixed Tea, lb 35c
Zinfandel, Claret; pints, 1886, cut to 15c
Burgundy Wine, pints, 1886, each 15c
Haute Sauterne pints, 1886 ..... 20c
Port, Sherry or Angelica, qts 25c
Bob Pepper Whisky, qts 50c
Sobel Bourbon Whisky, qts 60c
Imported Sherry wine; $1.50 bottles $1.00
Choice new Prunes, lb 6c
Fine London Layer Raisins, lb 10c
Schepp's Cocoanut; 10c pkgs 5c
New French Peas; 25c cans 13c
Mixed Teas, worth 40c lb 25c
Potted Ham, Armour's 8c cans 4½c

OUTPUT OF FLOUR.

Minneapolis Mills May Not Make as Much This Week.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 7.—The Northwestern Miller gives the following summary of the week's milling news:

The Minneapolis mills will probably not make as much flour this week, though the figures will be heavy. The flour market last week was comparatively quiet, the aggregate sales approximating 115,000 barrels. Minneapolis mills have engaged many orders ahead, while, with the close of navigation approaching, they are much firmer as to prices than the country mills. Every mill at Superior and Duluth is running this week, and the output may show a small increase. Most of the mills are in a position to accept only a small percentage of offers, as they are already contracted ahead until the close of navigation. This condition has the effect of making them rather firm in their views as to what their product should bring and enables them to a degree to sell only when offers meet their ideas of values.

TO SAVE THE SEALS.

The Number in Behring Sea Reduced to Less Than 500,000.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Capt. C. L. Hooper of the revenue cutter Rush, who commanded the Behring Sea fleet last season, is more than ever convinced of the ultimate destruction of the seal herds if pelagic sealing in Behring Sea is continued. There can be no regulations framed, he says, that will preserve the herd if such sealing be permitted in the future. The most important of Capt. Hooper's recommendations to the Treasury Department therefore will, in all probability, be that all sealing in Behring Sea be prohibited for a time at least, except that carried on at the islands by the company having a contract with the Government. In 1889 when Capt. Hooper first visited Bering Sea, he says there were 6,000,000 or 7,000,000 seals, but now the number is probably less than 500,000.

"RUNNING DEER" DISGRACED.

He Goes on the War Path in Gotham and Is Fined $10.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Probably not since the Indians abandoned Manhattan Island to the Dutch has there been such an Indian drunk as was indulged in Tuesday by Chas. Reundo, a Mohawk Chief, whose Indian name is Running Deer. He got gloriously full, hitched two half-trained mustangs to a road wagon at his home in Harlem, and split the town wide open until corralled in the street by half a dozen mounted policemen and neighbors in wagons. His son, Eagle Feather, paid his fine of $10 in a police court and the old man thought he had had the worth of his money.

DRIVEN FROM THE COUNTY.

Alleged Mormon Elders Whipped, Ridden on Rails and Given Hours.

MADISON, Fla., Nov. 7.—Four alleged Mormon elders, giving their names as Patterson, Young, Johnson and Stafford, who have been working for a month past principally among women, endeavoring to make converts, they claimed, were visited by masked men last night at the house occupied by them near Greenville, a small town near here, and mercilessly whipped and then ridden on rails. It was claimed that they had women converts visiting the house occupied by them. The mob gave them twenty-four hours to leave the county and warned them that they would be killed if they took any women with them.

Snake in a Mail Pouch.

A tiny snake of beautiful color was found in a mail pouch at the Post-office Wednesday. It had escaped from a small box in which it had been placed by someone in Arkansas who did not know that living creatures cannot be sent through the mail. The snake was returned to its box and, as the address had been lost, the crawling denizen of an Arkansas swamp was made an office pet. It is said to be a flat head, a poisonous reptile.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething rests the child and comforts the mother. 25c.

Deserted Babe on Her Hands.

Miss Sophia Schaefer, a domestic at 20 South Compton avenue, has under her care a male infant, 10 months old, child of her sister, Mrs. Frank Meyers, who died last January. The father deserted the babe about six months ago and has not been heard from since. Miss Schaefer desires to dispose of the child, as she has neither the means nor time to care for it.

Young's Free Chrysanthemum EXHIBITION, FOR THREE DAYS, Thursday, Nov. 7, Friday, Nov. 8, Saturday, Nov. 9, At our green-houses on Union av., North Forest Park.

There will be many splendid specimen plants and thousands of magnificent flowers, making a grand display. You are cordially invited to call and see them. Take Forest Park Branch of Suburban R'y or Delmar Av. Division of Lindell R'y.

"OUR COUNTRY."

Archbishop Ireland's Patriotic Lecture at Music Hall.

Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul delivered a lecture on "Our Country" in Music Hall Wednesday night. A large and distinguished audience listened to him and frequently applauded his remarks. He said that next to God is country, and next to religion is patriotism. He declared that America is the highest pillar in humanity's evolution, and the establishment of the republic an act of supreme confidence in man. He expressed the belief that it is the mission of America to prepare the world for the reign of human liberty and rights. Near the close of his address he caused amusement by ridiculing American cuff hunters.

Archbishops Kain and Ryan, a delegation of Ransom Post, G. A. R., and prominent citizens were on the stage. The Ransom Howlers and the Christian Brothers' Band provided music.

Workman's Lucky Escape.

James Kane, a laborer of 1228 North Eleventh street, while working on the old High School building at Fifteenth and Olive streets at 9 o'clock Thursday morning, was struck by a falling window frame and knocked about fifteen feet into the basement, where he alighted on a pile of rubbish. He extricated himself and walked to the Dispensary, where his lip, which had been entirely cut through, was sewed up and several scalp wounds and bruises bandaged. With his head swathed in linen Kane left the Dispensary and started back to resume his interrupted work.

Have YOU Tried Cuticura the great SKIN CURE?
Its cures of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating humours are the most wonderful ever recorded.
Sold throughout the world. Price CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1.00. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.
"How to Cure Every Skin Disease," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials, free.

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss. In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, October Term, 1895. Tuesday, October 15, 1895. Marie Joseph Hoche vs. (50 Dec. T. A.) Alphonse Hoche.

It appearing to the court from the petition herein, verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri and cannot be served with summons in this State in the manner prescribed by law, and that defendant's whereabouts or residence are unknown to plaintiff, on motion of said plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that defendant, wholly disregarding her duties as the wife of plaintiff, has absented herself from plaintiff without a reasonable cause for the space of one whole year next immediately before the filing of this petition and still continues to absent herself from plaintiff, and unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 16th day of October, 1895. (Seal of Court.) THOS. B. RODGERS, Clerk. 4610

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Phebe B. Mead, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the (1st) first Monday of December next.

C. S. RUSSELL, Executor of Phebe B. Mead.
St. Louis, Oct. 5, 1895. 4534

ESTATE of Anna Elisabeth Dillmann, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Anna Elisabeth Dillmann, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 28th day of October, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 28th day of October, 1895.
EDWARD C. DILLMANN,
EDWARD G. SCHAUMBERG,
Executors of Anna Elisabeth Dillmann, Deceased. 4779

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, October term, 1895. Monday, October 21, 1895. Warner J. Alderson vs. (100,023) Nora F. Alderson.

It appearing to the court from the petition herein verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri and that her present whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on her, on motion of plaintiff, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that defendant, wholly disregarding her duties as the wife of plaintiff, has absented herself from plaintiff without a reasonable cause for the space of one whole year next immediately before the filing of this petition and still continues to absent herself from plaintiff, and unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 22d day of October, 1895. (Seal of Court.) THOS. B. RODGERS, Clerk. 4611

ESTATE of Maria Engel Klenker, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Maria Engel Klenker, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 14th day of August, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 31st day of October, 1895.
JACOB KUHN,
Executor of Maria Engel Klenker, Deceased.
H. J. SPAUNHORST, Notary Public, Gazette Building, 4th and Market sts. 4609

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Harriet Cook, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

CLEMENS C. GOEDDE, Administrator of Harriet Cook, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 26, 1895. 4588

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Wm. P. Croswhite, deceased, that we, the undersigned executors of said estate, intend to make a final settlement at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

LUCRETIA A. CROSWHITE,
ARTHUR P. TERRILL.
St. Louis, Oct. 30, 1895. 4769

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Ellen Owens, deceased, that we, the undersigned executors of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

ST. LOUIS TRUST COMPANY,
Executor of the Will of Ellen Owens, Deceased.
St. Louis, Oct. 30, 1895. 4771

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Louisa J. Burchard, deceased, that we, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

ST. LOUIS TRUST COMPANY,
Executor of the Will of Louisa J. Burchard, Deceased.
St. Louis, Oct. 30, 1895. 4770

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Henry Eves, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator, d. b. n., of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

HENRY HERMANN,
Administrator, d. b. n., of Henry Eves, Deceased.
St. Louis, Oct. 30, 1895. 4766

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Daniel F. Lippincott, deceased, that we the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

ST. LOUIS TRUST COMPANY,
Administrator of the Estate of Daniel F. Lippincott, Deceased.
St. Louis, Oct. 30, 1895. 4773

ESTATE of George Pohrer, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of George Pohrer, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 26th day of August, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 24th day of October, 1895.
BARBARA POHRER,
Executrix of George Pohrer, Deceased.
H. J. SPAUNHORST, Notary Public. 4615

ESTATE of Edward W. Benson, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Edward W. Benson, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 30th day of October, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 30th day of October, 1895.
CHRISTOPHER A. STIFEL,
Executor of Edward W. Benson, Deceased.
LUBKE & MUNNICH, Rooms 404-5 Commercial Building, St. Louis, Mo. 4778

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Mary A. Miller, deceased, that the undersigned executor of said estate intends to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST COMPANY,
Executor of the Will of Mary A. Miller, Deceased.
St. Louis, Oct. 30, 1895. 4777

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Heinrich Boetelmann, deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix c. t. a. of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

LOUISE BUSEMANN,
Administratrix c. t. a. of the Estate of Heinrich Boetelmann, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 31, 1895. 4784

NOTICE of Final Settlement—All creditors and others interested in the estate of Leigh C. Kaeppler, deceased, are notified that the undersigned executrix of said estate intends to make a final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December, 1895.

LOUISE BUSEMANN KAEPPLER,
Executrix of said Estate. 4773

OUR ONLY McNICHOL!
He Is the Man for You!
Sideboard, wardrobe, rocker, desk, Parlor, bedroom suit and chairs—Handsome, useful, picturesque—Rich or simple—one or pairs, Carpets, hassocks, squares or rugs; Curtains, portieres, lumy lace; Silver, dishes, spoons and purses—Our McNichol is in the race;

Not a dealer in the town
Has such cheap or pretty goods;
Textile fabrics, plain or brown,
Carved and finely polished woods.
Homes he makes are works of art,
And his terms are easy—low—
Rest for many a troubled heart
Comes to those who to him go?

Mac's a very busy man—
Your delay will cost you more;
Try his new instalment plan—
You'll always wish you'd gone before.
Those who need him early seek;
Goods like his go quick and fast;
Try his payments by the week,
And happier be than in the past.

Women folks are fond of home—
Children need it more than all;
You yourself should cease to roam—
Make a change this very fall.
Money—well, you won't need much,
If you are a wooing man;
Hardly you'll your wages touch
With this new instalment plan!

Everybody—rich, or those who have to count what they spend, will find it to their advantage to know and patronize
(Trade Mark) THE ONLY M'NICHOL,
1015-1022-1024 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.
P. S.—Did we tell you that you can get any and every thing you will need in keeping house—living at home—the only way to live properly. All kinds of furniture, carpets, curtains, dishes, clocks, pictures, bedding, baby cribs and carriages, lamps, stoves, ranges, refrigerators, kitchen, laundry ware, everything from the richest to the plainest, and all low in price. Lower than anywhere else. Your own terms.
Try it now!

H. P. ERKER & BRO.,
608 OLIVE ST,

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses accurately adjusted. Photo. Materials.
Mathematical Instruments

The Circassian Beauty Secret Toilet Mfg. Co.
OMAHA, NEB.
Offers for sale the following remedies, which we believe excels anything ever put on the market: I. Circassian Cream removes pimples, blotches and freckles. II. Circassian Complexion Powder, 25c; Circassian Hair Crolline, 25c. We have no printed matter on outside of our packages.

Do your Shoes Admit This Dampness? Sickness May Follow if They Do.
HARRIS THE $4.00 SHOE MAN.
520 Pine Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

STANDARD.
TO-NIGHT AT 8.
NEW YORK STARS
Next Week—Fields & Hanson.

HAVLIN'S.
Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
"RUSH CITY"
And those Komical Kusses, Mathews and Bulger.
Next Sunday Matinee—Steve Brodie "On the Bowery."

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
CLADYS WALLIS
Supported by FREDERICK PAULDING
And a Superb Company of Players, presenting
THE CRICKET.
Saturday Matinee.
No advance in prices.
NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT,
THOMAS Q. SEABROOKE
In the Boiling Farcical Comedy
A World of Trouble and Baby Mine.
Sale of seats now in progress.

OLYMPIC—This Week
BRILLIANT SUCCESS OF THE
Tavary Grand Opera Co.
TO-NIGHT—DOUBLE BILL—
CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA and I'PAGLIACCI
Tavary, Lichter, Tomlins, Guille, Stephens and Schuster in the cast.
FRIDAY ..... IL TROVATORE
With the greatest cast ever heard in St. Louis—Tavary, Tomlins, Guille, Eugene and Schuster.
SATURDAY MATINEE ..... MIGNON
SATURDAY NIGHT ..... LOHENGRIN
SUNDAY, NOV. 10,
WM. H. CRANE
In a Domestic Comedy by Martha Morton, entitled
"HIS WIFE'S FATHER."
SEATS ON SALE.

THE HAGAN MATINEE Saturday. 25c 50c
A Superb Scenic Production of the Grand Spectacular Play
DARKEST RUSSIA!
Sunday Matinee—Trocadero Vaudevilles, headed by Eugene Sandow. Tel. 771.

EXPOSITION MUSIC HALL.
REGULAR SUNDAY CONCERT
BY SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
Popular Programme.
Nov. 10, at 3 p. m. ALFRED ERNST, Conductor. 50 Performers. 50
ADMISSION, 25 Cents. CHILDREN, 15 Cents.

THE BOX OFFICE OF THE Walter Damrosch Opera Co.
MUSIC HALL, WEEK OF DEC. 2,
IS NOW OPEN AT
SALMER & WEBER'S,
208 OLIVE STREET.

ST. LOUIS FAIR ASSOCIATION.
FALL MEETING!
5 or More Races Each Day
Commencing at 2:00 p. m.
GENERAL ADMISSION - - - $1.00

POLICE WILL MAKE ARRESTS

If the Railroads Do Not Observe the Speed Ordinance.

CHIEF HARRIGAN'S ORDERS.

Railroad Superintendents Declare That Every Effort Is Made to Keep Within the Law.

The accident on the Missouri Pacific Railroad, whereby four employes lost their lives, has called attention to the constant violation by all of the railroads of the ordinance fixing the speed limit of trains within the city. The testimony in the inquest on the dead men showed conclusively that the west-bound train was going at least twelve miles an hour, which is six miles in excess of that allowed by the law.

Chief Harrigan has determined that such infractions must stop, if it is in the power of the Police Department to attain this end. He has given his subordinates instructions to see to it in the future that all conductors and engineers who do not preserve the rule are arrested.

The task before the Chief is a difficult one. It has been tried before without success. The courts have failed to convict, but his efforts will at least throw the responsibility for continued violations on the courts and the railroads.

"We do not wish to make war upon anybody, and all that we ask is that the law be complied with," said the Chief when asked as to his plans.

"There is always a question as to the rate of speed any vehicle or train is running when a case is brought into court, and the decision usually goes against us, because it is almost impossible to determine how fast the vehicle is going.

"I have notified Capt. Reynolds to note any violation of the law and then we will call the attention of that particular road to the matter. If the law is not then complied with, we will arrest the engineer and conductor and throw the responsibility of their conviction on the courts. If necessary we can put a man on the train to watch the speed and then use that as evidence."

When asked how he was going to hold up a train and arrest the men, Chief Harrigan smiled and said:

"Never mind about that. If they violate the law and we want them, we will get them."

W. M. Mitchell, Manager St. Louis, Kansas City and Colorado Railway, said: "My orders to my train crews are specific on the point of speed. We are here to live up to all city ordinances, and this one in particular, and I have several times ridden out with my crews to see that the maximum speed of eight miles per hour is observed, and have always found that it was. We do begin to make better speed when we approach the city limits, say out in the park for instance, where the tracks are raised and where there should be no excuse for anyone being on the track.

"You will frequently hear evidence given in damage suits by non-railroad men to the effect that a train was running 35, 40 or 50 miles per hour when they were not going to exceed 20 miles. I remember an instance where testimony was given by a man who claimed to be a competent judge that a train was running at a speed of 100 miles, a most ridiculous claim. The trouble is that the ordinary observer knows nothing about the speed of a train and even a railroad man can tell little about it when he is not on the train. It is our intention, as it has always been, to observe the speed ordinance strictly."

If as Mr. Mitchell says, his road has been running through the city at the rate of eight miles an hour he convicts himself of a violation of the ordinance. According to Assistant City Counselor Nicholson the ordinance governing this point makes the speed limit not to exceed six miles an hour.

General Manager H. L. Morrill of the 'Frisco said:

"We use every effort to comply with the law in the matter of speed within the city limits. It is possible that we do exceed the required speed sometimes, but I do not know that such is the case. It is unfortunate, in my opinion, that so low a rate of speed is made necessary, as it sometimes takes more time to come from the limits to the depot than to make the full trip, in the case of suburban trains. This causes great delay to passengers. However, we expect to strictly observe the law."

In the absence of General Manager Hayes of the Wabash, his private secretary, Mr. Logan, said: "We have a rigorous rule requiring our engineers to observe the city ordinance regarding a maximum speed of eight miles per hour in the down-town districts. We insist upon this rule and take summary action with our trainmen when we find that they exceed that speed. In the outlying districts it is possible that rate of speed is sometimes exceeded, but we consider it safer to run faster when we can, as it prevents boys and men from jumping on and off of the trains and risking their lives."

None of the Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain officials would discuss the subject. Supt. Clark sent word that he was not authorized to discuss the subject. General Manager Doddridge refused to see the reporter.

Supt. W. A. Garrett of the Terminal Association was frank enough to admit that his company had never attempted to keep within the ordinance.

"We have received no intimation," he said, "that the ordinance is to be enforced. If it be done, however, there is nothing for us to do but comply."

"Did you not know that there was an ordinance requiring your trains to not exceed the rate of six miles per hour inside the city?"

"Yes, but as the ordinance was never enforced we were never particular about observing it. It was violated frequently. It is really a pretty hard matter to decide this question of how fast a train is running. Old railroad men, who are supposed to know, will estimate the speed of a train at all the way from six to twelve miles per hour.

"It is not necessary for our engines to run faster than six miles per hour. That is our scheduled time in the city and we sometimes run slower. In North St. Louis we are putting gates at the crossings as a safeguard to the public. This will not permit us to run any faster, of course, but it will prevent accidents."

HE TORE DOWN THE SIGN.

Wm. Stiffen Heavily Fined for Removing a Diphtheria Card.

E. Stiffen of 2627 Indiana avenue is not quite as ignorant of the law as he was when he came into Judge Peabody's court Thursday morning. Stiffen was charged with tearing down a diphtheria sign from his house placed there by the Health Department.

He admitted tearing down the sign, but said that as it was on his house he could do as he pleased.

In giving him the maximum fine, $25, the Judge said he was sorry he could not make it $100.

Stabbed by a Peddler.

Eddie White, colored, 17 years old, followed a peddler's wagon near Thirteenth street and Lucas avenue, Wednesday night, and tried to steal some apples. The peddler chased him and stabbed him under the right arm, inflicting a slight wound. The boy was taken to his home at 1308 Linden street.

Porter's Serious Fall.

Rudolph Meyers, 27, porter for Charles Finn, saloonkeeper at 2870 Park avenue, fell from a wagon near the saloon Thursday. His back was injured and his condition is serious.

Taxes in China.

A member of the British Legation in China estimates the amount of taxes collected in the Empire at $50,000,000, of which only $12,-000,000 finds its way into the public treasu[illegible]

A LOVELY FACE.

Beauty Is the Greatest Power of Attraction.

Women Recognize It; Men Bow Before Its Shrine.

The Secret of Good Looks Disclosed—How to Look Your Best.

Never was there a time when women did not try to make themselves beautiful. What is so lovely as a round, rosy face, white forehead and full red lips; what so annoying as the black-heads and pimples on the face, with the dirty, greasy look which always accompany them. Life is not worth living, the young girl thinks, because of the bad, unpleasant look of her skin, which she tries in vain to improve by the use of various cosmetics, ointments and powders, not knowing that all the while the trouble is not in the skin itself, but in the system. It is sometimes absolutely dangerous to use outside applications, for if the skin is simply cleared the disease is likely to attack some internal organ of the body, where it may prove fatal to life itself. But in purifying the blood, the cure is natural, permanent and without any injury.

Miss Alice Hopkins, who resides at 632 South Tenth street, Philadelphia, Pa., was unhappy because of her unsightly face, and writes an interesting letter on this subject.

She says: "Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is a wonderful medicine and it cured me completely of one of the very worst forms of dyspepsia. Words cannot express what I have suffered in body and mind for almost three years. Not the least of my troubles was an entire loss of healthy color in my face. The natural glow disappeared entirely, and a horrible saffron color took its place. You can imagine my feelings when I was asked a dozen times a day as to whether I was suffering from jaundice. At this time I was enduring all the tortures of indigestion, and could not retain enough food to give me the necessary nourishment. Consequently I lost flesh rapidly and became weaker each day. The doctors told me I was suffering from nervous dyspepsia and biliousness.

MISS ALICE HOPKINS.

"I knew I was geeting worse day by day, and I soon lost all heart. Everything irritated me, and I was in a state of most intense nervousness. I took to my bed and did not leave it for several weeks. I firmly believe I never should have risen from my bed again had it not been for the relief I obtained from Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. When I look back upon my condition then, it seems positively miraculous that any medicine could have worked such a prompt and effective cure.

"The first benefit I felt from Dr. Greene's medicine was a general toning up of the system. After the first bottle I was able to hold light, nutritious food on my stomach. The constant feeling of dull pain in the region of the stomach grew daily less, and my blood seemed to circulate more rapidly, I was filled with a new life and hope.

"The effect of Nervura on my complexion was most satisfactory. The yellow tinge gradually disappeared, and in a few weeks the natural color began to return to my cheeks. I was charmed with Dr. Greene's Nervura and I continued taking it until I was entirely well and strong. Of course I was highly complimented on my greatly improved condition, but I always assured my friends that my restoration to health was entirely due to Dr. Greene's Nervura, the wonderful blood and nerve medicine. My complexion is clear and healthy, and at night I sleep as soundly as a child."

It is letters like these which prove the wonderful power of Dr. Greene's Nervura, the great blood and nerve remedy. By the use of this marvelous medicine the system is cleansed, giving a clear and healthy bloom, and freeing the complexion from blotches and pimples. It is nature's own remedy, a purely vegetable and perfectly harmless compound, the discovery of the celebrated physician, Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th street, New York City, who can always be consulted free of charge, either personally or by letter.

The Decimal System.

A modification of the decimal system for the division of time and angles is proposed by M. de Sarranton. The hour must be retained as the unit of time because it is universally accepted and it is useless to try to change it. Every hour, however, is divided into 100 minutes, and each minute into 100 seconds. The new minutes would be 36 seconds long, three-fifths of the old minutes, and the new seconds a little over one-third as long as the present seconds. Time would then be expressed in decimals: thus, 8.3348 would read 8 hours 33 new minutes 48 new seconds. For angular measurements he proposes dividing the circle into 240 degrees instead of 360, with the same subdivision into 100 minutes of 100 seconds as for the hour.

Rail Melted by Electricity.

A contemporary states that a rail was melted by an electric current a few weeks ago on a plate girder bridge carrying the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad over Mount Hope street, in North Attleboro, Mass. An electric railway passes under the bridge, but the headway is so limited that the trolley wire is not carried under, but has its ends anchored by three guy wires to the plate girders, the car running under the bridge by its own impetus. Each guy wire has a glass insulator, but one of these was broken and the current leaked along the wire to the girder and along one of the cross girders, the top of which was only about three-quarters of an inch below the base of the rail. Rain and an accumulation of cinders facilitated the formation of an arc, and the rail base was melted away until in one place it was only two and one-eighth inches wide. The corrosion was discovered before the passage of the morning train, or a serious derailment might have occurred.

MILLINERY SPECIALS.

We closed out from a prominent manufacturer his entire stock of Austrian Felt Hats, all nice, clean and latest shapes; choice of this lot as long as they last,

24c Each

Worth $1.00.

See Display in Our Window.

Good Things for Wide-Awake Bargain Seekers.

- 30 doz Navy Blue Yacht Caps, 25c value, Friday 12c
- 60 doz. Jet Hat Crowns 5c
- 30 doz. Cut Jet Hat Pins 3c
- 22 doz. Cut Jet Buckles, 15c value, Friday 5c
- 16 doz. 1½ to 2-inch Cut Jet Buckles, worth 25c to 35c, Friday 10c
- 260 Odds and Ends in Sailor and Walking Hats, to close out Friday 19c

Natural Flowers.

- Violets, per bunch 5c
- Choice Roses, each 4c

All kinds of Floral Designs at half the price asked by florists.

Sonnenfeld's

L. ACKERMAN, Manager.

419 AND 421 NORTH BROADWAY.

A GREAT FRIDAY SALE

Every Item Advertised Will Be Found a Genuine Bargain. The Prices Speak for Themselves.

100 dozen Ladies' 4-Button Genuine French Kid Gloves, colors tan, brown, green, red and black; regular price $1.00 pair, for Friday only, per pair, **69c**

KNIT UNDERWEAR.

300 dozen Ladies' Heavy Egyptian Cotton Vests, high neck and long sleeves, regular price 25c, for Friday 12c

HANDKERCHIEFS.

200 dozen Gents' Union Linen Colored Border Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 1¼-inch hem, warranted fast color, regular price 15c, for Friday only 8c

LADIES' APRONS.

125 dozen Ladies' Extra Large White Lawn Embroidered Aprons, deep hem, long tie strings, regular price 35c, for Friday only 20c

CORSETS.

500 Ladies' extra long, perfect fitting, Sateen Striped Corsets, double side steels, corded bust—regular price 75c. For Friday only 39c

HOSIERY.

150 doz. Ladies' Fast Black All-wool Ribbed Hose—regular made, spliced heels, worth 35c pair. Friday only, per pair 19c

UMBRELLAS.

500 26-inch Silk Gloria Umbrellas, with Dresden and Natural Loop Congo Handles; reg. price $1.25 and $1.39. For Friday 89c

JEWELRY.

25 gross Ladies' Solid Gold Chased Band Rings and Solid Gold Set Rings, set with Turquoise, Emeralds, Garnets, Sapphires and Pearls; regular price $1.25 and $1.50. Choice on Friday 48c

An Enormous Purchase.

NONPAREIL CLOAK CO.,

210, 212 and 214 East Van Buren street, Chicago, Ill., telegraphed us that they had 2,000 new, nobby and stylish Jackets, Capes and Suits, which they were willing to sell at a big sacrifice for CASH. Our buyer went there, and after two days of dickering bought the entire stock at just half the manufacturers' cost. The most beautiful and stylish garment produced this season. All the New Shapes, all the New Cloths. The sale of these goods will continue to-morrow. The greatest bargains ever put on sale in St. Louis.

Children's Cloaks.

A lot of Children's Cape Long Cloaks, ages 4 to 14 years. Nonpareil's price $7.50, sale price $3.98.

Ladies' Suits.

All of Nonpareil's Stylish Reefer Suits, in fancy rough mixture effects, that cost to manufacture $15, $18, $20 and $25, sale price $10.

Ladies' Skirts.

A lot of Beautiful Figured Gros-Grain Silk Skirts, very wide. Nonpareil's price $12.50, sale price $6.50.

Misses' Jackets.

A very "chic" Misses' Coat, in rough Boucle Cloth, box front. Nonpareil's price $10, sale price, $5.

Swell Misses' Coats at $7.50, $10 and $12. Nonpareil's prices exactly double.

Ladies' Jackets.

All the new style Box Coats, all the new cloths.

A swell new style Box Coat, made of all-wool Boucle cloth. Nonpareil's price $10, sale price $5.

A Satin-lined All-wool Beaver Coat, Nonpareil's price $15, sale price $7.50.

All of Nonpareil's Handsome Rough Effect Coats, that cost to make $18 and $20, sale price $10.75.

At $12, $15, $18 and $20 we offer the finest Coats Nonpareil made.

Ladies' Fur Capes.

A 24-inch Satin-lined Coney Fur Cape. Nonpareil's price $6.50, sale price $3.45.

A 30-inch Russian Linx Fur Cape, satin-lined. Nonpareil's price $12.50, sale price $5.75.

A 30-inch Electric Seal Fur Cape, satin-lined. Nonpareil's price $18, sale price $9.95.

All the finest Fur Capes at just one-half Nonpareil's manufacturers' cost.

Ladies' Plush Capes.

A double Plush Cape, fancy silk lined, fur trimmed, full sweep. Nonpareil's price $15, sale price $8.50.

A very elegant Silk Seal Plush Cape, 30 inches long, handsomely jetted, silk lining. Nonpareil's price $18, sale price $9.95.

A richly braided and jetted Plush Cape, Thibet fur trimmed. Nonpareil's price $30, sale price $18.

All Nonpareil's finest Velour Beaded Capes at just one-half manufacturers' cost.

Ladies' Cloth Capes.

A lot of Black Beaver Double Cloth Capes, all sizes. Nonpareil's price $5, sale price $2.25.

A lot of stylish Full Sweep All-wool Double Cloth Capes, inlaid velvet collar, 30 inches long. Nonpareil's price $10, sale price $4.65.

A big assortment of elegant and stylish Cloth Capes, in all-wool rough effects. Nonpareil's price $12.50, sale price $6.75.

Other lots at $7.50, $10 and up to $20. Nonpareil's price double on all of them.

500 ounces White Rose, Lilac, Apple Blossom and Crab Apple Blossom Triple Extracts. Regular price 25c ounce, Monday 10c ounce.

SONNENFELD'S—419-421 North Broadway—506-508 St. Charles Street—SONNENFELD'S

THE GRAVEL BILL.

It Will Be Put Through the House Friday Evening.

The House Committee on Ways and Means met at 12 o'clock Thursday to discuss the gravel appropriation bill, which it has held up since last July.

It is understood that an agreement was reached by which the bill will be favorably reported Friday night, and an assurance to that effect was conveyed to the business organizations that are pushing the matter.

Sanford Winthrop said Thursday that it was conceded that the bill would be taken up and passed by the House of Delegates Friday night.

De Soto Improvement Association.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

DE SOTO, Mo., Nov. 7.—A large number of the business men of this city met in the office of Thomas & Bean this morning and organized the De Soto Improvement Association with a capital stock of $20,000, and elected the following officers: President, John L. Roughley; Secretary, D. M. Park; Treasurer, Col. W. H. Thomas. The primary purpose of the association will be to secure the location of the Southeast Missouri Christian College in this city, and to offer inducements to such other institutions and manufacturing establishments as are looking for desirable locations.

A Question of Doctrine.

A hardshell Baptist minister, preaching in a so-called 'Union Church in a Vermont town, at the close of his sermon announced to the congregation that the pulpit would be occupied the following Sunday by a Universalist. "They believe," said he, with the solemn air of a man whose convictions as to the hereafter are stronger and sturdier than the oaks of the forest, "that all men will be saved. But, brethren," he continued, intoning the remark with a lugubrious expression, "we hope for better things."

Consumption on the Wane.

The announcement is made by a leading medical society in Philadelphia that consumption is decidedly on the wane in that city. From 1881 to 1887 the average number of deaths per year from the disease was 2,800, and for the last seven years the average was 2,643. Taking into account the increase in population, the decline in the mortality from consumption has been over 30 per cent in fourteen years. Physicians in the city attribute the marked change to the improved paving, draining, cleaning and sewering of streets and alleys, and to the greater caution exercised in dealing with the disease as probably contagious.

Ants Are Brotherly.

A naturalist who has studied the ways of ants found that some of them feel friendship and pity for suffering, and he tells it thus: "One day, watching a small column of these ants, I placed a small stone on one of them to secure it. The next that approached, as soon as it discovered its situation, ran backward in an agitated manner and soon communicated the intelligence to the others. They rushed to the rescue. Some bit at the stone and tried to move it. Other seized the prisoner by the legs and tugged with such force that I thought the legs would be pulled off, but they persevered until they got the captive free. I next covered one up with a piece of clay, leaving only the ends of its antennae projecting. It was soon discovered by its fellows, who set to work immediately and by biting off pieces of the clay soon liberated it. The excitement and ardor with which they carried on their unflagging exertions for the rescue of their comrade could not have been greater if they had been human beings."

Punishing Prisoners in China.

From the Nineteenth Century.

The unhappy prisoners were flogged as they were ignominiously paraded round and dragged mercilessly along, for they could hardly move, each having a large wooden collar board, 3 feet by 3½ feet, and 8½ inches thick, attached to his neck. The board is in two parts, each of which contains two semi-circular apertures. The half boards are screwed together, so as to form a huge collar frame, leaving the head and one of the hands visible above. A chain is attached to the board, by the the other end of which the warden drags the prisoner. On the board are inscriptions in Thibetan and Chinese, giving an account of the nature of the crime and penalty inflicted. The poor wretches were ready to sink under the weight of the board, but this they were not allowed to do. Whenever one attempted to sit down the whip of his cruel warder served to keep him up.

Gowns for Philadelphia Judges.

Following the example of the Supreme Court, the Judges of the Common Pleas of Philadelphia have practically decided to wear gowns while sitting on the bench. For a number of years the advisability of adopting the custom and costume of English Judges has been discussed by the Common Pleas Judges here, but they were slow to break away from the established custom, and no action was ever agreed upon. The adoption of gowns by the Supreme Court, however, has satisfied the Common Pleas Judges of the desirability of wearing judicial garb.

GRIEVING OVER HER CHILD.

Mrs. Kraft Fainted and Sustained Frightful Injuries.

Mrs. August Kraft, living on the second floor of 2726 Papin, has her right hand bandaged as a pathetic reminder of the death of her 3-year-old child, Ruby.

Her little girl had died of diphtheria and although the mother has four children left she deeply mourned her loss.

She was so overcome with grief at the death of her child that she fainted several times before the funeral left the house and she had to be carried into the carriage.

When the ordeal was over the distressed mother recovered slightly, and on reaching home Mrs. Kraft was able to attend to her household duties.

According to her story, Mrs. Kraft was cutting a piece of bread for one of her little boys when her suppressed grief welled up again and she fell to the floor in a faint. Instinctively, she stretched out her right hand to save herself from the fall, and instead of grasping the table she clasped her fingers on the blade of the carving knife.

The sharp steel penetrated the woman's fingers to the bone and the blood flowed freely. The little boy was frightened by his mother's fall and at the sight of her blood and he screamed lustily. His father and several neighbor's ran into the small kitchen where the accident happened and they sent a messenger for Dr. Kollme. He bandaged Mrs. Kraft's hand and restored her to consciousness. She will not lose her fingers, but she will be unable to use them for several days.

A Post-Dispatch reporter was told that this sad story of Mrs. Kraft's cut fingers was not true. The report was trac'ed to the policeman on the beat and from him to P. J. Quigley, grocer at 2745 Chouteau avenue, that August Kraft, the grief-stricken father of the dead child, attempted to commit suicide with the carving knife when he returned from the funeral, and that he was prevented by his wife. In the struggle for possession of the weapon Mrs. Kraft was said to have been cut.

The reporter asked Mrs. Kraft if this account was true and she denied it emphatically.

Grocer Quigley insisted that report of the alleged attempt at suicide merely came to him as hearsay and he did not know the persons who circulated the rumor.

Aemale Submarine Diver.

From Palm Beach, Fla., comes the story of a woman 38 years of age, a native of Jamaica, who has for twenty years been engaged as a submarine diver. Her husband Pedro Gomez came from a Spanish family of sponge divers. While at Funchal, Madeira, in the Canaries, he became acquainted with an English diver, who gave him some ideas as to submarine exploration under scientific auspices. He went to Central America and met his love and his business partner of to-day at Colon, on the isthmus. She fell into his line of life easily, and for ten years has done the better part of the hazardous work which he, as a manager, contracts for. She carries less armor than he does, and has invented a helmet with a system of air pipes that she and her husband alone hold the secret of. It is claimed that with this helmet, securing her breathing connection with the upper world, she can wander almost at will through a sunken wreck. In a recent interview with the editor of a Jacksonville newspaper she says that in the course of 1,000 descents to the ocean's bed within the ten years that she has been in the business, she has never met a sea monster or any other fish that would not fly from the merest wave of her arm.

A Challenge to Senator Gorman.

From the Philadelphia Press.

Miss Cleora Eugenia Cooke, aged 17 years, of Talbot County, Md., has issued a challenge to Senator Gorman, in which she says in part: "I ask you, are you afrfaid to meet a 17-year-old girl in open debate concerning the supreme question now before the voters of Maryland? This question is whether they are willing longer to submit to the grasping rule of your wicked hand." Miss Cooke is the daughter of Mr. D. A. Cooke, the People's party candidate for Sheriff of Talbot County. She is a graduate of the Easton High School, and has made a special study of elocution, and has been using her abilities in that line on the stump in Talbot County during the past two weeks. She addressed meetings in halls and out of doors. She has a clear, penetrating voice, and has no trouble in making herself heard by the largest audiences.

Mr. Riley's Fish Story.

From the Albany Journal.

A remarkable fish story—which, however, is as veracious as can be—is told by Jim Riley, the proprietor of Riley's famous hostelry at Saratoga Lake. The truth of the story is evidenced by the exhibition of the piscatorial specimens that figured in it. Mr. Riley was rowing on Lake Lonely, having his gun ready for a shot at any game that might appear. He heard a splash near the shore and paddled up to get a shot at the splasher, if possible.

The water was shallow and in it he saw a large pickerel. The pickerel had been pursuing a bass, which it had wounded badly. Upon inspection Mr. Riley discovered that the pickerel, in trying to back out of the weeds and brushes, had caught its gills upon some alder twigs and was firmly held. He seized the pickerel and dragged it into the boat; then he lifted the bass from the water. The pickerel was forty-two inches long, and weighed 17½ pounds, and the bass weighed 4 pounds.

HARLEM STREET BRIDGE.

Mr. Milner Stops the Work and the Fight Has Become Three-Cornered.

There seems to have been a misunderstanding all round in regard to the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge and Terminal Railway Co.'s action in tearing down the temporary addition to the Harlem street bridge, which was commenced Wednesday morning and stopped by the police Wednesday afternoon under orders of Street Commissioner Milner. The company now professes its willingness to let the wooden structure stand or to demolish it, just as the city pleases. This apparent accommodation does it no credit, however, as it has no choice in the matter.

City Counselor Marshall says that the company has not the slightest right to tear down the addition, as any improvement to a street, for whatever purpose it was made or by whom, becomes the property of the city and cannot be removed except by its authority.

Now comes Councilman Paulus Gast, backed by a whole regiment of North End citizens, and enters a violent protest against the removal of the wooden addition. He says that it is a great advantage to the public, and that rather than see it torn down they will carry the matter into the courts. Bridge Engineer Carl Gaylor is anxious to see the addition torn down, as, to his scientific eye, it mars the beauty of the iron structure. He admits that the iron bridge, encumbered as it is by the double street railway tracks, offers poor opportunities for vehicle and foot travel.

Mr. Milner visited the bridge Thursday morning and found that the company had stopped work under the orders of the police. When he arrived at his office he found a letter from the company stating that it was willing to do whatever he said. Between the citizens on one side, Engineer Saylor on the other and the company on the fence the Street Commissioner was completely nonplussed. He finally decided to let the matter rest until he can get complete information. Just at present the odds are on the citizens having their way, which means that the bridge will stay where it is.

Georgia Sturgeons.

From a Georgia Exchange.

A few days ago T. J. Carstarphen of Macon caught a fine sturgeon up the river at New Dame's Ferry mill. The announcement of the fact caused considerable surprise among this portion of the Ocmulgee, but since that time several of the big fish, weighing between ninety and one hundred and forty pounds, have been captured in the river off Macon shores. Mr. Herring drew up two fine sturgeons near the wagon bridge on the East Macon side on Friday, one weighing about ninety pounds and the other 110 pounds. Besides furnishing meat of various flavors, which is sought by a large number of people, the sturgeons are good for fattening hogs, curing disease in dogs, etc. It is said by boiling the skin and head of the sturgeon the soup obtained will fatten the leanest hog in ten days' time, while the oil will cure the worst case of mange and start a dog to gaining flesh in from one to three days.

Ida's Vision.

The Eminence (Ky.) Constitutionalist reports a curious case of mental derangement: Sunday afternoon, June 8, Miss Ida, the 16-year-old daughter of A. J. Prewitt, near New Castle, while visiting the grave of a deceased brother, near Sulphur, was overcome with heat and fell prostrate upon the grave, becoming at once unconscious, in which condition she remained until Tuesday midnight, or about fifty-six hours, when she aroused laughing and asserted that she saw her little brother. Her arms during this time seemed to have lost all power of motion, but when she revived she reached out her hand, saying she saw and wished to catch a number of little white birds that hovered near her. After partaking of some slight nourishment she relapsed into a state of unconsciousness, from which she had not recovered when last heard from.

The Time for Sleep.

From the New York Sun.

Mr. Charles Dudley Warner makes the affirmation in Harper's Magazine that the "English know enough to lie abed in the morning." He also says: "We got the raw idea from the English that 'early to bed and early to rise makes a man happy, healthy and wise;' but they seem to have given up this notion pretty generally, and if they are wise, and obviously healthy, and tolerably happy, they evidently owe this blessing to plenty of sleep in the most delicious time for sleep." This is folly. The best time for sleep is in the hours between nightfall and sunrise. Sleep in these hours is more restful and more invigorating than in the hours of daylight. The hairy beasts and the feathered bipeds know the time for sleep, if Englishmen do not. Let Mr. Warner talk to one of his hens, or to his mule. Let him visit our menagerie in our Central Park. Let him make inquiry among his shrewd human neighbors out among the union beds of Connecticut, who are healthy and live long, and go to bed by 9 o'clock.

Washington's Big Dome.

The dome of the Capitol building at Washington is the largest iron dome in the world. It weighs 8,000,000 pounds.

OBITUARY.

Death of Rear-Admiral Robt. W. Shufeldt at Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.—Rear-Admiral Robert W. Shufeldt, retired, died at his residence in this city at 10:30 this morning, after a long illness, following an attack of the grip and an accident while driving about a year ago. He was appointed a midshipman from New York May, 1839, became Rear-Admiral in May, 1883, and retired in 1884. He had a most notable record, having opened Korea to the world by treaty, surveyed the Tehauntepec Canal route and played an important part in the civil war.

Story of a Pair of Trousers.

Adolph Kurtz, 25 South Sixth street, got up Thursday morning and found that his trousers were missing. He signaled a fellow-roomer and borrowed some apparel, in which he went to the Central District Station and reported the theft. WWhen he arrived there he found his trousers awaiting an owner. James Sheehan had been arrested while carrying them under his coat. A warrant charging Sheehan with petit larceny was sworn out.

Gone to Corinth.

Comptroller Sturgeon left the city Wednesday night for Corinth, Miss., where he will vist relatives. He obtained leave of absence for two weeks from Mayor Walbridge, this being the first vacation he has taken since he entered public life.

What a Time He Was Having.

Leon Dondridge was arrested at 1 o'clock Thursday morning at Sixth and Pine streets by Detectives Connor and Flynn. He was drunk. He had on his person $80, all there was left of $200 he stole from Iceman Nick Schwetzer's coat at Tom Dandridge's saloon, Twentieth and Pine streets, Wednesday. He confessed his guilt, and said he had blown the rest of the money.

Wedding and Funeral Together.

John A. Chittenden of Ashley, Mich., on his deathbed requested that his sister Louise and her betrothed, Charles A. Holmdon, be married over his coffin. The wedding was originally to have taken place Sept. 25, but the date was changed to comply with the wish of the dying man, and while he lay in his coffin several days earlier his sister and her sweetheart joined hands over the coffin while Rev. John Glase performed the marriage ceremony. Then he delivered the funeral oration, and the newly married couple occupied the first carriage behind the hearse.

The Elephant and the Doctor.

From Judge.

There is a story of Mr. Depew that he did not narrate at a recent distinguished function in his home. A short time ago an antiquated fellow from the country was on a visit to the metropolis. The fame of Mr. Depew was known even in the remote locality at his home, and this Uncle Josh had fully made up his mind not to return until he had seen all the sights. So, after many inquiries, he found himself at last in the presence of the great man. The old chap stood in mute awe eyeing the doctor for a minute, then said:

"Is your name Depew?"

"Yes," was the reply.

"Chauncey M. Depew, I mean; the man wot works on the railroad for them Vanderbilts and wot has so much ter say after eatin' dinner.'"

"I suppose so," was the amused answer.

The old fellow, pulling out a huge timepiece, asked:

"Wot time do you eat dinner?"

"About 7 o'clock," said Mr. Depew.

"It's purty late for me, but, by gosh! I'll be there fer ter hear yer talk. I've heard so mush about what yer have ter say after eatin' dinner that I won't go back till I've heerd yer too."

Gold in New South Wales.

New South Wales has 17,207 gold mines.

Ricord's

Vital Restorative is the infallible remedy of the celebrated specialist, Dr. Philip Ricord of Paris, approved by the French Academy of Medicine and by leading medical celebrities of the world; is not a "cure-all," but a specific for nervous and special debility, impotence and all evil effects so destructive to mind and body; is a purely vegetable pill, the genuine alone bears French trade mark and signature of S. B. Sigesmond. Responsible parties residing in the city are not required to pay for Ricord's

VITAL

Restorative or treatment until a cure is affected. Chronic Gleet, pronounced by all incurable, permanently cured within two weeks at my office only. Dr. Sigesmond, pupil of Dr. Ricord, has reopened his old office at 206 American Central Building, Broadway and Locust, St. Louis, where he can be consulted free. Office hours: 9 to 12 m., 2 to 5, 7 to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 10 to 12 m. For sale at all druggists or will be sent prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per box; six times the quantity, $5.00, containing 30 days' treatment. Guaranteed to restore permanently within sixty days with Ricord's Vital

Restorative.

For descriptive circular and testimonials apply or address Dr. Sigesmond, American Central Bldg. (MEYER BROS., Wholesale Agents.)

LEGAL.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of John Young, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
WILLIAM H. HAUSCHULTE,
Administrator of the Estate of John Young, deceased. 4606

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Sarah A. Tancill, Deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
JAMES R. TANCILL,
Executor of Sarah A. Tancill, Deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., October 23, 1895. 4616

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Charles Kraus, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
ADOLPH PFANSTIEL,
Executor of Charles Kraus, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 30, 1895. 4762

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Amanda Bode, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
WILLIAM ROTHE,
Administrator of Amanda Bode, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 30, 1895. 4761

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Catharine Buenemann, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
JAMES L. DAVIS,
Administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of Catharine Buenemann, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 30, 1895. 4760

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Rudolph A. Bisser, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next. CONRAD V. BISSER,
Executor of Rudolph A. Bisser, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 30, 1895. 4759

ESTATE of William J. Baumeyer, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of William J. Baumeyer, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 6th day of September, 1895.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
Dated this 23d day of October, 1895.
MARIA BAUMEYER,
Administratrix of William J. Baumeyer, Deceased.
H. J. SPAUNHORST, Notary Public. 4607

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Dorothea Misselhorn, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
ROBERT T. STILLWELL,
Administrator of the Estate of Dorothea Misselhorn, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 23, 1895. 4613

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Mary Therese Eves, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next. WILLIAM EVES,
Executor of Mary Therese Eves, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 30, 1895. 4765

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Robert Reilly, deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
MARY E. REILLY,
Administratrix of Robert Reilly, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 30, 1895. 4764

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of John W. Tyler, Deceased, that I, the [illegible] of John W. Tyler, deceased, that I, [illegible] estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
JOHN E. GREEN,
Administrator d. b. n. of John W. Tyler, Deceased. 4651

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Mary Petzold, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
JOHN J. FREDERICK,
Executor of the Estate of Mary Petzold, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 24, 1895. 4617

Infection Destroyed by Heat.

A dry heat of [illegible] degrees destroys germs of infection.

KENTUCKY LOST TO THE DEMOCRATS.

Bradley Governor by 12,000 and Blackburn Beaten for the Senate.

CLEVELAND NOT DISTURBED.

Gov. Altgeld Points Out the Real Causes of the Results of Last Tuesday's Election.

The latest returns indicate that the Republicans carried Kentucky by from 12,000 to 15,000. The Legislature seems to be certainly Republican, and Blackburn will not be returned to the United States Senate.

Col. W. O. Bradley, Governor-elect of Kentucky, will be a candidate for the Presidential nomination before the Republican National Convention.

Utah has joined the list of Republican States and will send two Senators of that political faith to the United States Senate.

President Cleveland takes no blame to himself for the result of the elections, and is said to be "living in an atmosphere of consecrated satisfaction."

GOV. ALTGELD'S OPINION.

The Landslide Caused by the Administration's Treachery.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 7.—Gov. Altgeld believes the result of the elections is due in large degree to the administration's treachery.

"How will this affect the silver movement?" he was then asked.

"Oh, I don't know. While the silver platform has been roughly treated in the Eighteenth district in this State, it has yet fared a great deal better than the gold platforms in other States. Two years ago we lost the Eighteenth district by nearly 3,000; this time it seems Mr. Hadley has carried it by about 2,100, and, considering the fact that the causes which worked against the Democratic party in the other States also worked against it there, and the further fact that Mr. Tanner as Chairman of the Republican Committee, has lately been in New York arranging to carry the Eighteenth district, why, the result is favorable when compared with that in other States.

"For example, Iowa went Democratic several times, but two years ago, in the great landslide, it went Republican by about 33,000 majority. This year, when the Democrats held their State Convention, it was packed by postmasters and the agents of the Federal administration, and they adopted a platform indorsing Cleveland's policy on the money question, and as a result the great Republican majority of two years ago, instead of being held down, has doubled. Drake, the Republican, who was a weak candidate for Governor, having a majority of upward of 60,000. In Kentucky, the great strength of Democracy, the Federal administration, by prostitution of patronage, secured an indorsement of Cleveland and Carlisle on the money question, and as a result the Democrats are in the woods looking for the remains of their once mighty party. In Ohio Senator Brice and Campbell defeated the silver plank in the convention and adopted a platform, and as a result the phenomenal Republican majority which McKinley got in the landslide of two years ago has been increased. Bushnell being elected by upward of 80,000 majority. In Pennsylvania the Democrats adopted a gold plank, and the result is a Republican majority of 150,000. In New Jersey the Democrats adopted a gold platform, and as a result the Republicans have carried everything in sight. In Maryland, which has been strongly Democratic for a quarter of a century, the Democrats adopted a gold platform, and as a result there were not enough of them left to bury their dead. In New York the Democrats adopted a gold platform, and as a result the Republican majorities outside of the city have been nearly doubled. In Massachusetts they adopted the same platform, and as a consequence the Republican flood is neck deep all over the State. So that if the election is to be considered as a rejection of the silver platform in the Eighteenth district of Illinois, then it must be also regarded as the most emphatic condemnation of the gold platforms in the other States of the Union ever known."

HAS CLEARED THE FIELD.

In 1896 the Office May Seek the Man on the Democratic Side.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.—There is a grim smile over the revenges which time has brought in the overthrow of certain Democratic leaders, whose course has not been regarded as Democratic. It cannot be discovered that any friend of tariff reform in Washington grieves over the defeat of Bynum or Turner or Bailey. Indeed, to these two men has been ascribed no small part of the scandal of the Senate conspiracy against the Wilson bill. It is not deemed possible that either can hereafter play the prominent part he has aspired to in the past.

The defeat in Maryland is looked upon not as a defeat of the Democracy, but of Senator Gorman and the machine.

It is not considered possible that the overwhelming Republican majority in the coming House can be restrained from committing the fatuous blunders of extravagance and reckless legislation which have been punished by defeat so often in the past. There is a belief that Tuesday's result will clear the field of presidential candidates. As a Cabinet officer remarked to-day: "There will be a strong disposition next year to let the office seek the man."

BRADLEY'S BEE.

Kentucky's Governor-Elect May Be a Presidential Candidate.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 7.—There are indications that Gov.-elect W. O. Bradley will be put forward as a candidate for the Presidency before the Republican National Convention. The friends of Gov. Morton are urging the Bradley people to support the New York man on the ground that the retention of a geographical positions of New York and Kentucky would render Morton's nomination for President almost decisive in favor of Bradley's nomination for Vice-President. On the other hand the McKinley men are urging that McKinley and Bradley would make the strongest ticket that could be put up, because of the personal magnetism of the two men, and the prestige that they enjoy of having won many gallant victories. It is also urged in favor of the Ohio-Kentucky combination that it would thus divest the ticket of any extreme tendencies on either the currency or tariff question, both men representing States in which manufacturing and agricultural interests are of nearly equal importance, and where public sentiment is decidedly conservative.

Triumph Over Bosses.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.—Ex-Senator George F. Edmunds of Vermont, who is in Washington, said:

"I regard the result of Tuesday's election as a triumph of Republican and Democratic principles over bossism. It is a triumph of real Democracy, and I have always been intensely Democratic."

A Burglar Got Two Years.

Wm. Lay, colored, charged with burglary and larceny, pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the Criminal Court Thursday and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. June 14 last Lay stole some clothing from A. Perkins of 1421 St. Charles street.

Low Round Trip.

RATES TO TEXAS.

Nov. 13 and 27, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway will sell cheap round trip Homeseekers' Excursion tickets to all points in Texas. The "Katy Flyer" leaves at 5:30 p. m. daily. City Ticket Office, 108 North Broadway and Union Station.

Solid Gold. ONLY $18.00

Solid Gold Stem-Winding Open-Face Ladies' Chatelain Watch, ONLY $18.00

Solid Gold. ONLY $20.00

Solid Gold Stem-Winding Watch, Engraved Case, with Our Guaranteed "Constant" Movement, Only..... $20.00

Solid Gold. ONLY $25.00

Solid Gold Stem-Winding Watch, Handsomely Engraved Case with Our Guaranteed "Constant" Movement. Only..... $25.00

Solid Gold. ONLY $30.00

Solid 14kt. Gold Stem-Winding Watch, Plain Engine Turned Case, with Our Guaranteed "Constant" Movement. Only..... $30.00

EXTRAORDINARY OFFERS IN

New Solid Gold Watches for Ladies.

Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway, Cor. Locust.

☛ You cannot elsewhere in America obtain such remarkable value for the money as from the

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY COMPANY, BROADWAY COR. LOCUST ST.

Fifty years of continuous successful experience in making and selling Watches enables them to positively offer: 1st. The Finest Qualities. 2d. Accurate Time-Keepers. 3d. Lowest Prices. Before purchasing, your own interest requires that you examine their stock, as they will save you money and give you the best goods.

Solid Gold, ONLY $40.00

Solid Gold Stem-Winding Watch Engraved All Over, with Our Guaranteed "Standard" Movement, Only $40.00

Solid Gold, ONLY $45.00

Solid 14kt. Gold Stem-Winding watch, Beautifully Engraved, with Our Guaranteed "Standard" Movement, ONLY $45.00

Solid Gold, ONLY $50.00

Solid 14kt Gold, Vermicelli and Star Engraved Stem-Winding Watch, with Our Guaranteed "Standard" Movement, ONLY $50.00

Solid Gold, ONLY $60.00

Solid 14kt Gold Stem-Winding Watch, Polished or Satin Case, with Our Guaranteed "A. S. Mermod" Movement, ONLY $60.00

☛ FREE.—Write for It—New Catalogue. Over 2500 Illustrations. ☚

Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.,

Broadway, Cor. Locust St.

HER METHODS EXPLAINED.

Alice Hamilton Tells How She Worked as a Shoplifter.

HER FRIEND WARREN DAVIS.

He Is a Clerk and Always Called on Her When He Came to Town.

Bright and early Thursday morning a small army of merchants and their employes again besieged Chief of Detectives Desmond's office for the purpose of identifying goods stolen from their respective stores in the unidentified plunder stolen by Alice L. Hamilton. The greater portion of her looting was identified by the owners Wednesday, but Thursday morning goods worth about $1,000 still remained unclaimed. These articles were most of them identified before noon.

The great mental strain undergone by Miss Hamilton since her arrest has begun to have its effect. When seen in the detention room during the morning by a Post-Dispatch reporter she presented a pitiable appearance. Seated in a low chair in a corner with her face bowed between her hands she was sobbing as though her heart would break. In answer to an inquiry she stated that she had not been to bed all night, but had remained seated where she was meditating on her sins and praying for forgiveness. She added that she had given up all hope of clemency and felt that she would be sent to the penitentiary for a long term.

"If this strain keeps up," she said, "they will never send me to prison, but to a graveyard instead, for I can't stand this sort of thing much longer."

Matron Harris says that in her opinion the prisoner is a very sick woman. She spent several hours with her Wednesday trying to soothe and comfort her, and to persuade her to go to bed, without avail.

The fact that Miss Hamilton indulged her thieving propensities for such a length of time and on such an extensive scale without being sooner detected has brought forth expressions of wonder on all sides. Even skilled detectives who have spent years in dealing with crooks of all kinds and learning their habits state that they never heard of a parallel case.

When asked to explain how she managed to escape detection so long Miss Hamilton replied:

"Oh! please don't ask me. I don't know. I never took any particular precaution. I suppose it was the very boldness and 'don't care' spirit I exhibited in taking the goods that disarmed the suspicion of the clerks."

"It has only been during the last two years that I stole any large articles, things such as capes, cloaks, etc. Before that I confined my attention exclusively to small articles, such as pocketbooks, gloves, handkerchiefs, stockings, and, in fact, any little nicknacks I fancied. I would go up to a counter where such goods were displayed, and after examining them and selecting the article I wanted, I would wait until the clerk's back was turned and then slip it into my pocket. Such a thing as being detected and arrested for theft did not enter my mind.

"Sometimes I would go out of a store with all my pockets filled with articles I had stolen. Such things as hats, books, etc., I would slip under my cape.

"In the cloak departments of the big stores I found that the saleswomen did not watch customers very closely. When I began to steal these articles I would select some store where the clerks appeared to be very busy. I would wear no wrap when I went in. I would busy myself trying on a number of garments, and noticing their fit, etc., in the glass. When I found one to be busy I would watch my opportunity and quietly walk out of the store with it on. I did this once too often, as it was in this way I was caught."

When asked to explain the meaning of the telegram she received on the day of her arrest, dated at Lebanon, Mo., and signed "Warren," in which the sender stated that he would see her in St. Louis in a day or two, she explained that it was sent by Warren Davis, a young dry goods clerk of Lebanon whom she had met while visiting there about a year ago. She said there was a warm friendship between them and that whenever she intended to visit St. Louis he sent her word and called on her. She positively denied that he knew anything of her dishonest transactions, but admitted that once or twice she had sent him presents which she had stolen.

Although Miss Hamilton seems to feel her position keenly and says she would give her life to undo her sins, she admits that she does not think that she is even now cured of her propensity to steal and fears that she would not have strength enough to resist the impulse if she should be released.

"I would be afraid to trust myself," she said, "and would never enter a store without having a companion with me who knew of my failing and would guard against my giving way to temptation.

"I know I will have to suffer for my sins, but I will try to bear my punishment bravely, as I know I deserve it. When I am free I will go to some distant city, bury the past and begin life anew."

Miss Hamilton's case is in the hands of the Grand-Jury. Mr. Charles Barney of Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney and representatives of Barry and of B. Nugent & Bro. visited the young woman this morning and after a long interview with her concluded that she was not a kleptomaniac and that they should prosecute her. They accordingly went before the Grand-Jury.

"I am going to see that she is vigorously prosecuted," said Prosecuting Attorney Mulvihill Thursday. He had called at the warrant office to see if warrants had been issued against Miss Hamilton and he was told that no application had been made.

"Well, you tell Col. Johnson to issue a warrant this afternoon," added Mr. Mulvihill. "I am going to make this a test case. This kleptomaniac plea is getting to be a chestnut and a fad, by which well-connected women escape prosecution. I am going to see whether or not it will work in this case."

Constant C. Antoine, the betrothed of Miss Hamilton, was seen at the china store, 613 Franklin avenue, where he is employed. His eyes were red, his voice husky, and he was decidedly nervous.

When he told the reporter he had not slept a wink all night, and was in no condition to work or talk, his appearance confirmed the statement.

He was asked if he intended to do—whether he would marry the girl or throw her over. He was greatly agitated, and so vigorously did he wield his feather duster that he overturned several pieces of chinaware on the shelf.

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He Was a Regular Worker.

James Maners of 1217 Geyer avenue drove a wagon load of coal into Mrs. Kate Buer's yard at 1060 Ann avenue Thursday and asked Michael Kane to help him unload it. Michael worked hard and made such progress that Maners returned to quit and go across the street after some beer. When he returned he found that Kane had pocketed $5 for the week from Mrs. Buer and departed. Kane was arrested and a warrant for petit larceny was sworn out.

MISSOURI'S SUNDAY SCHOOLS

Thirtieth Annual Convention of the State Association.

SEDALIA, Mo., Nov. 7.—The thirtieth annual convention of the Missouri State Sunday-school Association is in session at the First M. E. Church. President D. R. Wolfe of St. Louis formally opened the convention and introduced Mr. Louis Hoffman of Sedalia, who made the address of welcome. Dr. O. M. Stewart of St. Louis responded and was seconded by Mr. Greenwood, Jr., of the same city. T. J. Porter of Galena told of the requirements in a good county convention. A. H. Culver of Butler spoke of the needs of a good county secretary and Miss Fannie Hudelson of Bevier of the essentials to success in a county treasurer. M. D. Dudley of Paynesville read a paper entitled, "A Good Township Association." C. D. Meigs of Indianapolis conducted a question box on the topics mentioned. Rev. George E. Martin, D. D., of St. Louis delivered an address entitled, "World-wide Sunday-school Work," tracing the origin of the Bible class back to the Jewish period.

State Superintendent W. J. Senneldroth, in his annual report, spoke of the need of money, and told of a plan in the shape of a silver league card, put into the hands of one member, who pledged himself to induce ten of his best friends to pledge themselves to subscribe $1. In this way he had raised $1,705 at sixteen county conventions. There were, the report said, 1,129 persons in Missouri studying the complete normal manual. Missouri workers would take pride in the fact that the Missouri manual was being used in forty different States, five Canadian provinces, one foreign country and ten colleges. The report recommended that the State Executive Committee be empowered to appoint four assistant treasurers to co-operate with the State Treasurer to organize and push a financial campaign and that as soon as possible four field workers should be employed to give their entire attention to each one of the four divisions into which they should divide the State.

Papers were then read as follows: A. A. Buxton of Kansas City dealt with the question of a model Sunday-school. "A Good Superintendent" was the subject treated of by C. J. Loomis of Bevier. Mrs. Mary Grant's topic was "A Good Sunday-School Teacher." Rev. Frederick E. Taylor of St. Louis told what was necessary to secure a good teachers' meeting. L. L. Allen of Pierce City read a paper on the "Home Class Department," written by his wife, who was unable to be present. This was supplemented by some remarks from International Superintendent Reynolds.

At last night's session State Treasurer Wm. Randolph of St. Louis made the presentation of banners to the two counties which had accomplished the most efficient work during the year. The first, or gold banner, was given to Stone County; the silver emblem of victory going to Lawrence County. Delegates Porter of Stone County and Allen of Lawrence County made responses.

Prof. W. W. White, D. D., of the Moody Institute of Chicago, delivered an address on the Bible, in which he contended that the evidence contained in the gospel of St. John was such that it would be accepted in a modern court of justice.

The Missouri Association has 884,855 children of all denominations enrolled out of 928,389 children of school age, 6,897 schools and 66,993 officers and teachers. It represents the associations of 114 counties—every county in the State—and of 1,170 townships.

OBSOLETE FIRE FIGHTING.

A Ball to Raise Money to Preserve Its Memory.

The Volunteer Firemen's Historical Society is making an effort to raise money to provide suitable quarters to properly preserve the history and relics of the old-time fire fighting methods.

For the purpose of raising the necessary money a ball will be given at the Union Club on Nov. 27. Invitations and tickets have been sent to a large number of persons who are interested in the work.

The invitations are signed by President James Luthy, Secretary Thomas Lynch and P. J. Pauly, Peter A. O'Neil, Lee A. Hall, Joseph Boyce, A. R. Hynson, John Maguire, Joseph W. Givens and L. L. Kitchen of the Executive Committee.

HELD FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.—Charles Living, alias Lee was arrested at Cook's Hotel, this city, on the charge of embezzling $187 from his employer, J. R. Hooper, a saleswoman of Mobile, Ala. Investigations is being held for the Mobile authorities.

MISSOURI SUPREME COURT.

Nineteen Opinions Were Delivered at Jefferson City To-Day.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 7.—Division No. 1 of the State Supreme Court was in session to-day. Opinions were delivered in nineteen cases as follows:

Chicago, Santa Fe and California Railroad Co., appellant, vs. Ruben Eubanks, respondent; Christian County; proceedings for condemnation of right of way; reversed with directions that Circuit Court enter judgment for defendant for $1,600.

Hester S. Davis et al., appellants, vs. Nellie Scovern et al., respondents, Cole County; equity to have defendants declared trustees for certain lands; reversed and remanded with directions to render judgment for defendants.

State ex rel. Gibson, respondent, vs. St. Louis, Keokuk and Northwestern Railway Co.; reversed.

Thomas J. Seehorn, administrator, et al., respondents, vs. William A. Hall et al., appellants, Jackson county, suit to recover one-half of a commission for sale of cattle ranch in Colorado; affirmed.

State ex rel. C. Hartley, relator, vs. R. E. Rouber et al., judges, respondents; mandamus to compel the transfer to Supreme Court of the case of Hartley vs. Hartley; writ of mandamus awarded.

Elizabeth Dunne, respondent, vs. Kansas City Cable Railway Company, appellants, Jackson County; action for damages for personal injuries; affirmed.

Ellen D. Gunn et al., appellants, vs. James S. Thurston et al., respondents; partition of real estate; reversed and remanded.

Goodrich et al., respondents, vs. Harrison et al., appelants, Bates County, partition of 480 acres of land; affirmed.

Lemmon, appellant, vs. Lincoln et al., respondents; suit on mortgages for real property; transferred to Court of Appeals.

Martha Belk, appellant, vs. Henry Hamilton et al., respondents, Dekalb County; damages for road; reversed and remanded.

Howard County, respondent, vs. Chicago and Alton Railway Co., appellant, Howard County; damages $200 for throwing rock into a creek, thus injuring a bridge; affirmed.

Levi Parker, appellant, vs. Oran Cassinghane, respondent; Carroll County, ejectment for land; affirmed and remanded for new trial.

Louisa Lners, respondent, vs. the City of St. Louis, appellant, damages for personal injuries for being thrown from a buggy on Papin street, St. Louis, and judgment for $2,100 affirmed.

Sylvester Coal Co. et al., appellants, vs. City of St. Louis et al., respondents; appeal from a judgment sustaining a demurrer to plaintiff's petition; affirmed.

Josephine McGregor, administratrix, defendant in error, vs. James H. Pollard, plaintiff in error, St. Louis County; partition for real estate; transferred to St. Louis Court of Appeals.

T. C. Bradley et al., respondents, vs. Joseph Reppell, appellant, Jackson County, ejectment for land in Kansas City; reversed and remanded with directions.

Wilson vs. Knox County; transferred to Court en banc.

Robert Linville et al., respondents, vs. William Hartley, appellant, Lafayette County, ejectment for land; affirmed and remanded for a new trial.

Matilda Hollein, respondent, vs. City of St. Louis, appellant, judgment for $900, for personal injuries; affirmed.

Burglars Injured by an Explosion.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 7.—While two burglars were in a grocery in St. Clair street last night some gasoline exploded, blowing out the front doors and windows and strewing the stock about the floor. The two burglars ran out the front door, one of them badly cut about the face and bleeding profusely. Several persons passing the store were slightly injured by flying bits of glass. The building took fire, but the flames were extinguished. It is supposed that one of the men laid a lighted cigar on the tank.

More Bank Failure Arrests.

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 7.—Bank Examiner Charles Clary had Cashier W. D. Peters of the failed National Bank arrested on a charge of falsely entering a special deposit of $10,000 to deceive the Comptroller. City Treasurer McCauley, ex-Treasurer Boggs and County Treasurer Hedges have all been arrested on charges growing out of developments following the failure. McCauley and Hedges are accused of drawing interest on their own account from public moneys deposited in the bank by them.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney DRY GOODS CO.

FRIDAY SALE OF

Black and Colored Dress Goods.

Over 500 pieces HIGH GRADE DRESS FABRICS, secured by our department buyer on account of late arrival, at a price away below value, and will be offered to our trade accordingly. The goods consist of:

$2.00 All-Wool 50-inch Illuminated Tailoring Checks,
$1.75 All-Wool 50-inch Bannockburn Tweeds,
$1.75 Scotch Cheviots,
$1.75 English Tailoring Mixtures,
$1.50 Chameleon Jacquards, $1.50 Novelty Suitings, etc.,
All this Season's Most Fashionable Fabrics,
FRIDAY THE PRICE 83 CENTS.

Black Goods Section comprises every weave that is fashionable in French, British and German Black Goods, such as
$1.50 All-Wool Armures, $1.50 All-Wool Granites,
$1.50 All-Wool Mohair Brocades,
$1.25 All-Wool Jacquards, $1.25 English All-Wool Storm Serges, $1.25 All-Wool Cheviots,
$1.25 Figured British Mohair Sicilians,
$1.00 All-Wool French Serges, etc.
FRIDAY THE PRICE 69 CENTS.

THURSDAY, NOV. 7, and FRIDAY, NOV. 8,

Our Millinery Department

Will Offer a Line of OPERA, RECEPTION and EVENING BONNETS and HATS, Also a beautiful selection of FUR-TRIMMED SETS Suitable for Street and Evening Wear.

OPENING TO-MORROW

Of the entire remainder of our late

New York Purchase of Winter Wraps.

On this occasion will offer the Largest Selection of MEDIUM and FINE WRAPS that has ever been shown in this city, and at the LOWEST PRICES equal goods have ever been marked.

Domestic Department.

Basement Salesroom.

SPECIAL SALE OF BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED COTTONS AT MANUFACTURERS' COST. FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ONLY

The following well known Standard Brands At Actual Cost.

4-4 Fruit of the Loom, 8c; 4-4 Lonsdale, 8c;
4-4 Hills Semper Idem, 7½c;
4-4 Forest Mills, 6¾c.
All 8-4, 9-4 and 10-4 Sheeting, Bleached and Brown, at Equally Low Prices.

WITH THE PLAYER-FOLK.

Local music-lovers who overlooked the Tavary Opera Company's production of "Faust" missed a musical treat indeed. Tavary's Marguerite was a work of high art. Vocally the Russian artiste is at her best this week and her dramatic ability is in charming contrast to the generally cold and awkward bearing of prima donnas.

Her familiar numbers were given in a manner that did not pale by contrast and in the magnificent trio with which the opera climaxes her vibrant tones carried her audience to the extremity of enthusiasm.

The Chevalier Albert Guille does not compare physically with other Fausts seen and remembered here, but his vocal efforts are beyond comparison. "Salve Dimora," sung with surpassing purity of tone and dramatic intensity, evoked a great demonstration and the artist graciously repeated it.

To-night's programme is given over entirely to the music of the new school. Mme. Tavary will appear as Santuzza in "Cavelleria Rusticana." In "Pagliacci" Miss Lichter will sing Nedda, Mr. Schuster, Tonio and Canio will no doubt receive incomparable treatment at the hands of Chevalier Guille.

Something good is promised at the Grand Opera-house next week, when Thomas Q. Seabrooke presents there his latest, and some say his greatest, success, entitled "A World of Trouble." The authors are Harry and Edward Paulton, whose "Niobe" and "Ermine" almost everybody is familiar with. "A World of Trouble" tells of the difficulties into which mistaken identity will involve an innocent man. It is a farcical comedy and is said to be replete with laughable situations and genuine humor. Mr. Seabrooke has made a distinct success wherever he has been this season. In Boston he was congratulated by the critics because of his abandonment of comic opera, and in Chicago several dramatic experts went so far as to declare that Mr. Seabrooke is the foremost comedian in America. The supporting company, judging by the names, should be efficient. The cast includes Miss Frolliett Paget, formerly with Augustin Daly and Rosina Vokes; Miss Jeanette Lowrie, last season with Roland Reed; Miss Mattie Earle, Miss Daisy Lovering, Wm. Herbert, Thomas Oberle, Adolph Jackson, Edwin Naidd and Roy Fairchild. In all likelihood Mr. Seabrook, before leaving the city, will produce Leander Richardson's new comedy, entitled "Baby Mine."

William H. Crane, the comedian, has had a most successful tour this season. In all of the cities in which he has been seen he has attracted large audiences, and his new play, "His Wife's Father," has left behind it a very pleasing impression. Manager Short of the Olympic wrote the comedian yesterday that the outlook for the success of his stay in this city next week was very encouraging. The character which the star assumes is said to gave him rare opportunities for his robust comedy and the play as a whole has been highly praised. In Mr. Crane's support are Miss Anne O'Neill, Edwin Arden, Eleanor Barry, Dallas Tyler, Blanche Burton, Maude Carlisle, Mrs. Kate Denin Wilson, Percy Brooke, Joseph Wheelock, Jr., George F. De Vere, William Boag, E. D. Tyler and Gus V. De Vere.

There is to be another drama of Bowery life at Havlin's next week, and in it that distinctive product of New York, Steve Brodie, will make his first appearance in St. Louis as an actor. This man Brodie is a strange character. Born in the slums and reared in an atmosphere which breeds paupers and criminals, he has lifted himself out of the rut and become actually wealthy. His daring bridge jumping brought him notoriety and his natural business sense has enabled him to take advantage of it.

The play in which he appears is, of course, a melodrama. It is claimed for it that without Brodie it possesses sufficient strength to gain popular approval. Brodie has the part of a Bowery saloon keeping hero. He does not have to act. He simply appears as Steve Brodie and this is why they say he has made a hit.

The attraction at the Standard next week will be Field & Hanson's Drawing Cards, headed by the musical comedians whose names appear in the title of the organization.

The first concert of the Apollo Club at the Germania will be rendered Nov. 26. The soloists on this occasion will be Miss Clementine De Vere-Sapio, the prima donna who has lately returned to America after a three years' tour of Europe and Australia, and Frank Cedrick, the violinist, of whom Dr. Edward Hausliick, the famous critic, compared to Joachim, and the Liege, Belgium, (the home of Ysaye and Thomson) papers enlogized so highly.

Mr. Lester Crawford states that the rehearsals are progressing finely, and the coming season promises to be the most successful since the club's inception. Applications for membership are so great that the examination is made severe, insuring a standard of competency and excellence in the chorus.

For the second concert, in February, Miss Lillian Blauvelt and M. Sauret, a noted French violinist, have been engaged.

ALTON NEWS.

Mrs. Emanuel Flaharty has been granted a pension of $8 a month and $343.30 back pay.

The funeral of the late Mr. E. B. Merriwether took place Wednesday morning, services being held at the home on Common street. Rev. G. W. Smith of the Presbyterian Church officiated. The remains were taken to Shipman for interment and the pallbearers were Messrs. R. Mc. Kinney, W. S. Nixon, Jos. Hamill, F. J. Rue, E. M. Dorsey and E. P. Wade.

Mr. Thomas Miller of Glasgow, Mo., and Miss Kate Redmond of North Alton, were married Wednesday morning at the Cathedral, Rev. E. L. Spalding performing the ceremony. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Sadie Redmond, and Mr. Norman Challacombe served as best man.

License to marry was issued yesterday to Mr. Frank Culp of Bethalto and Miss Mary Huddleston of Posterburg; also W. Dallas, and Miss Rose Sawade, both of St. Louis.

The Board of Education has reorganized and President H. M. Carr has appointed the following standing committees: Finance, Insurance and Auditing—Messrs. Stowell and Finke. Text Books—Messrs. Stowell, Levis and Supt. R. A. Haight. Buildings—Messrs. Starr, Finke and Levis.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Kauffman and Mr. Edwin Duffield of the city were in attendance at the Stanard-Chew wedding last night.

Col. F. L. Morrell left last night for Chicago, where he will join Gov. Altgeld and staff on their trip to Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. John J. Brenholt entertained the Ladies' Round Table Club Wednesday afternoon at her home on State street.

A HARD-WORKING WOMAN

—sooner or later suffers from backache, nervous, worn-out feelings, or a sense of weight in the abdomen, dragging down sensations and dizziness. It will all come to an end with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for it's woman's special tonic and nervine; it restores her strength, regulates and promotes all the natural functions and makes a new woman of her. Uterine debility, irregularity and inflammation are most often the cause of the extreme nervousness and irritability of some women—the medicine to cure it is "Prescription" of Dr. Pierce. All the aches, pains and weaknesses of womanhood vanish where it is faithfully employed. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is therefore just the medicine for young girls just entering womanhood and for women at the critical "change of life."

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

CURES THE WORST CASES.

Mr. HOMER CLARK, of No. 208 West 3d Street, Erie, Pa., writes: "My wife was troubled with female weakness and ulcers of the uterus, and after using several bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' she is entirely cured. She was troubled very much with pain in the back, and could not sleep nights. Now she sleeps well, and has continued well since she took your medicine."

MRS. CLARK.

HOW TO REACH THE SOUTH POLE.

Its Unknown Continent as Large as North America.

The most remarkable part of the earth, and as large as all North America, still unexplored! This astonishing fact was announced only a month ago before the International Geographical Congress by a brave and venturesome Norwegian who had but recently set foot on this great terra incognita, and had come back to tell of his wonderful experience. Borchgrevinck aroused the greatest interest by his narrative, and all the great geographers and explorers have ever since been discussing the possibilities of a trip to Antartica.

Borchgrevinck's claim that he is the first man who ever set foot upon the mainland of the southern circumpolar continent is probably true. Possibly whalers have been driven far out of their course and touched its outlying confines, but what they learned of its character, if they ever returned to the haunts of men to tell, is nowhere of record. But few navigators have endeavored to cross within the circle, and its mysteries remain to this day.

It is over 50 years since any scientific expedition sailed into those lonely waters. Within the next twelve or eighteen months an expedition will start due south from Australia; Dr. Frederick A. Cook will set sail for the same latitude from New York, and a fleet of whalers from Dundee, in search of new schools of Jonah-swallowers, will head their vessels to the same point of the compass. Last and not least, Baron Nordenskjold expects soon to find himself far in the south in search of the unknown continent. It is likely, therefore, that before the close of this century, we shall know considerably more about the great land which has long been believed to exist.

That a great body of land is situated at the antipodes of the north pole was a favorite belief of navigators almost as far back as the time of Columbus. During that wonderful period of enterprise and discovery following the landing of the Spaniards upon the shores of the Western Continent the spirit of the conquerors could not rest while any section of the globe remained unvisited.

In 1567 Lope Garcia de Castro, Governor of Peru, sent his nephew, Alvaro Mendena, in search of the fabled terra Australis incognita of the Southern Ocean. The young man made no important discoveries, however. In 1605 Pedro Fernandez de Quirros sailed from Callao and discovered land, which he called Australia del Espiritu Santo—now known to have been one of the New Hebrides. In 1599 Capt. Dirk Gerritz of Rotterdam was blown out of the Straits of Magellan in a storm and found land in latitude 68 degrees 8 minutes. This was one of the South Shetlands.

In 1671 La Roche discovered the solitary island now known as South Georgia. Even Kerguelen Island, in latitude 48 degrees 41 minutes—almost the latitude of England—was not found till 1772. That great navigator, Capt. Cook, crossed the antarctic circle in the good ships Resolution and Adventure in January, 1773, and was stopped by the ice after reaching 67 degrees 15 minutes. In January, 1774, he reached 78 degrees 15 minutes, which was his highest latitude. In this last voyage Capt. Cook circumnavigated the southern pole.

In 1820 the Russian expedition under Bellinghausen discovered the islets of Petra and Alexandria. In 1821 Capt. George Powell discovered the South Orkneys. In 1831 Capt. John Briscoe discovered Enderby's Land, but did not get within twenty miles of it by reason of the ice. He also discovered Adelaide Island and landed on it. To him must be given the credit of the first discovery of any part of the antarctic continent. In 1838 Capt. John Bellew and Capt. Freena discovered a group of volcanic islands, one peak of which rose to a height of 12,000 feet. In 1839 Dumont d'Urville discovered Terre Adelle and Cote Clair, two islands.

It remained, however, for Capt. Charles Wilkes, commanding the United States exploring expedition, during the years 1838-42, to really discover, explore and make certain the existence of continental land around the southern pole. England claimed the credit of this discovery, and asserted that Wilkes did not find the land as described. France likewise claimed the honor of the first discovery of the antarctic continent.

The voyage of her majesty's ships, the Erebus and the Terror, was a remarkably interesting one. Capt. Sir James Clark Ross sailed from England in the year 1839, and was gone nearly four years. The Erebus was a bomb of 370 tons, of strong build and a capacious hold. The second vessel appointed for the service was of 340 tons. The Terror had already had some remarkable experiences in Arctic explorations, and had been strengthened for contending with the ice.

The Erebus and Terror struck south along a much more easterly meridian than that followed by the American explorers, and reached a considerably higher latitude, or, at least, that has always been the claim of Great Britain. Capt. Ross's report is manifestly sarcastic when speaking of the great discoveries of both the American and French expeditions. There is, however, hardly any good reason to doubt the genuineness of Ross' discoveries.

On Jan. 28 Capt. Ross discovered a magnificent mountain, and, standing to the southward to reach it, found it to be a volcano 12,400 feet high and emitting flame and smoke in great profusion. He named it Mount Erebus. An extinct volcano to the eastward, little inferior in height, was called Mount Terror. The two ships were run towards this high land, but the ice was soon encountered again and the vessels were stopped many miles from the mainland.

The barrier presented an extraordinary appearance, gradually increasing in height as it was approached, and proving at length to be a perpendicular cliff of crystal, between one hundred and fifty and two hundred feet above the level of the sea, perfectly flat and level at the top, and without any fissures or promontories on its even seaward face. What was immediately beyond it could not be imagined, for being much higher than the ship's masthead, nothing could be seen but the summits of the lofty mountains. The obstruction was absolutely insurmountable, and after making 78 degrees, 4 minutes south, as the highest latitude reached, Capt. Ross gradually made his way back into warmer waters.

With the departure of Capt. Ross from that terra incognita of the South Polar Sea a half century ago, its darkness and desolation became a memory only. Borchgrevinck, Cook, and Nordenskjold have reawakened the interest of the world in it. What will the new century have to record of its geography, its present lift, its geologic history?

They Soothed Him.

A few weeks ago, says G. A. Sala apropos of the street music trade, I asked an artist friend of mine who had taken a large studio in rather a poor neighborhood of Chelsea, "Won't you be driven nearly crazy from the nuisance of the hurdy-gurdies?" "Oh, no, I like them," he replied "They soothe me." Well, what is one man's meat is another man's poison, and as it is with food so it is, I suppose, with street music.

How Tennyson Asked for an Apple.

From the West minster Gazette.

Mr. Sherard adds that his father used to tell him that when he was a boy he once met Tennyson at a dinner party and that he was very frightened at his appearance. "Tennyson was at that time very sallow—almost yellow—and had long black hair. At dessert the poet bent across the table and addressed my father, in front of whom was placed a dish of fruit, and said: 'Evolve me an apple.' I did not know what he wanted me to do,' said my father."

Definition of the Honeymoon.

A London newspaper offered a prize for the best definition of the honeymoon, and one of the striking answers was, "The only time in a man's existence when he does not care a rap for expense."

Correct.

A small boy in one of the public schools was asked to define a demagogue. "A demagogue," he said, "is a vessel that holds wine, gin, whisky or any other liquor."

Mississippi's Ruined Popcorn Crop.

From the Quitman Quill.

There will be no popcorn saved this year, the hot weather having "popped" it in the field on the ear.

The Searchlight of Criticism!

Only serves to bring into stronger relief the HIGH EXCELLENCE of QUALITY and LOW PRICES of our goods. Made in the finest factories in the world under the most economical conditions which capital and ample facilities afford. Buying in large quantities from first hands everything is done to lessen the COST and increase the QUALITY.

The results await your inspection. Our first floor is devoted to the sale of Men's Hats and Furnishing Goods, where you will find an elaborate assortment and everything in that line for Men's Wear at prices that cannot help but meet with your approval.

The Second Floor is exclusively for the sale of Boys' and Children's Clothing. We are showing a line of novelties in this department in Knee Pants Suits, Overcoats and Reefers. They range in price from $3.50 to $15.00. Our Boys' Long Pants Suits range in price from $7.50 to $18.00. Boys' Overcoats from $7.50 to $30.00.

The Third Floor is given up entirely to the sale of Men's Suits and Overcoats. We will show you a vast variety at prices ranging from $10.00 to $45.00, guaranteed to surpass anything ever shown in the city IN MAKE, STYLE, QUALITY AND FIT.

On the Fourth Floor you will find a complete stock of Ulsters, Mackintoshes, Rubber Goods and Bicycle Clothing. If you are contemplating purchasing anything in the above lines it will pay you to see ours before doing so.

THE UNION

720-722 Olive St.

Satisfaction or Your Money Back.

Close Evenings at 6:30.

THE UNION

READING A HORSE'S MIND.

An Astute Trainer's Method of Sizing Up His Equine Charge.

From the Salt Lake Herald.

Horses are almost as superstitious as men, but, unlike men, they can be reasoned with and made broad-minded, liberal, freethinking philosophers. The horse is the noblest animal that walks the earth. He has most of the good traits of the human race, with some of the bad ones.

"When a youth I was a cowboy," said Prof. Bartholomew, the horse-tamer, "and one of the rough riders of the West. Like other cowboys, I delighted in a bucking bronco, but I soon learned that the wildest horse can be tamed in an hour so that he will follow his rider about and let himself be ridden without a struggle. I have tamed hundreds of horses fresh from the prairies, and never failed to make a complete conquest in a short time. I treat horses as intelligent beings, and after a manner ask them if they can do things. Often they refuse, and again they say as plainly as if they used words, 'Why, yes, I can do that,' and they do it.

"I train my horses in classes. I take a dozen and ask each to do a certain thing. Some will start blindly, while others will step up briskly and say, 'Yes, I can do that.' Then I ask them to do something else, and then those who are quickest at first will halt, while others who made no response before are anxious to do the thing. Thus I soon learn the class of work each is especially fitted for, and develop them along their special lines. In this way they are just like men. Now, I have tried numerous ways to make a living outside of horses, but always fail and drift back to my hobby. Horses are like men in the amount of courage they can muster up. If I want a horse to do extra long jumps, I select a creature that is finely built and has all the physical qualities, but perhaps he is a coward and afraid to leap. Some little, half-developed creature possessed with a dare-devil spirit may outdo him in every respect."

Costly Dishes for Californians.

Colonel William Gardner went to California in 1849 and made a fortune out of a restaurant. He says that when a fellow took soup and did not pay for it before he commenced to eat it a waiter would walk up and stick a large syringe in the soup plate and suck it all up. As soon as the fellow could reach down in his pocket and pull out the money it would be spurted back in the plate again. The following is a bill of fare that the Colonel served at his restaurant:

Soup—Bean $1, oxtail $1.50. Roast—Beef, Mexican (prime cut) $1.50, plain $1, tame from the States, $1.50; beef up alone, $1; with one spud (fair size) $1.25. Vegetables—Baked beans, plain, 75 c; greased $1, two spuds (fair size), peeled, 75c; greased $1, two spuds (fair size), peeled, 75c. Entries—Sauerkraut $1, bacon, fried, $1; stuffed $1, hash, low grade, 75c; hash, eighteen karats, $1. Game—Codfish balls 75c, grizzly, roast, $1; grizzly, fried, 75c; jackass rabbit, (whole) $1; rice pudding, plain, 75c; with molasses, $1; rice pudding with brandy peaches, $2. Square meal $3, payable in advance. N. B. Gold scales at the head of the bar.

A Scientific Committee on Miracles.

From the New York Sun.

It is a curious story about the deeds of the "Miracle worker," Francis Schlatter, in Denver. The correspondent told of many cases, not easily explained, of persons suffering from different maladies, who seemed to be cured, or were greatly relieved at once, by clasping the hand of Schlatter or by touching it. Crowds of afflicted people stand in line daily, seeking his help, and many of them have told their singular experiences while under his "power." Mr. Schlatter is soon to leave Denver for an Eastward tour, and, after staying for a while in Chicago, will come to this city. We shall be pleased to observe his deeds here.

There was held in New York city last week, at the Gospel Tabernacle, a convention of the "Christian Alliance," at which many men and women, who once suffered under grievous afflictions, told how they had been cured by faith after physicians had failed to give relief. One woman testified that she had thus been cured of dropsy, another of cancer, and another of insanity; while men gave testimony of the same kind. An old soldier who had been deaf, declared that he had got back his hearing as soon as he "took his ears to the Lord."

The week before last a National Faith Cure Convention was held in Jersey City. Here there was a lot of testimony from people who believed that they had been healed of their infirmities through faith. Perhaps the most interesting case was that of Pastor Hancox, who narrated his own experience. He was at one time a sufferer from neuralgia of the heart, brought upon him by his potations, and he must have been a hard drinker, for he confessed that it had been his "habit to take three or four brandies before breakfast." While suffering from the neuralgia he got faith, and through his faith he was cured. So he earnestly testified in the presence of a large body of believers.

At the meeting of the Medico-Legal Society in this city last month, there were discussions on the subject of hypnotism, in which both physicians and lawyers took part; and some interesting statements were made concerning the exercise of the "hypnotic influence" in cases of disease and the results thereof.

Now it seems to us, as we read of the deeds of the Denver miracle worker, and of the experience of the New York and New Jersey faith curists, and of the mysteries of hypnotism, that the best science of the age might properly be asked to take account of them. We propose, therefore, that as soon as Mr. Schlatter of Denver shall come to this city, and shall begin to perform his deeds, a half dozen or a dozen of our most respected and trustworthy men of science shall organize a "Scientific Committee upon Miracles," and shall make a full and searching investigation of the deeds that may be done here by Mr. Schlatter. Every member of the committee ought to be a man of open mind, wholly free from prejudice, and brave enough to report in exact accordance with the evidence. If they find miracle or mystery outside of science, let the fact be made known by them.

We can think of no man in the country or in the world better fitted by his nature, his experience, and his scientific knowledge for the Presidency of the committee here suggested than the Hon. Andrew D. White, at one time President of Cornell University, more recently Minister of the United States at St. Petersburg, and the author of that notable book, "The Warfare of Science." Mr. White would surely see to it that fair play was given to Mr. Schlatter, who is regarded in Denver and other places as a man of superhuman powers, and who, moreover, is singular in that he charges nothing for the exercise of them.

The Songs of Fall.

From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Only the rush of the breezes cool,
Through the bleak branches straying—
The laughter of children tripping to school,
Merry and glad in their playing.

Only a bell with its vibrant thrill
To startle the poor in-dweller—
Only a pert young man with a bill
For the coal dumped down in the cellar.

AFTER EATING HASHEESH.

The Peculiar Mental Condition Which Came to One and All.

From the Cornhill Magazine.

During quite a good half hour I felt nothing in any way abnormal, but when the meal was drawing to its close a subtle warmth, which came, as it were, in gusts to my head and chest, seemed to permeate my body with a singular emotion. Later on the conversation around me reached my understanding, charged with droll significance. The noise of a fork tapped against a glass struck my ear as a most harmonious vibration. The faces of my companions were transformed. The particular animal type which, according to Lavater, is the basis of every human countenance, appeared to me strikingly clear. My right hand neighbor became an eagle, he on my left grew into an owl, with full projecting eyes; immediately in front of me the man was a lion, while the doctor himself was metamorphosed into a fox.

But the most extraordinary circumstance was that I read, or seemed to read, their thoughts and penetrate the depth of their intelligence as easily as one deciphers a page printed in large type. Like an experienced phrenologist I could indicate accurately the force and quality of their endowments and the nature of their sentiments; in this analysis I discovered affinities and contrasts which would have escaped one in a normal state.

Objects around me seemed little by little to clothe themselves in fantastic garb, the arabesques of the walls revealed themselves to me in rich rhymes of attractive poesy, sometimes melancholy but more generally rising to an exaggerated lyrism or to transcendent buffoonery. The porcelain vases, the bottles, the glasses sparkling on the table—all took the most ludicrous forms. At the same time I felt creeping all around the region of my heart a tickling pressure, to squeeze out, as it were, with gentle force, a laugh which burst forth with noisy violence.

My neighbors, too, seemed subjected to an identical influence, for I saw their faces unfold like peonies—victims of boisterous hilarity, holding their sides and rolling about from right to left their countenances swollen like Titans. My voice seemed to have gained considerable strength, for when I spoke it was as if it were a discharge of cannon, and long after I had uttered a sentence I heard in my brain the reverberation, as it were, of distant thunder.

A New York Street Racket.

From the Detroit Free Press.

I was looking in a show window one day on Ann street when a young man of good address stepped up on my left, and while seeming to give all his attention to the window, he whispered:

"Stranger, I want to say something to you. Don't turn your head, and don't exhibit surprise."

"Is an anarchist about to hit me in the back with a bomb?" I asked.

"Oh, no. I wish to say to you sir, that want has driven me to commit an offense against the law."

"And you want to trade hats with me to disguise yourself?"

"No, sir. I committed a theft, but no one even suspects me. I stole twelve pairs of eye-glasses, and have sold all but this one pair. If you have any use for them I'll make the price a dollar."

"Isn't that pretty steep?"

"Why, sir, a pair of gold eye-glasses like these will cost you $6 at any oculists. I'll slip them into your hand and you try 'em on. You don't look like a man who'd give an unfortunate away."

"You are perfectly safe with me. How often do you think this game has been tried on me in the last year?"

"Game, sir—game?"

"Yes. The glasses are made in Columbus, O., and sold here for 10 cents a pair. There are about fifty of you chaps working the 'thief' racket to work off the glasses. It catches lots of folks, but after buying twenty pairs I quit."

"Sir! Do you doubt my word?" he demanded.

"Of course I do."

"Then, sir, let me tell you that——!"

"There, that will do! See that old chap across the street looking at the clothes in the window? Go over and work him."

"Sir! You have called me a liar, and—."

"Of course you are a liar. Go and work the old man."

"Durned if I don't," he said, as he looked up with a grin, and thirty minutes later, when I saw the old man in front of the Sun office he was tucking away four pairs of eye-glasses and carrying a grin all over his face.

Followed by Fish.

From the Philadelphia Record.

This strong fish story is vouched for by Capt. Connors of the schooner C. A. White, which has just arrived at this port. On her last voyage from Philadelphia to Boston she was followed through the entire voyage by thousands of hungry sea bass. The foul condition of the vesel's bottom, covered as is was with thousands of muscles, attracted the hungry fish. Immense schools of fish were first sighted off Cape Henelopen, and they followed the vessel all the way to her destination, the Grand Junction Wharf, Boston. When the schooner neared Cape Cod the presence of the fish was signaled to the fishermen of the cape, who came off in all kinds of craft, and scooped the fish up by the hundreds of bushels. Even this did not seem to phase the fish at all, and when the vessel reached her wharf another good haul was made. It had been intended to dock the vessel at Boston, but when she got there it was found that every particle of foreign matter had been stripped off by the greedy fish, and docking was unnecessary.

The Life of Ants.

Sir John Lubbock, the naturalist, who has done more to popularize the study of insect ways and habits than all the other modern entomologists combined, has been experimenting to find out how long the common ant would live if kept out of harm's way. On Aug. 8, 1888, an ant which had been thus kept and tenderly cared for died at the age of 15 years, which is the greatest age any species of insect has yet been known to attain. Another individual of the same species of ant (formica fusca) lived to the advanced age of 13 years, and the queen of another kind (lasius niger) laid fertile eggs after she had passed the age of 9 years.

The Nile of the North.

Dr. Bell, who undertook an expedition last June into the fastnesses of British America by a route directly north from Ottawa to Ruppert's house on James bay, has discovered a river, which he describes as the "Nile of the North," and the sixth largest river in the world. Its average width is a mile and it is 500 miles long. It has three large tributaries, one rising north of Three Rivers and in the Lake St. John region, and the third near Lake Mistassini. A primeval forest skirts the river's brink the whole distance, which is navigable to the rapids near the north.

Ravens Found Everywhere.

The raven is the only bird found native in every country in the world.

GEN. MAHONE.

A Faithful Depictment of the Remarkable Little Fighter.

From the New York Sun.

A unique figure passed away with Gen. William Mahone. In estimating his career, it must be remembered that he was the son of a tavern-keeper, and that to wring success from circumstance he had to surmount obstacles which would have taken the heart out of most men of twice his strength and stature—he was but a midget, weighing 95 pounds—and ten times his personal magnetism. One of the obstacles he never overcame was the social barrier that was raised up by the accident of his birth between him and the class that had been wont to control the destinies of Virginia. Nowhere is family more potent, and Mahone's origin was without distinction. But the dynamic force in his little frame made him superior to every check, indifferent to any discouragement. A mere stripling, he walked barefooted from Petersburg to Richmond to interest the Governor in his ambition to enter the Virginia Military Institute as a State student. About that time Thomas J. (afterward Stonewall) Jackson was a professor at that school—modeled after West Point, and having West Pointers in its faculty—and it was the vogue among Virginia gentlemen to send their sons there for a military education. Biographies of Mahone say that he was graduated from the Institute, but the fact is that, owing to a tilt with its authorities—for Mahone, from the first, bristled with a sense of his own importance—he left its gates without a degree, one being conferred upon him after the war, when his services had cast about him a glamor which the faculty of the Institute could not resist. There is a story that Gen. Lee once spoke of Mahone as worthy to succeed to the command of the Confederate armies, but it is not likely that Lee, a man of reserve and carefully matured judgment, could have so expressed himself about a volunteer soldier whose noticeable achievements, recorded almost in the last year of the war, were certainly not up to the standard of those of other commanders whose names readily occur to one. The truth of the matter is, Mahone's fame as a soldier was made chiefly in the summer of 1864, and it was that of a rough and ready emergency fighter.

Mahone in civil and political life was much the same man as Mahone in the army; his energy was tireless, and with him the end always justified the means, the thing being to "get there." But he didn't lean on anybody else; he was still the same independent, defiant, unconventional Mahone. The people of Petersburg presented a sword of honor to him in recognition of his military services, but he drew the line at a gift of a house and lot. With his knowledge of railroad construction and his familiarity with the details of railroad management, in which he had been well grounded before the war, he soon became a figure to be reckoned with in the financial affairs of the State. Having accumulated a fortune, he aspired to be Governor of Virginia, more probably with a view to social distinction than to political power. He sought the Democratic nomination, but it was denied him by class distinction. Then Mahone went in to rule or ruin, and he succeeded in ruling and also in ruining himself. He organized the Readjuster party in 1878 and two years later carried the Legislature on the debt issue, and had himself elected to succeed United States Senator Robert E. Withers, who belonged to one of the oldest families in Virginia. He was never forgiven for this triumph, but worse was to follow.

Mahone, the ex-Confederate, the man who had been a lifelong Democrat, suddenly became a Republican and a negro leader. This was the last straw. Thereafter Mahone was marked for annihilation, political and social. For a brief time he ruled Virginia with an iron rod, and in the Senate, holding the balance of power, he was a merciless dictator. No man in Virginia was more pitilessly hated by the aristocratic regime than Mahone. Far from conciliating, he rubbed salt into the old wounds, exalting Riddleberger and roughly thrusting out of the departments at Washington men who had fought him at home. The end soon came. No man could have stood up against the business, social and political combinations that were formed to crush Mahone. He put it to the test when he ran for Governor, and was buried beyond resurrection by his enemies. Then followed loss of prestige, loss of fortune and loss of influence. But to the last he was full of fight and never bent his head before the storm. In his ruin he was as great in his way as at any time of his singular career.

Mercenary Excess Rebuked.

From the Florida Times-Union.

A little negro gamin passing along Bay street yesterday morning saw a stump of a cigar fall on the sidewalk in front of the store in front of Ellis & Hussey. He made a second-base slide for it, and when he had it safely corralled beneath him, he rolled his eyes around the points of the compass to see if another gamin had also seen the stump fall.

"Dat war in Cuba is making Havanas skace, an' you can't take no chances," he remarked, as he brushed off the ash and blew away the sand and dust from the coveted snipe. Going into the store, he said to Charley Ellis:

"Boss, gimme a match, please, sah."

"Matches are not here to give away, but to sell," said Mr. Ellis, assuming a look of intense severity.

"Dey is, eh?"

"That's what they are."

"Well, how much is dey 'er box?"

"One cent."

The gamin tilted the stump in one corner of his mouth, held to the band of his panteloons with one hand, ran the other hand in his pocket, and pulled forth a copper.

He got the box, struck a match, lit the stump so well that it poured forth volumes of smoke, and then, handing the box back to Mr. Ellis, assumed a look of intense severity and said:

"Put dat box on de sheff, and de nex' time a gemmen come in hyar and ax you fer a match, you gin him one outen my box."

Got His Change.

In all banks there is usually an accumulation of coins, and with them a Cincinnati, O., banker turned a unique trick on a sharper a few days since. A stranger rushed into the bank, saying: "Change this five-dollar bill quick. I want to catch the train." The banker looked at the bill a moment, hesitated, then walked back and returned, handed the sharper five counterfeit dollars. The sharper looked at them a moment, a sickly smiled played over his face, he winked and hurried out of the bank. It is needless to say the bill was counterfeit.

Compliments of the Smoking-Room.

They sat in deep thought for half an hour after the lunch. Finally one of them could stand it no longer. So he took a cigar from his pocket and lighted it with the remark: "Sorry I haven't got another cigar." "Just what I should have said to you in five minutes more," replied the other, also taking out a cigar, "if you hadn't got the start of me."

A Novel Beer Mug.

Among the novelties in china is an English beer mug of royal Worcester, showing base ball designs on its surface. They are decidedly unique.

On a Sure Enough Silver Basis.

From the Philadelphia Record.

Something quite remarkable came into the redemption division of the Treasury at Washington a short time ago. It was a thin plate of silver about two feet long, into the surface of which a $10 silver certificate had been pressed in such a manner as to incorporate its substance actually with that of the metal. It was a brand new bill, and in the process had been squeezed out to about twice its original size. Nevertheless, it was perfectly recognizable.

A statement accompanied it to the effect that a workman in a silverware factory had dropped the bill accidentally upon the plate of silver as the latter was passing through a rolling machine. This explanation being satisfactory, a fresh $10 certificate was returned to the loser.

Labouchere's Little Joke.

From the London Truth.

Notice—Several influential dowagers have combined together to charter the steamship Frisco, 6,000 tons, for the purpose of conveying a cargo of disappointed British girls to America, with a view of disposing of them advantageously in the States. Attention is earnestly requested to the circumstance that presentation at court is desirable, since importance is attached to this social formality across the Atlantic, and ladies who have attended a drawing-room may, therefore, be expected to obtain more satisfactory terms than those who have not. The steamship Frisco, according to present arrangements, will sail from Southampton for New York on October 15 next. All inquiries as to terms, etc., should be addressed to the secretary, 225 Belgrave square, S. W. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. upon week days; Saturdays, close at 2 p. m.

War Ships Are Unwieldy.

Many of the French fighting ships have shown deficient stability, and their superstructures and military masts are being rapidly removed. This is being done to the Magenta and Toulon, and at Brest the Hoche and the Brennus will be in dockyard hands for many days, the after fighting mast in both cases being bodily removed, and the Charles Martel, now building, is to be altered in the same way from the original design. The cruiser Friant has had both masts cut off as low down as the bridge; thus she loses four machine guns previously placed in her fighting tops. As the vessel was altogether overweighted and floated deeper than her design, she is to have four torpedo tubes and the proportionate torpedoes and all the heavy gear appertaining to them discarded and the crew is to be lessened. The Lansquenet has again broken down on trial.

The Simplon Tunnel.

Tunneling through the Simplon will begin early next year. There will be two parallel tunnels, each 66,000 feet, or about twelve and one-half miles long, fifty-seven feet apart, and connected at intervals of 225 feet. They will be 15,000 feet longer than the St. Gothard, and 21,000 feet longer than the Mont Cenis tunnels, but will be 1,500 feet lower than the two others, which will diminish the working expenses. It is expected that the work will be completed in five years and a half, three years less time, that is, than was required for the St. Gothard. The estimated cost is $11,000,000.

Washington's Jackass.

From the Savannah News.

The collection of colonial relics for the ladies' exhibit at the Atlanta Exposition is progressing admirably. Capt. D. G. Purse has just secured another, which is decidedly a curiosity in its way, and seems to be proof positive that Gen. George Washington was somewhat of a stock grower, and took a hand in making exhibits at fairs himself.

The relic is a large solid silver cup with the date 1790 upon it, and by its appearance it was without doubt made about that time. It bears the following inscription in fine lettering just under the rim: "A premium from the Agricultural Society of South Carolina to Gen. Washington for raising the largest jackass."

Just under the word jackass is a picture of the animal himself engraved on the silver. Capt. Purse is now in temporary possession of this relic and proposes to secure it for the collection of colonial relics to be exhibited by the colonial dames of America. Another interesting relic, which will go in the exhibit, and which Capt. Purse now has in charge, is the saddle used by Gen. Scott when he rode triumphant into the City of Mexico.

Gifts to British Heroes.

Strathfieldsaye, the seat of the Duke of Buckingham; Blenheim, that of the Duke of Marlborough, and Trafalgar Park, the seat of Earl Nelson, were gifts from the country for military and naval services.

The Brim of Hats.

The brims of silk hats are said to be curled by hand, though in some factories this process is now accomplished by machinery. When the brim is hand-curled the workman relies altogether on his eye for the necessary curve.

Don't Worry.

Worry wears out your kidneys.

Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills cures them.

If you have worried yourself sick, you can gain new vigor by taking Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills.

A few doses will relieve.
A few boxes will cure.
All druggists, or mailed postpaid for 50c. per box.
Write for pamphlet.

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Here's to the People —AT— McArthur's

The Grandest Bargains Afloat for

The Great Friday Sale.

A Tremendous Friday Bargain—100 dozen Men's Seamless Socks at
2½c per Pair.

A Smashing Friday Bargain—
Ladies' 7-Hook Kid Gloves, Black and Colors, manufacturers' seconds, sold at
49c per Pair.
Regular price $1.25.

A Friday Sale, Special Rattler—
Men's Double-Breasted Navy-Blue, Flannel Shirts, extra heavy, sold at
75c Each.
Regular price $1.25.

Friday Bargain Convincers in Ladies' Corsets—Sweepingly Cheap.
Manufacturer's Seconds, a 50c quality sold at
25c per pair.
A splendid 75c quality Corset sold Friday at
35c per pair.

A Friday Rush on Dress Goods.
Navy Blue Storm Serge Friday,
12½c per yard, worth 20c.
Silk and Wool Suitings, special, at
20c per yard, regular price, 35c.

Notice Extraordinary for Friday
Indigo Blue Calico at.
2½c per yard.
Standard best Calicoes Friday at
4 and 4½c per yard.
Flannelettes, sweeping Friday drives, at
4c per yard.
Friday, Raking Bargains that sweep the deck in Unbleached Canton Flannel and Cream Shaker Flannels—notorious low cut prices,
8½c per yard.

McArthur's
1520, 1522, 1524, 1526 Franklin Avenue.

LINDELL HOTEL, ST. LOUIS.

Under New Management.
American Plan .... $2.50 per day up
European Plan .... $1.00 per day up
Cafe on the ground floor. Popular prices
P. A. BRADY, JNO. F. DONOVAN, Props.

THE DOCTOR'S COLUMN.

L. G., New York.—Have palpitation of the heart and pains in the head. Please state a remedy.

Take Cardine, extract of the heart, in three-drop doses, three times daily. When your head aches take a Febricide Pill. Keep the bowels regular with Natrolithic Salts.

C. R., New York.—What can I do for my hair? It is losing its color and is falling out a great deal.

Take Petroleine according to directions. It will invigorate the hair and keep its color.

Miss E. McD., Phila.—What is a good remedy for a cough? It is irritating and affects my voice.

Take Pulmoline as directed. Avoid draughts and keep the feet well protected.

K. N. M., Troy.—What can I take for bad breath that I believe comes from the stomach?

Take a teaspoonful of Gastrine after each meal, and twice a week a dose of Natrolithic Salts.

G. L. G., Phila.—Send name and address; will advise by mail.

C. FALING BROWN, A. M., M. D.,
Med. Dept., Col. Chem. Co., Washington, D. C.
All letters of inquiry answered free.

THE ANIMAL EXTRACTS.

CEREBRINE, From the Brain. MEDULLINE, From the Spinal Cord. CARDINE, From the Heart. TESTINE, OVARINE, THYROIDINE. NATROLITHIC SALTS, For Constipation. GASTRINE, For Dyspepsia, CATARRHINE, ECZEMICURE and other specialties of the

COLUMBIA CHEMICAL CO.

Now at all Druggists. Send for Literature.
Retail by Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., 6th and Washington av.
Wholesale by Meyer Bros. Drug Co., Clark and Broadway.

An Even Thing.

From the Washington Evening Star.

"Did you trade any when you wus ter town?" asked Silas Oatbin.

"Yes," replied Farmer Corntossel, "some."

"How did you come out?"

"Twus what ye'd call a stand-off. I give a feller a counterfeit fifty-dollar bill fur a gold brick."

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss. In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis. October Term, 1895. Tuesday, October 22, 1895. Minnie Right vs. (118 A.) Jacob Right.

It appearing to the Court from the petition herein verified by affidavit that defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri and that his present whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, on motion of plaintiff it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the grounds that defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of plaintiff, has absented himself from plaintiff without a reasonable cause for the space of one whole year next immediately before the filing of this petition, and still continues to absent himself from plaintiff; and unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 22d day of October, 1895.
(Seal of Court.) THOS. B. RODGERS, Clerk.
4612

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Theodore Plate, deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
HENRIETTE PLATE,
Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Theodore Plate, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 31, 1895. 4756

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Johanna M. L. Scheitlin, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house on the first Monday of December next.
GEORGE H. STILLE,
Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Johanna M. L. Scheitlin, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 31, 1895. 4753

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Eliza M. Kennerly, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
EDWARD J. GLASGOW,
Executor of Eliza M. Kennerly, Deceased.
St. Louis, Oct. 29, 1895. 4774

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Agatha Kadlowski, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
OTTO KADLOWSKI,
Administrator of Agatha Kadlowski, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 31, 1895. [illegible]

HUMPHREY'S, Broadway and Pine.
Weather To-Day: Rain; colder.
ST. LOUIS.

B. C. 8—Mæcenas died.
1594.—Frobisher died.
1783.—Tyburn abolished.

Today the consular reorganization of the State Department goes into effect, and the system of promotions upon merit is extended to our consular service. Today, also, the Sultan confers the Order of the Crescent upon the daughter of the American minister.

EN ROUTE.

A cold wave of vast proportions and unusual vigor will soon envelop St. Louis in its icy embrace. You'll need a supply of warm

UNDERWEAR.

And you'll find no such grand line in the West as ours—anything you want from 50c to $10 per garment; and, of course, we carry everything else in the furnishing line in like proportion.

Overcoats and Suits for Men and Boys.
See our Great $1.90 Derby.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

Two Good Things

CHARTER OAK RANGES

WROUGHT STEEL —AND— Sterling Base Burners,

FOR SALE BY
ALL STOVE DEALERS.

ESTATE of Gerhard Flatken, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration de bonus non on the estate of Gerhard Flatken, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 20th day of August, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 24th day of October, 1895.
BERNARD FLATKEN,
Administrator de bonus non, with will annexed, of Gerhard Flatken, Deceased.
H. J. SPAUNHORST, Notary Public. 4614

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Joseph Hooker Dagwell, deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
ELIZA J. DAGWELL,
Administratrix.
St. Louis, October 23, 1895. 4618

ESTATE of Frederick Harbers, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Frederick Harbers, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 22d day of August, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 23d day of October, 1895.
JOHANNA HARBERS,
Executrix of Frederick Harbers, Deceased.
H. J. SPAUNHORST, Notary Public. 4608

DIVIDEND NOTICE—Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 4.—Notice is hereby given to creditors interested in the assignment of the Western Union Building and Loan Association that the undersigned assignee of the said association has declared a dividend of 5 per cent of the amount of all demands allowed against said estate, payable at his office, No. 712 Chestnut street, St. Louis, on Monday, November 11, 1895, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.
A. A. B. WOERHIDE,
Assignee Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 4.
St. Louis, Oct. 30, 1895. 4776

PUBLIC SALE—By virtue of an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, made on the 11th day of October, 1895, in a cause therein pending, wherein James R. Waddill, as Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and the Odd Fellows' Mutual Aid Association of Missouri is defendant, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, will, on Monday, the 11th day of November, 1895, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, sell at auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, situated in the County of Cedar and State of Missouri, to-wit:

All of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-one (21), in township thirty-four (34), range twenty-seven (27) west of fifth principal meridian.

Sale subject to approval of Circuit Court.
JAMES R. WADDILL,
Superintendent of Insurance Department of Missouri, in charge of Odd Fellows' Mutual Aid Association (dissolved).
JAMES E. HEREFORD,
Attorney Insurance Department. 4386

ESTATE of Thomas Howard, deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Thomas Howard, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 5th day of November, 1895.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1895.
KATE M. HOWARD,
4837 Executrix of Thomas Howard, Deceased.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 2.—Notice is hereby given to creditors interested in the assignment of the Western Union Building and Loan Association that the undersigned assignee of the said association has declared a dividend of 10 per cent of the amount of all demands allowed against said estate, payable at his office, No. 712 Chestnut street, St. Louis, on Monday, November 11, 1895, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.
A. A. B. WOERHIDE,
Assignee Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 2.
St. Louis, October 30, 1895. 4775

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of John Tessfeld, deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
JOHANNA TESSFELD,
Administratrix of the Estate of John Tessfeld, Deceased.
St. Louis, October 31, 1895. [illegible]

NOTABLE WEDDING IN RICHMOND.

Marriage of Charles Dana Gibson to Miss Irene Langhorne

IN THE CHURCH OF ST. PAUL.

New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Washington and Virginia Cities Represented at the Event.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 7.—The most notable wedding of the season took place to-day when Miss Irene Langhorne became the bride of Charles Dana Gibson, the artist of New York. New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Virginia were largely represented and the scene in St. Paul's Church, which was brilliantly illuminated with hundreds of candles, was a very striking one. The church was effectively decorated in white and green. The bridemaids were Miss Bessie Martin and Sallie Pemberton of Philadelphia, Misses Alys Connally and Ellan Hobson, Misses May Jones and Elizabeth Gibson, Misses

ARTIST GIBSON'S BRIDE.

Nannie and Phyllis Langhorne. The best man was Langdon Gibson and the ushers were Messrs. Harry Langhorne, Algernon Craven, James DeKay, T. F. Sykes, Thos. Hastings, John T. Anderson, Milburn T. Meyers, Tompkins McIlwaine and Richard Harding Davis.

While crossing a field J. A. Smith of Brooklyn, who came here to act as an usher at the wedding, fell from his horse and had his right arm broken. The accident prevented him from acting in the capacity of an usher.

Mr. and Mrs. Gibson left at 3 o'clock for Old Point Comfort, whence they will go to New York and other Northern cities, but will return to Richmond before sailing for Europe on the 23d.

BRADLEY'S PLURALITY.

Kentucky's Republican Governor Elected by 12,000 Over Hardin.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 7.—Almost complete returns indicate that Bradley's majority over Hardin will be close to 12,000, and that the Legislature will be Republican by three votes on joint ballot, thus defeating Blackburn's return to the United States Senate.

The Commercial claims that the Republicans are certain of a majority in the Legislature on joint ballot. The Commercial's figures show the composition of the lower house as follows: Republicans, 54; Democrats, 43; Democrat-Populist, 1. Two districts, the Twelfth and the Ninety-first, have not been heard from. The Senate will be: Republican, 15; Democrats, 22, with one district, the Thirty-fifth, to hear from. The Thirty-fifth District gave 461 Republican majority in 1894, and is confidently counted on as safely Republican, and at least one of the missing legislative districts is expected to go the same way. The total vote on joint ballot is 133, and as the Republicans have 69 certain, but one of the missing districts is needed to give a clear majority.

St. Vincent's Jubilee Rehearsal.

For the benefit of organists and musicians generally whose duties will prevent their attending the jubilee services at St. Vincent's Church next Sunday, a complete orchestral rehearsal will take place in the church at 3:30 o'clock Friday afternoon. The work to be rendered will be Elmer's symphonic mass. The soloists are Miss Olga Vollrath soprano, Mrs. J. C. Albrecht contralto, Barney Dierkes tenor and Edward Dierkes basso. The chorus contains seventy voices.

Sold Under Attachment.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEVADA, Mo., Nov. 7.—The Circuit Court has ordered R. F. Lancaster's stock of hardware to be sold under attachment to satisfy claim of $2,600 in favor of John Deare Plow Co., against L. B. Sullivan, the former owner. Sullivan has been a prominent business man for a number of years, and there is now pending a case against him for embezzlement to be tried this term.

EAST ST. LOUIS NEWS.

The funeral of Elmer Eiserman, who was killed by falling from his wagon near Cahokia yesterday, took place to-day from his home near Jarrot Station to St. Peter's Cemetery.

Justice Concannon fined T. W. Rockford $5 and costs this morning for disturbing the peace of Frank Wall by striking him.

Edwin Powers and Laura A. Evans, both of this city, were united in marriage at St. Louis yesterday.

East St. Louis Lodge No. 234, A. O. U. W. will visit Jefferson Lodge No. 14, in St. Louis this evening.

W. J. Broderick will entertain the Qui Vive Club this evening.

Some of the colored residents of East St. Louis have organized a local lodge of the Afro-American League by electing the following officers: J. Q. Wallace, President; S. C. Gleghorn, Vice-Presidents; E. S. Hawkins, Secretary; William Ellington, Assistant Secretary; C. H. Thompson, Corresponding Secretary; Henry Thomas, Treasurer.

Edward Huntsmann of St. Louis and Mary Holley of East St. Louis were united in marriage yesterday.

The Y. M. C. A. will give a concert at Association Hall Nov. 20.

Andrew Martin and Miss Bridget Maher are engaged to be married.

Nov. 26 Louis Boismenue and Miss Lizzie Rouge are to be married at St. Mary's Church.

A social will be given by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Protestant Hospital at the residence of James Moody, on Summit avenue, Saturday evening.

Harry Sebastine, aged 12 years, ran away from his home at Benton, Mo., yesterday and was arrested here this morning.

BELLEVILLE NEWS.

The case of Mrs. Catherine Yung against the Treubund Order was put on trial in the Circuit Court yesterday. Mrs. Yung sues for insurance on the life of her husband, Andrew Yung, who killed himself in St. Louis several months ago in a fit of despondency brought on by business reverses. Yung was a West End saloonkeeper. Two days before his death he disappeared from home, and his body was found in the river below St. Louis later. Before the body was recovered a revolver and part of his clothing were found on the deck of a steamboat moored near the bridge, and it was thought he had been murdered, but the final conclusion was that he killed himself. The Treubund lodge declined to pay the death benefit on the ground that Yung committed suicide. The trial will probably end to-day.

Ex-Congressman John Baker's illness is due to a congestive chill which came upon him two weeks ago. Since the latter part of last week his illness has been serious, and his condition is still critical. He passed a quiet day yesterday, which benefited him greatly, and his physician, Dr. Washington West, thinks he may recover.

James Fleming, who had been arrested here with a lot of new clothing in his possession, was sent to Nashville, Ill., last night to answer the charge of burglary. The clothing he had was identified as part of a lot stolen from the store of Bach & Sons at Nashville.

Mrs. Caroline Tempany of East St. Louis applied to the Circuit Court to-day for a divorce from John Tempany, to whom she was married April 23, 1884, and with whom she lived until August, 1893. She claims a divorce on the grounds of adultery and drunkenness, and asks for the custody of her children, one son and two daughters.

County Clerk Thomas has finished the calculation of the tax rate for the current year. In Belleville the total rate is $2.01. The city tax is the highest, the rate being $1.65, while the school rate is $3.17, county rate 67 cents and the State rate 52 cents.

The Western Brewery Co. yesterday conveyed the National Hotel on Main street to Jacob Leiner for $20,000. The company bought the property a few months ago from Adolph Andel for $18,500.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to D. S. Huben and Emma Wolf of East St. Louis; Charles Manners and Bertha Grismore of East St. Louis; James Cronin and Gertrude Brown of East St. Louis.

A 4-year-old son of Jacob Krill fell while at play yesterday and broke his arm.

Miss Adelaide Sunkel, daughter of Mayor Fred Sunkel will be married next week to Mr. Lorenz Muren.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Merts celebrated the 22d anniversary of their marriage yesterday.

The new Richland creek bridge will be tested next Monday and dedicated Tuesday.

Mrs. R. B. Esler has returned from Grand Rapids, Mich.

It is expected that the new brick pavement on West Main stret will be finished Saturday.

The remains of Mrs. Agnes Fraser, who died Sunday, were shipped to Preston, Ill., yesterday for burial.

Shot by a Watchman.

An attempt was made early Thursday morning to break into George Meenacho's grocery store at 1264 Market street. Private Watchman Glenn happened to see a negro fumbling with the padlock on the front door and fired three shots at him, but he made his escape.

A MONEY LENDER'S CRUELTY

To Satisfy an Execution a Suffering Woman Was Deprived of Her Bed.

Alfred Beger of 3442 Pennsylvania avenue claims that a money-lender named Powers has treated him and his family cruelly and brutally. He told his story to a Post-Dispatch reporter Thursday between sobs:

When Beger returned home Wednesday night at 6 o'clock a distressing scene met his gaze, and he almost fainted in the doorway. A constable and five assistants had gone to the house during his absence and stripped it of all the furniture and household goods. Mrs. Beger was sick in bed and her three small children were playing about her when they came. She was hourly expecting confinement, but this made no difference to Powers and the minions of the law who were there to do his bidding.

The woman was ordered out of bed and the bedstead and all its furnishings were carted from the house before her eyes. Then piece by piece the furniture was loaded on a wagon and even the cook stove was seized. Drawers were pulled open and their contents rummaged in the search for anything of value. A lot of clothing that was not wanted was thrown on the floor and nearly every article of furniture that was not taken was broken. Even the baby's crib and the chair that the little tots played with were removed from the premises.

Mrs. Berger was badly frightened and the rough manner in which she was treated almost brought on hysteria. The seizure of the stove left a sick woman and three small children in the house without a spark of fire, and there was not a bed, a spark of fire and there was not a bed, a could lie down. The heartbroken mother made a pallet on the floor and was suffering intensely when her husband returned home.

Powers, Beger says, is responsible for all this. Beger borrowed $85.50 from a loan company May 29, 1894. He has paid $85 to the loan company, but the heartless creditor claimed he still owed $22, and sold the notes to the Guarantee Loan and Investment Co., with an office at Sixth and Locust streets, and the latter in turn sold the notes to Powers, who, Beger believes, was the real original creditor. Powers sued on the two notes for $11 each in Justice Hennessy's court and secured judgment for the full amount.

The victim thought $107 was entirely too much to pay for $85.50, principal and interest, for a little over a year, especially when he had paid $19 more than the original amount borrowed, and consulted Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Johnson about it. Col. Johnson thought Beger had paid enough, and advised him to make no more payments. Circuit Attorney Wm. Zachritz advised the same course, and filled out a blank form of exemption claim for Beger, which the latter signed and sent to Justice Hennessy together with a note from a personal friend of Constable Mike Bryan, requesting him not to press the matter, as Beger was out of work.

Beger paid no further attention to the matter, supposing he would not be molested, and Wednesday his burdens were considerably lightened when he secured a position and was told to report for duty Monday. He has been out of employment for some time, and in order to keep the wolf from the door he has pawned his wife's jewelry and belongings from time to time until the last available assets were disposed of. A portion of the money thus raised was used to satisfy the demands of Powers and the remainder was spent for food.

Beger told the story of his misfortunes to a Post-Dispatch reporter in a comparatively composed manner until reference was made to the seizure of his baby's little chair and his family being left in the house without beds or fire. Then he broke down and wept like a child and had to be steadied to keep him from falling. He will try to secure a warrant for Powers, and should he fail in that he says he will sue for damages as soon as he is able to pay a lawyer.

NOT ANXIOUS TO ESCAPE.

Prisoner Sarconder Takes Good Care of an Intoxicated Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff John E. Leming of Carlyle, Ill., came out of the holdover Thursday morning a sadder, wiser and it is to be hoped a more sober man than when he went it into it last night. Leming came here from Carlyle Wednesday to take back P. Sarconder, who was arrested in Kansas City about a week ago and brought here on a charge of embezzling $335 from the Jesse French Piano & Organ Co. of 923 Olive street. Sarconder was employed by the company as a piano tuner and is said to have embezzled the money in Carlyle. Yesterday afternoon Leming started with his prisoner from the Four Courts for the Union Station. It is said that he was not duly sober when he started.

He stopped at numerous resorts on the way, and before he got to the station his condition was helpless. Instead of the Sheriff watching the prisoner the prisoner was compelled to watch the Sheriff to keep him from falling headlong into the gutter. At last Sarconder managed to drag his erstwhile guardian to the Union Station, where he deposited him on a bench. Leming was in a state of blissful ignorance as to his surroundings and Sarconder left him sitting there in a drunken stupor. The "prisoner" then returned to the Four Courts and told his story. Officers were sent to the Union Station and they brought Leming to the Four Courts and locked him up to get sober.

Sarconder was told to go his way and return this morning. This he did, and 8 o'clock found him at Chief Harrigan's office waiting to make a new start with the Sheriff. Leming was brought up from the holdover. He was rather shaky, and looked sheepish. He begged the officers not to "guy" him, saying he felt his disgrace keenly.

Chief Harrigan ordered the prisoner turned over to him again, and after a parting admonition from the Chief the Sheriff and prisoner again started for the depot.

As Leming had spent all his funds for drink the expenses of the two to Carlyle had to be paid by J. H. Truesdale of the French Piano Co.

A DETECTIVE'S CAPTURE.

Sleuth Thomas Walsh Takes a Lady to Chicago Without a Requisition.

Detective Thomas Walsh, one of Chief Desmond's most valued men, stole a march on his brother officers Wednesday. He asked for and received seven days' leave of absence, saying he wished to visit relatives in Chicago. He went to Chicago, but he attended to a matter of great personal importance here first.

During the afternoon the genial detectives escorted Miss Lizzie Hulton of Eleventh and Angierodt streets to the Recorder's office, where a license to wed was issued them. The wedding was solemnized the same evening at the home of the bride, after which the couple left for Chicago on a week's honeymoon.

The marriage is not without a spice of romance. About six months ago Detectives Walsh and Thomas Tracy were detailed to hunt for a man named Mundy, who was charged with murdering his wife in Indianapolis some time before. Their search led them to the neighborhood in which Miss Hulton lived, and it was close to her home that Mundy was arrested by them.

During this search Walsh became acquainted with his bride. An attachment sprung up between them, and yesterday's event is the result.

Wills Probated.

By will filed Thursday the late Anton Ott left all his estate to his widow, Elise Ott, who is named as executrix.

The will of the late August Meier directs payment of $1,000 each to Arthur and John Keller, grandsons of deceased. The remainder of the estate is to be divided equally between Albert Meier of San Francisco and Mrs. Emma Keller of Thornton, Ill., daughter of deceased. Henry Harms is named as executor.

Annie and John Made Up.

John W. Daily and his wife Annie of 1324 North Broadway, after numerous domestic dissensions, have become reconciled. Annie had a habit of staying out late, which so grieved John that he would take to drink. Last night she came in late, and John, being full, struck her. She had him arrested, and this morning he was fined $5 in the Second District Police Court. Judge Stevenson stayed the fine, however, and Annie will now file petition for

SIEGEL, HILLMAN & CO. BROADWAY & WASHINGTON AVE.

SPECIAL SALE OF

Ladies' Fine Suits!

We have bought the entire stock of the

ENTERPRISE CLOAK CO., 105-109 E. MADISON, CHICAGO,

And are selling them for about one-half of the manufacturer's cost.

$20 Tailor-Made Suits at	$7	$35 Tailor-Made Suits at	$12.50
$25 Tailor-Made Suits at	$8	$40 Tailor-Made Suits at	$15.00
$30 Tailor-Made Suits at	$10	$45 Tailor-Made Suits at	$17.50

Jackets.

$5 Tailor-Made Jackets, Rough or smooth effects	$2.98
$6.95 Jackets, with Mandolin and Banjo sleeves, ripple back, stylish materials, at	$3.98
$8.75 Stylish Box Coats, made of Covert, Melton, Beaver and Scotch Mixed Cloths, all colors and sizes; have the new Ripple Back and Mandolin or Banjo Sleeves, at	$4.98
$10.00 Nobby Box Coat, 2 and 3 button, made of imported Melton, Fancy Boucle and Poodle Cloth, all the latest shapes and immense big sleeves, at	$6.98
$15.00 Box Coats; the handsomest lot ever brought to St. Louis. You can have side button with high collar, or the regular square box in any of the latest materials—Caterpillar Cloth, Boucle, Poodle Cloth beautiful Scotch Mixtures, at	$9.98

CAPES.

$7.50 Double Capes, made of Imported Kersey, has Lap Seams and Tailor Stitchings and inlaid Velvet Collar, colors navy and black, at	$3.75
$10.00 Handsome Flowered Matelasse Capes, silk lined throughout, with high storm collar, is 28 inches long and 115 sweep, collar and fronts edged in seal, at	$5.75
$12.75 Wheel and Double Capes, in plain and rough materials; very stylish Capes, trimmed in various furs, elegantly finished, at	$7.50
$14.98 Handsome Jetted Plush Capes, made of Lester's Celebrated London Dyed Plushes, 28 inches long, extra full sweep, has high storm collar and edged in Electric Seal Fur, at	$8.75

. . . . SPECIAL . . . .

1,000 Handsome Plush and Genuine Astrakan Capes, elegantly finished, silk lined throughout. Every conceivable style is represented in this lot. There is not a Cape in this lot worth less than $23.75 and up to $32.50. We bought them at a price and will give you the benefit at $10.98

Dress Goods.

36-in. Roman Plaids, worth 35c, . 21c
38-in. Melton Cloth, worth 40c, . 25c
48-in. All-Wool Serge, worth 69c, 39c
56-in. Ladies' Cloth, worth 85c, . 49c

Winter Millinery . .

All new, direct importation from Paris and London. For to-morrow we will make a special sale of 1000 Trimmed Hats, worth $9 and $10, at $5

Friday Bargains in Our China, Lamp and Silverware Department.

Odds and ends of Open Stock Dinnerware at greatly reduced prices, as for instance: Cups and Saucers, handsomely decorated, gold traced; were never sold for less than 19c, at 9c

Other goods in proportion. A chance to buy dinnerware at cost.

All-Brass Central Draft Lamps, complete, with lampshade; worth $2.50, at $1.58

Heavy pressed Goblets, always sold for 7c, our price 2½c

See our China bargain counter in basement.

97 doz. real China Fruit Saucers, worth from 12c to 20c, at 8c

Frosted Water Pitchers, worth 24c, at 10c

Black Goods.

36-inch All-Wool French Serge, worth 35c	23c
46-inch All-Wool Henrietta Cloth, worth 50c	29c
6-inch Wool Mohair Boucle, worth 65c	39c
42-inch All-Wool French Cregon, worth $1	49c
46-inch All-Wool French Serge, worth 75c	39c

Men's Wear.

100 dozen Men's Four-in-Hands and Tecks, worth 75c, at	29c
Men's heavy-weight Natural Gray Merino Shirts and Drawers, worth 50c	29c
Men's Medicated Scarlet Shirts and Drawers, worth $1.25	65c
Men's Merino Drawers, large size, worth 50c	29c
Lot Men's Fine Tan, Blue, Black Cotton Hose, regular price, 35c; On Friday	15c

Our New Glove Dept.

New Brands of all the Latest Styles.

Our Dejies Kid Glove, 4-button and 5-hook, in Black and the latest Fall Shades, worth $1.50; Fitted and Warranted $1.00

Regular $1 Kid Gloves 59c

NOTIONS.

Stockinet and Rubber Dress Shields	9c
6 dozen Agate Buttons, any size	9c
Horn Hair Pins	1c
2 dozen Collar Buttons	7c
4 yds. Velveteen Tape, all colors	11c
Ladies' Waist-Hose Supporters, all sizes	12c
Fancy Frill Elastic	9c
Twin Dress Stays	5c

Basement Bargains.

ALL DAY FRIDAY.

Fruit-of-the-Loom and Lonsdale Green Ticket Yard Wide Muslin	6c
20c 9-4 Bleached Sheeting, all day Friday at	11c
10c Bleached and Unbleached Heavy Canton Flannel, all day Friday	6c
10-4 White Blankets, all day Friday	39c
$1 Gray or Camel-Hair Color Blankets, all day Friday	69c
11-4 California Blankets, handsome Jacquard border, worth $9, for	$4.98

Linen Dept.

8-4 Table Linen Sets, with a dozen Napkins to match, with fancy colored border; worth $5, at	$2.99
2½-yard long Hemstitch Satin Damask Table Linen Cloths, with dozen Hemstitched Napkins; worth $9, at	$4.99
2½-yard Table Cloth, fancy borders; worth $3.75, For	$2.19
3-yards long Table Cloth, in white and fancy colored border; worth $2.25, at	$1.25
Another lot of 10-4 Linen Sheetings in plain and twill; sold everywhere at $1, for	69c
72-inch wide extra heavy German Table Damask; worth 85c, at	59c
20 pcs of half Bleach Table Damask; worth 40c, at	23c
40 pcs of Pure Linen Table Damask in plain white and fancy red border; worth 25c, at	15c

SPECIAL.

40c 60-inch genuine Turkey red Table Damask, For Friday	24c
5c fancy checked Doylies	1c
9c heavy twilled Crash, fancy border, at	5c
18-inch Glass Toweling, sold everywhere at 10c, For Friday	6⅔c
150 doz of ¾-Linen Satin Damask Napkins; well worth $2, for	$1.29
150 doz Huck Towels, 14x26; worth 7c, for	3c
100 doz of pure Linen Oat Meal Linen Towels, size 24x48; well worth 30c, at	21c
100 doz of fine Linen Satin Damask Towels, fancy borders, size 24x48; worth 30c, at	24c
1½-yard long Momie Linen Sideboard Scarfs; worth 50c, at	29c

Hosiery.

100 dozen Ladies' Fast Black Fleece-Lined Cotton Hose, worth 29c, at	19c
25c Children's Tan Ribbed Cotton Hose, for Friday	12c

Ladies' Knit Underwear.

Ladies' Merino Union Suits, in White and Natural, worth $1.25; Friday	89c
Children's Fleece-Lined Ribbed Balbriggan Vests, worth 35c; Friday	21c

DRUG SUNDRIES.

Large box perfumed prepared Chalk	5c
Freeman's best Perfume in fancy bottles, 2 ounce	23c
Tetlow's Gossamer Complexion Powder	16c
Genuine Imported Turkish Soap	4c
Congo Cocoa Soap	2c
½ Pint Bottle best Quality Bay Rum	7c
40c Triple Extract, all day Friday	23c

THE PARISIAN Cor Washington Av & Broadway — Siegel, Hillman & Co.

DELEGATES TO OMAHA.

Representatives of St. Louis at the Trans-Mississippi Congress.

Thursday morning Mayor Walbridge appointed the following delegates to the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress to be held at Omaha, Nov. 25, 1895: Messrs. James L. Blair, Jerome Hill, Geo. E. Leighton, C. H. Sampson, Wm. Lemp, Chas. Schweickardt, F. G. Niedringhaus, N. R. Wall, Charles A. Edwards and Charles H. Moore.

Marriage Licenses.

George J. Smith	2606 Locust st
Mildred F. West	Edgebrook, Mo
David Johnson	2711 Papin st
Fanny Dukes	2654 Morgan st
Adolph Pfeustiel	1012 N. Broadway
Mamie Berger	3139 Easton av
George C. Mueller	4310 Blair av
Anna Roebrick	3311 N. 9th st
Arthur Kennedy	2228 Cass av
Emma Meyer	809 N. 22d st
Henry Fricker	1614 N. Broadway
Mary Boehn	1411 S. 3d st
John F. Gansler	St. Louis County
Katherine Heimah	4201 Hunt
Frank Doyle	1000 Market st
Maud Snyder	918 Chambers st
Edward Powers	East St. Louis, Ill
Louisa Janin	East St. Louis, Ill
Robert E. Cox	1229 N. 19th st
Laura A. Evans	4018 Green Lea pl
Frederick Wamser	2844 Lyon
Anna Becker	1909 Utah
Isaac Cohen	1021 N. 7th st
Fanny Diehl	1021 N. 7th st
Victor F. Marrand	St. Clair Co., Ill
Henrietta A. Floirant	St. Clair Co., Ill
Henry Kollmeyer	2314 Dodier st
Lena Widdian	Mascoutah, Ill
Edward V. Papin	3765 Lindell boulevard
Mary J. Chouteau	5408 S. Broadway
August Michalke	1046 S. Broadway
Clara Stangel	1046 S. Broadway
Hy. L. Dunaman	1110 Chouteau av
Calla M. Dorr	2242 Washington av
Thomas Matthews	1802 S. Jefferson av
Mollie Stiefler	2446 S. 2d st
Marion Bright	2618 Papin st
Hattie Williams	2618 Papin st
John D. McDonald	3648 Washington av
Bettie Smith	608 Monroe st
Joseph Taylor	3305 Polk st
Elizabeth Miller	3305 Polk st
James J. Kennedy	Billings, Mo
Ellen J. Kilroy	1501 Gratiot st
Gerrard J. Holsthaup	1342 S. 14th st
Cora Herman	Carlyle, Ill
George H. Hines	East St. Louis, Ill
Sophia Prelacker	Mount Vernon, Ill
William T. Mason	919 S. 19th st
Katherine M. Steiger	421 S. Theresa st
Fred Barth	1014 Shenandoah st
Alwine Rena	3043 Morrison av
Fred W. Landwehr	2107 N. 14th st
Clara Dinkel	1413 Sullivan av
James J. O'Neill	3437 LaSalle st
Mary Morgan	3416 LaSalle st
William J. Corlis	1204 Emmett st
Mary Murbarta	1204 Emmett st
Thomas Walsh	2310 Laclede av
Lizzie Hulton	Granite City, Ill
Taylor Richetts	Rush, Tex
Gussie Brandt	5207 Shenandoah av
John J. Ryan	4403 N. 20th st
Kathrin Galvin	4402 N. 20th st
George S. Slater	1814 Olive st
Hannah Hines	3751 S. Broadway
Hermann Schuler	2216 Carr st
Lillie Bisbey	2211½ Cass av
A. Brooks	4446 Laclede av
Mary Brooks	4445 Laclede av
James C. Addy	1516 Dillon av
Elizabeth Gaston	1516 Dillon av
John Schaefer	1317 Montgomery st
Rosie Mayer	1444 Warren st

WEDDING RINGS (pure solid gold 18-kt). MERIMEE & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., BROADWAY, COR. LOCUST.

Wedding Invitations—correct forms, finest

Wrapping Paper Circulation.

From the Address of the PAPER CARRIERS' PROTECTIVE AND BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION TO ST. LOUIS ADVERTISERS.

There are existing at present in the city three kinds of Newspaper Circulation—the Free Distribution, the Newsboy and Newsstand and the Carrier System of Circulation.

Our business as Carriers gives us a good opportunity to see into the value of each and all of them.

OF THE LEAST VALUE IS THE CIRCULATION BY FREE DISTRIBUTION, practised so extensively at present by the Chronicle and Star-Sayings.

All over the city, even in the domain of the well-to-do West-Enders, they have—by holding out prospects of increased business—induced Grocers, Bakers, Saloonists, etc., to buy at a nominal rate large lots of their sheets every day to be given away Free of Charge. Compared to the entire Circulation of these two Evening Papers, this Free distribution kind has grown to incredulous dimensions.

The rate charged for these papers is about the price of Wrapping Paper.

The worthlessness of the Circulation obtained by this method is apparent when you consider that it is impossible to ascertain the number of papers actually read, out of the vast quantity delivered to these Storekeepers.

*There is no limit to this sort of Circulation. Dazzling Figures of an increase can be procured and laid before the Advertisers in this manner. But by all their efforts in this direction the number of regular every-day readers of these Sheets will not perceptibly be increased. It merely takes out of the ranks a good number of their own and some of their contemporaries' regular readers and reduces them to stragglers. * * * Victor H. Handschug, President. Jacob R. Bovie, Secretary, No. 324 Clark Av., St. Louis, Mo.*

How the Average Newspaper Wrapper Circulates

Through the Throbbing Press! Into the Rushing Wagon! Onto the Baker's Counter! Around the Cooling Bread! Under the Kitchen Table! Up the Flue! On Your Nose!

CONFIDENTIAL. Now you know from whence comes those big flakes of soot.

Soot!

WM. BARR DRY GOODS CO. St. Louis THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE MID-WEEK BARGAINS! WM. BARR DRY GOODS CO. St. Louis THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE MID-WEEK BARGAINS! WM. BARR DRY GOODS CO. St. Louis THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE

Every Dollar of Our Limitless Cash Capital

Is Invested Carefully for the Benefit of All Our Customers, and the Low Cash Prices Made on the Goods Illustrate This Fact.

ANOTHER of Barr's cash snap shots from an importer closing up business at **LINEN** Department. We bought at 50c on the dollar and sell them to you at the same discount.

175 8-4x8-4 Hemstitched Sets, only $4.50 per set.

223 8-4x10-4 Hemstitched Sets, only per set.

266 8-4x12-4 Hemstitched Sets only $6 per set.

You are only paying for the Napkins at these prices; the cloths are thrown in.

WE quote two wonderful bargains for late week shoppers in **DRESS GOODS** section that will serve as fair examples of the exceeding values and extraordinary low prices of the entire stock.

40 pieces Double-width Plaids, new styles just opened, at 25c yard.

40 pieces 50-inch All-Wool French Serge, full line of colors, at 50c yard; regular retail price 75c.

MID-WEEK bargains in **HOSIERY.**

Women's Heavy Balbriggan Ribbed Union Suits, high neck, long sleeves, ankle length, 49c, cheap at 75c.

Children's Natural Color Ribbed Balbriggan Union Suits, high neck, long sleeves, 50c each; worth 75c.

Another money-saver is our Women's Black and Gray Ribbed and plain Wool Stockings, with merino toes, 17c, regular price 25c to 35c.

Women's very heavy ecru ribbed Balbrigan Vests, high neck, long sleeves, drawers to match, our price 29c; they are good value at 40c.

To close the balance of French Ribbed Black Cotton Hose for Children, remember these are the remnants of a Job Lot and regular made; have sold at 25c to 40c pair; Barr's price to close, 5 pair for 50 cents.

NOT a bad **BLACK** ever gets caught at Barr's. The clear north light quickly reveals them.

40-inch Black All-Wool Cheviot, 45c; worth 60c.

44-inch Black All-Wool Camelette Serge, a regular 50c quality, for 35c.

Black and White Flannelettes in great variety, only 10c.

THREE extra values in **SILK** Department. If you find it difficult to choose, you can buy all three at these prices:

10 pieces 20-inch Black Satin Duchesse, 95c quality for 65c.

One lot of fancy Taffeta Silks, in figures and plaids, good colorings, the price has been from $1.48 to $2.25, all go at one price—98c.

15 pieces Chene Striped Velvets, the very latest novelty for waists, only $2.65 per yard.

LATE week shoppers will get about two dollars for one in **MILLINERY** Department to-day.

25 dozen Children's Tam O'Shanters, in black, brown and navy; we have bought the entire lot and will sell them at 39c; regular 75c goods.

35 Elegant Hats (trimmed) reduced from $7.50 to $2.98. A bargain.

We are selling Defender Sailors, all colors, at 89c.

150 new Turbans, all new ideas, trimmed in velvet and feathers, special, from $3.98 to $5.00 each.

CLOAK and Suit Department, second floor. Friday bargains in **HOUSE WRAPPERS,** etc., that will make your eyes snap.

Ladies' Striped Flannelette House Wrappers, 98c and $1.25; the like of which you may look in vain for elsewhere.

Ladies' Ederdown House Wrappers, pink, pale blue, cardinal, navy; all sizes; $3.85.

Ladies' all-wool Henrietta Tea Gowns in cardinal, old rose and stone blue, lace trimmed; $7.50.

ABOUT this time you'll need a new **UMBRELLA.** Look at these price quotations.

Ladies' Twilled Gloria Silk Umbrellas, Dresden or natural wood handles, 26-inch, 98c.

The new Leather-case Umbrellas, both ladies' and men's, fine natural wood handles, taffeta silk, steel rod, 26-inch, $2.50.

TEN cases of **WHITE CROCHET BED SPREADS** came Barrwards at such tempting prices—for you—that we took them. Here's the price range:

Full size Bed Spreads, good quality, 79c each.

Full size Bed Spreads at 90c, 95c, $1.10 and $1.25 each. These Spreads are worth 15c to 20c more.

White Marseilles Bed Spreads, large sizes, $1.95, $2.75, $3.50, $4.50 each.

White Satin-finish Bed Spreads, $2.25, $3.50, $4.50 to $10.00 each

White Cameo Bed Spreads, all full sizes, $3.50, $4.75, $6.50 to $10.00 each.

We positively assert that we have a finer stock of Bed Spreads than have been ever shown in this city.

WE'VE selected these for late week shoppers as extra special values in our **MEN'S FURNISHING** Department.

Men's All-Wool Camel's-hair Shirts and Drawers, very fine and heavy weight, $1.00 per garment, worth $1.25.

Men's Fancy Trimmed Night Shirts, extra good quality muslin, well made, 50c, worth 65c.

YOU'LL want heavier **SHOES** soon. If you are to avoid the colds and influenzas that November weather—damp and chill—is apt to bring in its train.

Barr's are ready with Calf, Cordovan and Enameled grain Shoes, for walking in all weathers, the correct shape, made on lasts that have been carefully adapted to fit, and the price? Only $5.00 the pair.

FRIDAY'S bargains in **CORSETS** will be:

About 10 dozen of our famous "P. D." Corsets that are just the least bit dust-soiled through having been left laying on our counters, will be sacrificed tomorrow in this way:

$2.25 P. D. Corsets for $1.50.
$2.75 P. D. Corsets for $1.75.
$3.50 P. D. Corsets for $2.50.
$5.50 P. D. Corsets for $4.00.
$9.00 P. D. Corsets for $5.00.

In sizes 18, 19, 20 and 21; colors white and black.

WE'RE clearing up all odd lots, and late week shoppers will find these at **NOTION** Department.

A lot of silver Corsage Pins—swords, daggers and tomahawks; they were 35c and 75c; this morning you can buy them for 25c each.

A lot of sterling silver brooches, the popular double or single heart pattern, 25c each.

Barr's imported Glycerine Toilet Soap; for the last half of this busy week we make the price 5c a cake.

We will put on sale to-day another lot of 5,000 yards 4½-inch wide margin (Dimity) Embroidery, just what you want for children's aprons, at 10c a yard, worth 20c and 25c yard.

BOTH of these are rousing bargains that the visitor to our **CLOTH** and **FLANNEL** section will find worth a good deal more than the quoted price.

527 yards 27-inch fancy German Elderdown Cloaking down to 25c per yard.

16 different styles 54-inch fancy Fur Back Cloaking, $2 goods, for $1.25.

Room-Making Prices---We Require a Large Space for Toys and Holiday Goods---Room-Making Prices.

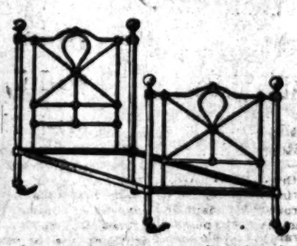
19c For Extra Heavy Nickel-Plated Crumb Scraper and Tray, worth 35c.

35c For those Everlasting Glass Washboards, always clean, worth 50c.

7c For the Very Best Huri-Handled Whisk Brooms, strongly sewed and worth 15c.

25c For a Warranted All-Pure Bristle Counter or Stair Brush, large size and wire drawn, worth 65c.

75c For Beautiful Silver-Plated Boudoir Clock, warranted a good timepiece, worth $3.



$4.75 For those Full Size White Enameled Iron Beds; have brass trimmings and strongly built; worth $12.

10c For Very Dainty Fine China Cups and Saucers, pure white, embossed and gold-trimmed, worth 25c.

SILEXO Scouring Soap.....2c

85c For a complete Genuine China Tete-a-Tete Set of 10 pieces, including Tray, all artistically decorated with tints and designs, worth $2.25.

67c For Fine English Porcelain Tall Parlor Cuspidors, nicely decorated, worth $1.

$1.35 For a set of six Knives or six Forks, Rogers & Hamilton's triple silver-plated quality and worth double.

15c For Rogers' 1847 Triple Silver-Plated Fruit Knives, with fancy embossed handles, worth 50c.

25c For Quadruple Silver-Plated Napkin Rings, several pretty designs to select from, worth 75c and $1.00.

Sixth, Olive and Locust Streets. **THE WM. BARR DRY GOODS COMPANY.** Importers, Jobbers and Retailers, St. Louis.

HER GIFT TO A ST. LOUISAN.

Russia's Czarina Sends Her Portrait to Mme. Hoffman.

Mme. Charlotte Hoffman, teacher of German in Hosmer Hall, was surprised last week by the receipt of a package from Washington City, which proved to be from her highness in her bridal robes. Mme. Hoffman's pleasure at the receipt of this token from the Czarina can be imagined, for it is an honor very rarely conferred by royalty, the presentation of a portrait to one outside the inner circle. The circumstances attending the presentation of this gift are interesting and tinged with romance. Mme. Hoffman was born at Heidelberg, daughter of Carl Von Weber, professor of philology, at Heidelberg University. After the death of her father her mother moved to Darmstadt and was residing there at the time of the marriage of the Princess Alice of England to the Duke of Hesse. After several years her mother became ill and was in charge of the court physician, who, observing the daughter's special capability for nursing, mentioned her to the Princess, who was just then interested in establishing a training school for nurses. As it came about after the death of Mme. Von Weber the daughter was summoned to the

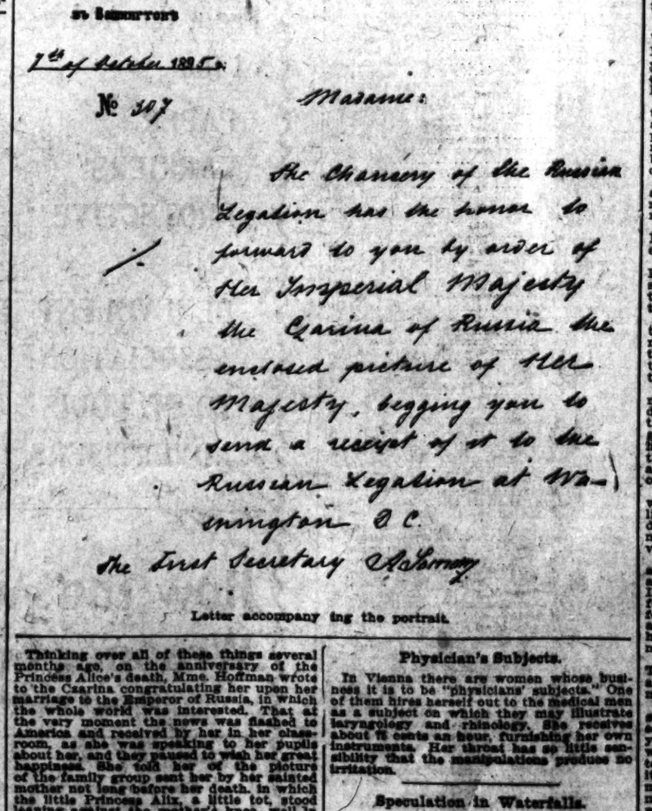
PORTRAIT OF THE CZARINA.

the Russian Ambassador, who sent her by command of the Czarina of Russia an exquisite full-length picture, painted at [illegible] suiting from a mutual interest and co-operation in the work of the hospital school. The kindness of the Princess to the orphan girl was unspeakable and continued until her death, which occurred a few years after Mme. Hoffman came to this country, as her letters show. Only two weeks before her family was stricken with diphtheria she sent a picture of the family group and of the palace, which had been completed after Mme. Hoffman's departure from Darmstadt.

Thinking over all of these things several months ago, on the anniversary of the Princess Alice's death, Mme. Hoffman wrote to the Czarina congratulating her upon her marriage to the Emperor of Russia, in which the whole world was interested. That at the very moment the news was flashed to America and received by her in her classroom, as she was speaking to her pupils about her, and they paused to wish her great happiness. She took her the picture of the family group sent her by her adopted mother not long before her death, in which the little Princess Alix, a little tot, stood leaning against the mother's knee, well in the foreground, as if significant of the position she was in future to occupy in the family group. She said it was almost impossible for her to realize the changes that time and [illegible] and wished that she [illegible] in her wedding robes. [illegible] presently [illegible]

reply, but in the course of months came this gracious response, the lovely picture of the Czarina in her bridal robes with the letter of the Ambassador with the seal of Russia attached.

Mme. Hoffman has been a resident of St. Louis for several years, first as teacher of German in the public schools, afterwards at Hosmer Hall. Last year she was the leader of several German clubs, among them a very exclusive club organized by Mrs. Dwight Collier.



МИНИСТЕРСТВО ИНОСТРАННЫХЪ ДѢЛЪ

ИМПЕРАТОРСКАЯ РОССІЙСКАЯ МИССІЯ въ Вашингтонѣ

1st of October 1895.

№ 307

Mrs. Ch. Hoffmann

Madame:

The Chancery of the Russian Legation has the honor to forward to you by order of Her Imperial Majesty the Czarina of Russia the enclosed picture of Her Majesty, begging you to send a receipt of it to the Russian Legation at Washington D.C.

The First Secretary A. Bakhmetev

Letter accompanying the portrait.

Physician's Subjects.

In Vienna there are women whose business it is to be "physicians' subjects." One of them hires herself out to the medical men as a subject on which they may illustrate laryngology and rhinology. She receives about 75 cents an hour, furnishing her own instruments. Her throat has so little sensibility that the manipulations produce no irritation.

Speculation in Waterfalls.

In Norway there is at present considerable speculation in waterfalls, which are purchased for their water power rather than for scenic purposes. The fall at Rafos, for instance, on the River Kaltva, was recently disposed of for [illegible]. It will be used by an aluminum [illegible]

LOOK OUT FOR FAYE'S COMET

This Fiery Body May Hit the Earth.

Every once in a while the astronomers discover far off in remote space a small speck, upon the strength of which they immediately work themselves into a state of excitement, which ultimately spreads to the more ignorant and superstitious.

Just at present this phenomena is being witnessed since the telegram sent out from Kell Sept. 22 that Prof. Javelle of Nice had discovered the approach of Faye's comet. Immediately there began the calculation of orbits.

The astronomers, some of them without taking time to look up into the heavens and see the ominous body which was reported to be approaching, pulled down their maps and planispheres. Upon these they began to hurriedly draw lines, the while consulting tables of statistics.

One line represented the path of the earth as it swings through space. This was easily marked off. The other was a long curve representing the orbit of Faye's comet.

As was expected, these two lines crossed. Faye's comet is to cross the path of the earth.

But right here is the interesting point. If the earth in its progress through immensity is on schedule time, it will be just at this crossroads of the heavens at about the time Faye's comet is due to arrive.

Such a calculation and announcement at this time is characteristic of the astronomers. The world in its headless plunge through space would be apt to lose sight of the astronomers if the latter did not from time to time "throw a scare into it."

Astronomers are the sentinels of the human race. On lonely mountain tops, on dreary headlands and on lofty peaks above the snow line, they are supposed to mount guard, glass in hand, forever scouring the horizon. The announcement from Nice was the "fall ho!" of the astronomical world, and it was immediately telegraphed to every observatory.

Of course, nobody has seen this comet which all the row is about. If it is anything like Biela's comet, which created a similar disturbance two or three years ago, it will never appear within the ordinary range of vision.

The astronomers who say they know all about it assert that it is coming this way at the rate of several million miles a day. If it hits the earth, as some of them seem to fear, it will strike with the force of 1,500,000 foot-tons and the people who are standing around in the neighborhood are apt to be hurt. This comet, for instance, would think nothing of smashing a fashioned city.

But the earth has a striking force, too. The earth is bigger than the comet, and as every disciple of pugilism is aware, mere bulk is a large part of the battle.

While Faye's comet, at the rate it is said to be approaching, might hit the earth a staggering blow in the stomach, yet the earth when it got its second wind would step into the ring and put an end to the comet in a way to make Mr. Faye, its discoverer, shed bitter tears. The earth might simply roll over Faye's comet in its majestic course through space, and all that would be left on the track would be little more than a grease spot.

This, however, only concerns the battle between the earth and the comet. In which all admit the comet would come out second best. But how would it be with the human race?

"If the human race is to be [illegible] by our coming in contact with a comet, it is a matter of little or no importance what becomes of the earth. The comet, indeed, might take the earth if it would only leave the human race.

It is right here that the astronomers find what they allege to be verification of the startling rumors they are throwing out. As is well known, there has recently been a surprising rise in the temperature.

Not for two centuries, or as long as meteorological records have been kept, has there been a September as hot as that of this year. Prenomenal heat occurred not only here but in Europe, and cab horses in Paris dropped dead in the streets, while dogs lay panting with their tongues out.

These are some of the signs of the times, according to the astronomers. When you see dogs panting with their tongues out, then look for comets. When cab horses drop dead in the streets the end of the world is at hand. All this heat, say the astronomers, heralded the approach of a comet.

And now the comet is coming, breathing hard, with its hat on the back of its head like a man running up hill. Its eye is bent on the earth and there is blood in it. Faye's comet, in other words, is out on the range, and planets, stars and satellites had better keep in doors until the procession has passed.

That, however, the earth cannot do, for, as has been said, the orbits cross, and when these two bodies meet there is bound to be trouble. But long before they could come to blows the human race would have perished, according to M. Camille Flammarion, who has drawn a most harrowing picture of just what would happen.

People would first, he says, experience a consuming thirst. Nobody would eat, says Flammarion, as the comet got nearer. Then a succession of horrors is depicted by Flammarion, who finds in the destruction of the human race an excellent subject for the exercise of his descriptive faculties. The heat will rise, he says, until mercury spurts out of the top of thermometers, dogs will stick out their tongues until they turn inside-out, and things will have to be put into the stove to cool.

The air will be filled with flying meteorites and people who escape the heat will be hit in the back of the neck by falling stars. Such as escape this terrible fate by going on board ironclads and carrying sheet-iron umbrellas in the streets will be suffocated by noxious gases which the comet will throw out in advance as a gentle reminder that he is coming.

Finally on the third day, as the comet gets nearer and nearer, the thermometer will rise to 1402 Fahrenheit, men will fry as eggs on the sidewalk, and immediately expire, and everybody will die from suffocation before 10 a. m. Then the comet will rush in and complete the scene of desolation. We have only a few more weeks to live, according to the direful forebodings of the astronomical gentlemen who have figured out this gloomy ending for mundane things.

Faye's comet is on time. Its wheels are running smoothly. It is coming around the curve from the infinite with plenty of headway and steam to spare. Its axles have all been greased and a large store of acquired momentum has been stowed away in the after-locker.

But there is yet a ray of hope. One astronomer says that the world is slow. We are behind time, according to this gentleman.

Everybody up to the present had thought that things here were going at an extreme rate on this globe. We congratulated ourselves on the fact that we were fast, up-to-date, fin de siecle, out of sight, in fact. It is good to know now that this is not so, that we are only no better than we ought to be, but a good deal worse.

If we were up-to-date we would get into trouble with Faye's comet. If we were ahead of time, as many [illegible] had supposed, then we would [illegible] with the heat from that fiery [illegible] which is itself thereupon [illegible] accordingly [illegible]

observatory, we are away behind the times.

This may be our salvation. We will view the passage of Faye's comet from afar, watching it cross the place where we ought to be and "having the laugh" on that meteoric body as it looks around for the earth at the cross-roads and asks "where are we at?"

A little calculation of time has done it all. If the tables are right then we are safe. It is a great many years since the human race was destroyed by a comet, and the presumption is strongly in favor of our coming out ahead this time.

Meanwhile Faye's comet continues, according to astronomers, to swing into view. Nobody has seen it yet, but themselves, and for all the public knows the whole thing may be a myth.

But in any event the betting is strongly in favor of the earth against the field. Faye's comet and the chances of the collision find no takers, and even in the event of its appearing right in front of us the betting would be strongly in favor of its being knocked out in the first round.

THE BICYCLE IN WAR.

French Army Experiments With a Folding Bicycle.

An American inventor several months ago secured letters-patent on a folding bicycle, a picture of which was printed recently. The American will be sorry to learn that his invention had been anticipated by a Frenchman. A recent Paris letter says:

"It is a sign of the times that all the leading firms are making a special line of bicycles for the army. At each series of military manoeuvres the bicycle is playing a more and more prominent part, and quite a respectable proportion of the army is now mounted on wheels. So far, the role of the bicycle has been limited to the passive side of warfare, such as conveying messages, but now it is to be employed by scouting parties whose value seems likely to be inestimable. During the manoeuvres now being held experiments are being carried out with a corps of bicyclists who are engaged to harry the supposed enemy and to check their progress when necessary. For this purpose the military bicyclists ride a bicycle invented by Capt. Gerard. This wheel, of the cross-framed variety in which the tube is joined half way to allow the two wheels being folded one over the other and slung conveniently on the back. When in use a rushing tube fits over the joint and makes the frame sufficiently rigid for all practical purposes. The idea is not a new one, since it was tried years ago. It is said, however, to be a success, and large numbers of these folding wheels are being sold in the army. Its insignificant appearance is sure to militate against its being taken up by civilians."

British Slowness.

A leading English journal says: Why is it that we are so slow in this country to make improvements of such immense economic importance? Ours is the land of machines and machinery, of skilled inventors, and of colossal enterprises, yet in many respects England lags behind the whole civilized world in availing herself of the discoveries of science. There is not as much as a mile in the whole of London of the telephone, as in one quarter of Washington City, and there are prairie towns in the west of the United States more magnificently lighted by electricity than the streets of London. Electric tram cables may be seen in many and many a city abroad, while here they are still novelties. Years ago the tourist might have watched a detached electric or petroleum phaeton speedily threading the thickest crowd of carriages in the Champs d'Elysees, at Paris, and now we have Frenchmen again, instead of the country-men of Watts and Stephenson, acting as pioneers in the new age, while we, the only cousins [illegible] and the home of [illegible] are [illegible] from a great and [illegible]

WINTER CLUBS IN FULL SWING.

Society Goes in Heavily for Cards and Culture.

SOME BRIDAL LUNCHEONS.

How the Clubs Have Been Entertained—Important Nuptials Announced for Next Week.

The culture clubs are now fully organized, and with the month of November the ladies interested in them will begin work in earnest, and since "all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," they will amuse themselves with other clubs, euchre, or whist, receptions, teas and balls. Time will not hang heavy on their hands if all of their plans for self-cultivation and pleasure carry. The various chart clubs are all at work. On Tuesday at half past three o'clock Mrs. Goodman King entertained the art division at her residence, No. 3710 Delmar avenue.

On Wednesday, at 4 o'clock, the history and current topic division was entertained by Mrs. Houston T. Force at her residence, No. 4348 West Morgan street.

On Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock, the current topics division was entertained by Mrs. Alfred Bradford at her residence, No. 3507 Pine street.

On Thursday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, Mrs. Minor Merriwether entertained at her residence, No. 3716 Delmar avenue, the division devoted to literature.

The Mary and Martha Society had their first meeting last week. Mrs. J. G. Donovan was elected president, Mrs. J. C. Niel vice-president, Mrs. Vic Smith secretary and treasurer.

The Young Ladies' Euchre Club of Kirkwood has been reorganized and was entertained on Thursday by Misses Hermans and Lycett.

Mrs. John W. Good entertained her euchre club, assisted by Miss Garnett, on Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Jessie Barnes entertained her euchre club on Monday.

Miss Olive Montgomery entertained the Tuesday Club this week at her residence in South St. Louis.

The Rubinstein Club was entertained at its last meeting by Miss Krieckhaus.

There have been some very fashionable functions during the early part of the week. Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. McLure celebrated their wedding anniversary on Wednesday evening by a very handsome dinner party given to their intimate friends.

Mrs. Frank D. Hirschberg gave a reception on Tuesday afternoon in compliment to Mrs. John Frost, which was a very handsome affair.

Mrs. William H. Miltenberger assisted by Mrs. Mauntel and Mrs. John L. Boland and the Misses Boland gave a handsome reception on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Douglas Cook gave a progressive euchre party on Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Charles Van Studdiford gave a dinner on Thursday evening at the St. Nicholas Hotel in compliment to Miss Marie Walsh and Miss Ellen Riley. It was chaperoned by Mrs. Henry Lucas.

The Misses Frost gave a handsome luncheon on Monday to Miss Marie Ewing and her bridesmaids. Mrs. Frank Hirschberg gave a luncheon to the same party on Thursday.

Gossip.

Mrs. Iddler of Berlin avenue and her sister, Miss Haidie Moll, who spent the summer at the lake resorts, have returned home.

Miss Minnie Westhold spent several days last week visiting friends at Marblehead, Ill.

Mrs. F. H. Knight has changed her residence and is now located at 3734 Olive street.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson and family are residing now at 2323 St. Louis avenue.

Miss Mabel Filley has been spending the past week with Dr. and Mrs. Harvey Mudd of Washington avenue, and has recovered from a slight illness.

Mrs. C. F. McCulloch and her daughters, Misses Florence and Frances McCulloch, are spending the fall season with her mother, Mrs. Purcell, in Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Charles Malloy, who has been spending the past few weeks with her father, Mr. Charles E. Barney, has returned with her two children to her home in New York City. Mrs. Hall has returned from the East and is with her father, and Miss Madge Barney is expected home next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lucas and Mrs. Benoist went up to Carlyle, Ill., to be present at the marriage of Miss Emily Lucas.

Mrs. A. T. Tandy, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Lissier, have gone to Illinois to visit relatives. Mrs. Tandy will remain there all winter.

Mrs. Wayman McCreery and daughters, who remained in the East visiting relatives for a few weeks after their return from Europe, have returned to the city.

Mrs. J. Q. McCaurie has returned to the city, having been called away by serious illness in her brother's family.

Miss Carrie Wilkinson, who has been spending most of the summer and fall season out of town, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McClain and her daughter, Miss Mae McClain, have returned from Hannibal, Mo., where they attended the Christian Endeavor Convention.

Mrs. Crenshaw arrived last week with her children from Springfield, Mo., to make a visit of several weeks to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Russell of 3419 Pine street.

Mrs. W. H. Elliott has been confined to her home by illness for the past ten days, but is now convalescent.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Kilpatrick, who have been making a tour of the continent, returned home Tuesday. They were gone about four months.

Miss Monta Scott is convalescent after an illness of ten days.

Mrs. Henry Meier of Delmar avenue is expecting a visit from her niece, Miss Cole, of Memphis, Tenn.

Miss Jennie Logue Campbell of Monmouth, Ill., has returned home after a visit to St. Louis friends. She is prominent in "Woman's Work" in the Church of the United Presbyterians.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank N. Johnson have moved into their new home, which has just been completed for them at 4421 Laclede avenue.

Mrs. Joseph Thomas of Waco, Tex., who has been visiting her parents, Judge and Mrs. Russell, returned with her husband home last week, her visit terminating suddenly and painfully with the death of her little son, 3 years old, of membranous croup.

Mrs. E. B. White, accompanied by her mother, from Virginia, are spending several weeks at Hot Springs.

Mrs. W. J. Smith, who has been spending the summer in the East, has returned home, and is at the Grand Avenue Hotel.

Mrs. E. B. James of 808 Clarkson place is entertaining Miss Bernadine Hutchinson of Jefferson City, who, with her mother, visited Mrs. James during the carnival.

Mrs. Belle Castleman Carroll will leave next week for the Atlanta Exposition, to which she was appointed by Gov. Stone a commissioner for the State of Missouri.

Mrs. Dr. Lightner, who has been spending a week or two with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Elliott, since their return from Europe, is now visiting relatives at Bloomington, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Runk have been spending their honeymoon in a tour of the South.

Miss Nellie Paulding has returned from Chain of Rocks, Lincoln County, Mo., where she went to the wedding of her friend, Miss Edna Williamson, who was married Oct. 30.

Mrs. T. B. Gordon, who has been visiting Mrs. George Harbison of Chestnut street, has returned to her home in Little Rock.

Mrs. C. H. Bellhouse of Lexington, Ky., has been spending a little time in the city visiting friends, with a view of coming to St. Louis probably to reside.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lawnin are making a visit of a fortnight to the Atlanta Exposition. They will not go to housekeeping this winter, but will remain with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. O. Nelson.

Miss Sadie Moore of Venice, Ill., is making a visit to relatives in South St. Louis.

Mrs. J. C. Block has returned from Hannibal, Mo.

Mrs. Fannie Beaky, who has been spending the past year abroad, traveling with her daughter, Mrs. Clarke of New York City,

has returned, and is with her sons at the Grand Avenue Hotel for the winter.

Mr. David McCormick, who has been visiting his relatives in the Old Dominion, is home again.

Mr. Andrew Moll has returned home after a visit of three months to the Old World. He left his daughter, who accompanied him in his tour, in Europe to continue her studies in music.

Mrs. Norris of Laclede avenue is entertaining her mother, Mrs. Seal of Wellsville.

Mrs. Forrest Ferguson left on Tuesday night for her old home in Trenton, Tenn., whither she was called by serious illness in the family of her brother.

Mrs. John Scullin and her son, Mr. Fred Scullin, after spending the summer visiting her daughter, the Baroness de Guest, in Paris, has returned home, leaving Miss Mae Scullin to spend the winter in Europe.

Mrs. Dr. Gerould left the early part of the week to visit her son in New York.

Miss Williams of Chicago, who was last week a guest of Mrs. James L. Ford, is spending this week with Mrs. Brownlee. Miss Bowman of Louisville, Ky., who was also a guest of Mrs. Ford, is now with Mrs. Lyne S. Metcalf.

Miss Bessie Bauduy has been spending several weeks with a school friend in Springfield, Mass.

Miss Dora Prewitt, after spending the summer in the Northwest, has gone to New York City to serve as bridemaid for her friend Miss Raymond, whose marriage takes place Nov. 9. Miss Raymond has been a frequent guest in St. Louis and has many friends here.

Mrs. John Krauss of South St. Louis has been spending the summer in Europe, and has just returned hence, having been met last week in New York City by her husband.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Joy, after quite an extensive tour, have returned to the city and are domiciled at the Southern Hotel, where they will receive their friends during November.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kern, who returned several weeks ago from their bridal tour through Europe, are now domiciled in their handsome new home on West Pine boulevard.

Mr. and Mrs. George Van Schraeder, formerly Miss Alice Servis, are spending their honeymoon in the East. When they return they will be located at the Southern Hotel for the season.

Mrs. John B. Maud, formerly a resident of St. Louis, but now a resident of California, has been spending the fall season with her niece, Mrs. F. C. Sharp, on West Pine boulevard.

Miss Mayme Menge of New Orleans is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Dr. Jaminet, and Miss Leontine Jaminet.

Mrs. Wm. Browning will spend the winter in California for the benefit of her health. She has leased her house until spring.

Mrs. John Nickerson has been confined at home for the past three months nursing her little son through a serious spell of typhoid fever. She is now with him at St. Luke's Hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. McCormack, the lady formerly Miss Mattie Plant, are mourning the loss of twin children, their first born.

Mrs. Howard Townsend Martin, formerly Camille Thompson, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. William B. Thompson of Westminster place, having returned with the latter, who went to visit her in New York City.

Mr. John J. O'Fallon, who was so seriously ill last spring, is still in poor health at his home, 3639 West Olive street.

Mrs. Francis B. Vaughn, nee Clara Pope, who came to visit her grandmother, Mrs. Caroline O'Fallon, arrived on Monday. She will also visit her father's sister, Mrs. Marsden, and Mesdames John O'Fallon, James J. O'Fallon, Ben O'Fallon and Mrs. Joseph Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Skinner of San Antonio, Tex., are amongst the guests at Hotel Beers.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Y. Williams are permanently located at Hotel Bers.

Mr. M. Garcia of Costa Rica is the guest of Mr. W. J. Hollier of Hotel Beers.

Miss Elizabeth Bent has gone to Sedalia to visit friends.

Dr. J. C. Mulhall and family are residing at Hotel Beers and will continue to do so during Mrs. Mulhall's trip to Europe.

Mrs. Lewis V. Bailey, who has been ill for some time, is now able to be out.

Mrs. C. L. Vansice, formerly Miss Ella Gaty, who was quietly married about four months ago, is now residing with her father-in-law and mother, 1319 North Whittier street.

Mr. Leo Hadley has been quite ill at the home of his mother, Mrs. Gussie Noonan Hadley, for the past two weeks.

Miss Kathleen Cleary, a pretty Chicago belle, who came to attend the autumn festivities and was the guest of her cousin, Miss May Belle McBride, and Mrs. Thomas Halpin of 3602 West Olive street, will return home next week.

Mrs. Forbes-Leith, who divided her time between her castle in Scotland, and her handsome home in New York City, has come to spend the winter with her venerable grandmother, Mrs. Jemima Lindell. Mrs. Forbes-Leith has many relatives in this city.

Mrs. Amie Shephard Hand and little son, of Silver City, N. M., who have been visiting her mother at her country house, are now the guests of her sister, Mrs. Emma Card-Connor.

Mrs. W. R. Donaldson contracted pneumonia while on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Thomas Allen of Pittsfield, Mass., and has been confined to her room for a month, and will leave for the South as soon as she is able to travel, the pine woods having been recommended for the benefit of her lungs. She will be accompanied by her daughter, Miss Annie Donaldson, who has been her devoted nurse during her illness.

Mr. Edgar Comstock of Lucas place has gone to Chicago to be with his sister, Mrs. Eugene Field, in her sad bereavement.

Mrs. C. T. Renouard and Mrs. B. B. Theyer have returned from a trip to California and are now residing at 2737 Lucas avenue.

Mrs. L. Loevy and little daughter, Helen, have returned to their home in Omaha after a pleasant visit to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cook.

Miss Sadie Lewkowitz of 3653 Page avenue entertained her little friends on her 6th birthday Sunday.

Miss Gussie Michaels of Louisiana, Mo., and Miss Flora Levy of Chicago have returned to their homes after a pleasant visit to their aunt, Mrs. Robert J. Levy of 4049 West Morgan street.

Miss Sophie Friedman has recovered from her serious illness.

Mr. Wirt Farris and his mother, Mrs. Fleming Wirt Farris, have returned from Detroit.

Miss Mary Winston Silver, from Lexington, Mo., is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Dr. Lutz of the South Side.

Mrs. Henry Kraver and little son, from Henderson, Ky., are the guests of Mrs. George Gershon.

The breakfast given by Mrs. Auguste Ewing on Sunday morning will be strictly confined to the bridal party, who will have a rehearsal after the breakfast is over. Archbishop Ryan, who will be here to marry Mr. Wight and Miss Ewing, performed the same rite for the bride's parents.

Mrs. Sam McCord did not return to St. Joseph last Saturday week with her sister, Miss Susan McCord, but will leave this week.

Rev. F. E. Alleyne of St. Mark's School, Portland, Me., left for home Tuesday morning, after a short stay in St. Louis, the son of Mrs. Sawyer returning with him, to remain until his mother returns from Europe.

The first meeting of the Apollo Club for this season took place on Friday at the residence of Miss Emma Levy, 4110 West Pine street.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Summerfield have moved to their new home, 3947 Cook avenue.

The grand annual ball of the B'nai-El Ladies' Aid Society is set for Thanksgiving evening.

The marriage of Miss Ida J. Park and Mr. Charles Z. Trembley will take place the 25th of this month.

The departure of the newly married couples from Union Station has become quite a spectacle and a crowd is generally present Wednesday evening to witness the deluge of old slippers and rice thrown by the fashionable at the departing couples.

Mr. and Mrs. Cummings Collins have returned from Arcadia and are staying with the bride's parents until their own home on West Olive street is completed.

Mrs. William C. Breckinridge of 3711 Olive street is entertaining her daughter, Mrs. F. D. Waters, and her little daughters from Washington City.

Miss Amelia Bayless left to-day for Louisville after a visit of several weeks to her cousins, Mrs. D. S. Crosby and Mrs. Chouteau Smith of 2922 Lucas avenue.

Mrs. Robert H. Kern of this city has gone to Mexico to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Pool.

A pretty wedding was solemnized Wednesday evening in the parlors of the Southern Hotel, the contracting couple being Mr. J. H. Proctor, son of ex-Senator J. M. Proctor, and Miss Edna Daniel of Sturgeon, Mo. Rev. J. W. Ramsey of Salisbury, Mo., performed the ceremony. The bride, a handsome brunette, was attired in a beatiful gray traveling suit, while her maid of honor, Miss Mayme Ritchie of Sturgeon was costumed in a golden brown traveling outfit. Mr. W. W. Stewart did the honors for Mr. Proctor.

A large party of friends came down from Sturgeon to be present at the marriage, among whom were Mr. J. M. Proctor, Mrs. A. Daniel, mother of the bride, Miss Ella Kemper, Miss Long, Miss Mena Proctor, Miss Batterton and C. F. Bruton; and B. F. Gentry and George E. Hutton of St. Louis.

The bridal party left Thursday morning on a bridal trip.

A very pleasant surprise was tendered Mrs. Aug. Kroeger of 2914 Gamble street Sunday in honor of her 52d birthday by the ladies of the The Daughters of Rebekka, who presented her with a beatiful piano lamp and onyx table as a token of esteem and devotion.

The ladies present were Mrs. Grote, Bensiek, Schlechter, Sproul, Moser, Fishback, Frieseka, Doll, Maysack, Oberwinter, Feller, Koelkebeck, Schifforst, Kastner, Paykew, Krueger, Wertz and Fix.

Miss Myra Overall has returned home after a pleasant visit to her aunt, Mrs. H. B. Grubbs, 3305 Washington avenue.

Mr. Otto Hudson Bauer, the well known baritone singer, leaves the latter part of the month for New York to accept an important position with a leading wholesale drug house.

A Face Against the Pane.

Grant Cooper of 4660 McCaffrey place discovered a man prying open his side window Thursday morning. Mr. Cooper fired two shots at the man. The latter made his escape over a rear fence.

FRIDAY'S REMNANT

Sale Is Looked For With Great Expectations by the Ladies, and They Are Never Disappointed.

BROADWAY & FRANKLIN AVE.

Penny and Gentles

BROADWAY & FRANKLIN AVE.

FRIDAY'S SAVINGS

On the Bargains We Give You Will Pay You Well to Come to Us TO-MORROW.

CALICOES, 8 TILL 9 A. M. 1,700 yards best quality Indigo Blue Calicoes...... 3½c

LININGS, 9 TILL 10 A. M. 1,100 yards Silesias and Percalines, all colors, worth up to 12½c; Friday...... 5c

SHEETINGS, 10 TILL 11 A. M. 1,300 yards heavy Bleached Sheetings, as good as the best, in remnants, worth 22c...... 12½c

STORM SERGES, 11 TILL 12 A.M. 17 pieces 50-inch wide Storm Serges, black and navy, worth 75c; Friday Price...... 40c

KID GLOVES, 2 TILL 3 P.M. 87 doz. Ladies' 8-Button Mousquataire Swede Kid Gloves, Jouvin's best quality, worth $2 per pair; not more than 2 pairs to each...... 69c

TABLE LINENS, 3 TILL 4 P.M. 600 yards 60-inch wide Turkey Red Table Linen, worth 45c; Friday...... 25c

HOSIERY, 4 TILL 5 P. M. 50 dozen Ladies' Fast Black Fleeced Lined Hose, double soles, high spliced heels, everywhere 50c; 4 until 5 p. m. Friday...... 19c

NOTIONS.

Vaseline or Petroleum Jelly that is worth 8c bottle...... 5c

Best quality Cocoanut Oil Soap, worth 50c doz...... 25c

Whisk Broom, good stock, worth 8c...... 5c

Lead Pencils, regular value 8c doz...... 2½c

Austen Perfume, one ounce bottle, worth 18c...... 10c

Box Prepared Chalk that usually sells at 10c...... 5c

TRIMMINGS.

Lot Colored Spangled Trimmings, that are worth up to 35c yard...... 5c

Lot Colored Silk Featherine; usually retails at 25c yard...... 5c

Lot Fur Edging, all colors, worth up to 35c yard...... 10c

Lot Colored Bead Passementerie and Colored Bead Edging; they are worth up to 40c yard...... 10c

Lot Fancy Braid Trimmings; they are worth up to 15c yard; your choice for...... 5c

KID GLOVES.

50 dozen Genuine French Kid Gloves, 5-hook and 4-button, in all colors and black; every pair warranted and fitted to the hand, worth $1.35, at...... $1.00

100 dozen 5-hook and 4-button French Kid Gloves, in black and colors, worth $1, at...... 75c

LININGS.

Lot Best Kid Finished Cambrics, worth 5c, Friday...... 3½c

5,000 yards Extra Fine English Hair Cloth, worth 25c, Friday...... 10c

2,000 yards Genuine Fiberine (all others are imitations of this), worth 25c, Friday...... 11c

ART EMBROIDERY.

40 dozen Momie Linen Splashers and Trays, 18x27, worth 25c and 30c, on Friday...... 15c

60 dozen Momie Linen Scarfs: white and with fancy colored border, 16x54, worth 50c, on Friday...... 25c

45 dozen Momie Linen Scarfs, 18x72, with heavy knotted fringe, worth 65c, on Friday...... 39c

DRESS GOODS.

100 pcs Double Width Storm Serge, Navy Blue and Black, worth 25c. Sale Price...... 12½c

8 yards a full dress pattern, $1.00.

45 pieces double width rough Scotch Cheviots, worth 40c, Sale Price...... 19c

8 yards a full dress pattern, $1.52.

65 pieces all-wool Mixed Novelties, 38 inches wide, choice colorings, worth 55c yard. Sale Price...... 35c

7 yards a full dress pattern, $2.45.

30 pieces 50-inch all-wool Rough Mixtures, new colorings. 25 pieces 38-inch French Novelties, Boucle effects. 54-inch all-wool Heavy Boucle effects, worth up to $1.00 per yard. Sale Price...... 59c

5 yards and 7 yards a full dress pattern, $2.95 and $4.13.

KNIT UNDERWEAR.

Lot Ladies' Jersey ribb Vests, high necks, long sleeves, worth 22c. Friday for...... 15c

Lot Ladies' Jersey Ribb Natural Wool Vests, worth 65c. Friday for...... 25c

Lot Ladies' heavy fleece-lined Jersey Ribb Union Suits, all sizes, worth 85c. Friday for...... 49c

Lot Gent's fine Camel's Hair Shirts or Drawers, broken sizes, worth $1.00. Friday for...... 49c

Lot Gents' very heavy pure Lamb's Wool Shirts or Drawers in Tan, Camel's Hair or Scarlet Medicated, worth $1.75. Friday for...... $1

HOSIERY.

Lot Ladies' fast black full seamless fleece-lined Hose, worth 25c. Friday for...... 15c

Lot Ladies' fine imported Black Cashmere Hose, worth 50c. Friday for...... 25c

SILKS. REMNANTS.

3,000 OF THEM—In all lengths.

There are Satin Rhadames and Satin Duchesse, also Surah Silks and Luxors, likewise Black Silks, Novelty Silks of All Kinds, and Every Description. They are the ends of pieces and cuttings to make lengths, when goods are turned out of the factory.

We Will Put them on sale at

9 A. M. FRIDAY and there will be a furore while they last. Think of it.

A whole remnant of Silk for...... 15c

Another remnant of Silk for...... 25c

Still another remnant of Silk for...... 35c

And one more lot remnant of Silk for...... 50c

We bought heavily at the great Auction Sale in New York last week of the Silk Product of the Phoenix Mills of Paterson, N. J.

9 pieces Black Satin Rhadame, all silk, manufacturer's price 65c. Sale Price...... 44c

7 pieces Black Satin Rhadame, will make a fine dress; manufacturer's price 78c. Sale Price...... 59c

8 pieces Black Duchesse Satin, 24 inches wide, manufacturer's price $1.25. Sale Price...... 89c

7 pieces Black Brocade Satins, very fine goods; manufacturer's price 77½c. Sale Price...... 57c

11 pieces Black Satin Duchesse, beautiful quality; manufacturer's price 85c. Sale Price...... 69c

15 pieces 28-inch Black Duchesse Satin, finest quality; manufacturer's price $1.65. Sale Price...... 98c

CLOAKS

From the Bankrupt Mercantile Cloak Co. of New York. Finest Goods far below regular prices.

50 Fine PLUSH CAPES, 30 inches long, full sweep, Thibet trimmed, worth $12.50. Friday...... $8.75

100 JACKETS, Rough Boucle and Beaver Cloth, latest cut, largest sleeves, worth $7.50...... $5.00

Special Sale Friday of

Fine Plush and Velour Capes.

Also Real Fur Capes.

See our great Real Coney Cape for...... $5.00

Children's Jackets and Cloaks.

Grand Stock, all grades marked down for this sale. Manufacturers' stock of INFANTS' CLOAKS at 25 cents on the Dollar.

200 fine Tan and Cream Long Cloaks handsomely embroidered...... 89c up.

30 doz. Infants' fine open front Merino Vest, worth 25c. Friday...... 15c

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

Closing Out to Make Room for Holiday Goods.

One lot Wringers, worth $2, all warranted, go at...... $1.29

500 sets Porcelain China Cups and Saucers, worth 65c set, per set of 6 each, go at...... 35c

Clothes Pins, 10 dozen for...... 5c

A lot of 6-quart Granite Sauce Pans, worth $1.00, go at...... 49c

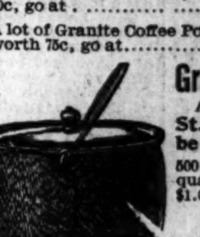
A lot of Granite Buckets, worth 40c, go at...... 15c

A lot of Granite Basins, worth 50c, go at...... 15c

A lot of Granite Coffee Pots, worth 75c, go at...... 35c

100 10-piece decorated Toilet Sets, worth $3.50, for this week only...... $1.98

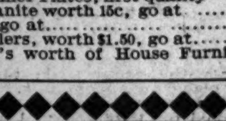
56-piece Tea Sets, worth $5.00, for this sale only...... $2.98



Granite Ware! Granite Ware!

All first quality made by the St. Louis Stamping Co., must be closed out to make room.

500 6 and 8-quart Sauce Pans, first quality granite ware, worth $1.00, goes at...... 59c



500 2-quart first quality Pudding Pans, worth 19c, go at...... 10c

500 2-quart Sauce Pans, worth 40c, first quality, go at...... 15c

Dinner Plates, first quality granite worth 15c, go at...... 9c

Granite Kettles, worth 65c, go at...... 25c

No. 8 first quality Coffee Boilers, worth $1.50, go at...... 69c

Remember, every dollar's worth of House Furnishings must go.

THE TRAMP HAD A TIME.

Col. Dick Johnson Tells His Wife a "Lodge" Story.

"Don't give me any of those things," protested Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dick Johnson to the white-aproned attendant in a liquid cafe yesterday, as the latter pushed an aluminum check toward the Colonel.

It is customary in some places of refreshment to give two-and-a-half-cent chips in making change. Sometimes these checks accumulate in a man's pocket and this was Col. Johnson's fix lately.

Not long ago while giving his wife some change she noticed the checks and asked what they were for. He told her they were bread checks that he used to give to applicants for alms. She asked him for some of them, and not stopping to consider, he gave Mrs. Johnson a dozen or more.

The next day a tramp came along and asked for something to eat, and Mrs. Johnson gave him several of the chips. The tramp caught on and told the lady he had a mother-in-law and six orphans to support, and she gave him the rest of the checks.

That evening when Colonel Johnson came home his wife told him of her charitable act and the Colonel winked the other eye and thought what a good thing that wandering Willie had struck.

Pretty soon a knock was heard at the back door and when the Colonel responded he gazed upon a dilapidated wreck of humanity standing unsteadily upon the steps and with a voice husky with barrel-house emotion, the tramp said:

"Shay, tell th' leddy I want sum more thosh breadsh checks, cause me country cousins hash come 'er visitin' me."

The Colonel kicked the fellow out of the yard and squared himself with his better half by purchasing a new cloak for her.

GUTZMAN IS SORRY.

A Florist Who Thinks He Let a Thief Escape.

Frank Gutzman, a florist at 6422 North Broadway, in returning home Wednesday night found two unknown men standing in his greenhouse. Both men attempted to escape but Gutzman captured one of them and started to escort him to the O'Fallon Park Police Station. On the way he met Christian Neff of 6212 North Broadway, who induced him to release his prisoner, saying he knew him to be all right.

When Gutzman returned home he found a large quantity of his plants had been removed from their places and piled in a convenient spot to be carried away. He is now sorry that he released his prisoner.

MISS JOSEPHINE FOY WED.

The Young St. Louis Actress Marries James O'Neill's Leading Man.

Miss Josephine Foy, daughter of Rev. J. H. Foy, Principal of the Shields School, and at one time a St. Louis pastor, is now Mrs. Hallet Thompson. Both are members of James O'Neill's Dramatic Company, and they were married at Elmira, N. Y., Oct. 30, but the news has just reached St. Louis.

Mrs. Thompson is a beautiful young woman of 20, and several years ago she overcame her relatives' opposition to her entrance upon a dramatic career. She joined the James O'Neill company at the beginning of this season. Mr. Thompson is the leading man of the company and has risen rapidly in his profession.

State Federation of Labor.

The Missouri State Federation of Labor adjourned Wednesday at Walhalla Hall, after deciding to meet at the State Capital the last Monday in January, 1897. The committee appointed to audit Secretary Cassidy's books reported that the records were so tangled that it was impossible to say whether the financial statement was correct.

Officers were elected as follows: Samuel S. Harrison, President; Joseph A. Dempsky, First Vice-President; Louis A. Hirschfeld, Second Vice-President; Philip Mueller, Secretary; William Devaux, State Organizer; William Brandt, C. P. Connolly and William Devaux, Legislative Committee.

Business Men's League.

Fifteen members of the Executive Committee of the Business Men's League met Wednesday afternoon, pursuant to a sudden call, and transacted business of importance. Clark H. Sampson presented the report of the Convention Committee, asking a guarantee of expenses for the Republican National Convention, a committee of twenty-five to go to Washington on the occasion of the meeting of the National Committee, and similar action for the Democratic Convention. A public meeting will be called at the Exposition soon, and the co-operation of the public asked.

A communication was read with reference to the request that the Naval Department retire the old training ship at Philadelphia named the St. Louis and that the next cruiser built be given this name.

The first annual meeting of the league will be held the first week in December and a general review of the year's work will be made.

FLOWERY TALK.

Manager Michel Discusses the Coming Chrysanthemum Show.

The fifth annual chrysanthemum show and flower exhibition will open at Entertainment Hall on Nov. 13th.

There will be but four kinds of flowers exhibited—the chrysanthemum, the rose, the carnation and the mignonette. These are the great staples in the cut flower trade, and are the ones also best adapted to an autumn exhibit.

The 'mum is just coming in, and for two months she will usurp the queenship of the rose. This lovely child of the China aster will be in evidence in great variety, of both shape and color, and there 500 distinct varieties of it to pick from, showing all the shades of red and yellow, the most striking of which will be the bronzes, the pink blushes and the rose lavenders. One of great interest will be there as showing the nearest approach to the blue, which has the name of the "President William R. Smith" 'mum.

"In the propagation of carnations," Manager E. H. Michel said, "there has been a great advance in the last three or four years in the United States, and to-day it is, from the florists' standpoint, the scarcest flour of the three staples—rose, chrysanthemum and pink. This scarcity is due to its enormous increase in popularity, which has far outrun the increased production. Of the 500 varieties of carnation there will be about 25 exhibited at Entertainment Hall, and the most remarkable among them probably will be some fine specimens of the yellow variety. The carnation is the most sporty of flowers by nature, and it is being developed into many beautiful forms and tints, and this yellow one is a late and most striking example of its disposition to vary."

"The point of principal interest among the roses," Mr. Michel continued, "is the complete decadence in popularity of the Marechal Neil. It has been wholly supplanted by the American Beauty. There will be 25 varieties of the rose family in the show, and a profusion of each variety as there will be of the 'mums and pinks."

Mr. Michel said that the mignonette would play a minor part in the show. It is admitted mainly because of its fragrancy.

ARTHUR MEYER'S JOKE.

It Wasn't so Funny When Judge Stevenson Fined Him $15.

Young Arthur Meyer, fresh from Springfield, Ill., accompanied by two boon companions and a jag of aldermanic proportions, boarded Conductor B. P. Burd's car at King's highway and Easton avenue about 1:30 o'clock Thursday morning. Meyer proceeded to inform the passengers that he was a devil of a fellow. Burd told him to keep quiet or get off the car. What followed cannot be easily described.

Anyhow Arthur is not as comely as he was, if a black eye, missing teeth and a swollen head tend to mar beauty. He told Judge Stevenson this morning that it was all a joke. He struck at the conductor, but that was only his little way of showing his playfulness.

The judge remarked that it was very funny, but the laugh was on the defendant, as he was assessed a fine of $15.

SHOT AT A BURGLAR.

Alexander Strube's Adventure With an Early Morning Visitor.

About 1 o'clock a. m. Thursday a burglar attempted to force an entrance to the residence of Alexander Strube, about three blocks outside the city limits on Wells avenue.

Mr. Strube heard the housebreaker at work and jumping out of bed fired two shots at him. The intruder ran away and Mr. Strube does not know whether either of the shots took effect.

FREIGHT TRAIN WRECKED.

Was in the 'Frisco Yards and No One Was Hurt.

While engine 933 of the Missouri Pacific Railroad was pulling a string of fifteen loaded freight cars into the 'Frisco yards, about 5:20 a. m., one of the cars jumped the track at the Spring avenue crossing, causing three other cars to follow. The tracked was blocked both ways for over an hour. No one was injured and the damage was slight.

SMOKED CIGARETTES.

And the Sparks Caused a Fire in the Suburbs.

Harry Ross, 12 years old, of 723 Walton avenue and Albert Olson, aged 12, of 4604 Bell avenue, repaired to the vacant shed in the shed of 709 Bayard avenue, Wednesday afternoon, when they amused themselves by smoking cigarettes.

Sparks fell in a pile of rubbish which caused a fire, damaging the shed about $50.

SHOT HIM IN THE BACK.

Jennie Nelson of Eleventh Street Perforates Louis Evans.

They have shooting scrapes so often on Eleventh street among the darkies that such affairs do not create a ripple of excitement. There was one Thursday morning, and it took five police officers fifteen minutes to find out which house in the block it was, because no one thereabouts had noticed it.

Louis Evans, second steward on the steamboat Pittsburg, furnished the food for bullets. Jennie Nelson supplied the bullets. Evans came into her room in the rear of 408 North Eleventh street, and wanted to lie down on her bed. She wouldn't have it, and he ran at her with a knife. Then she shot him with a 22-caliber pistol once in the back and once in the right hand. He is now in the City Hospital and she is locked up. He will recover.

"I guess he wanted to see the color of my blood," said Jennie, "and so I thought I had better see the color of his. No man can't run over me," and then she grinned as though she thought it a good joke.

CUT HER TO THE QUICK.

Bloody Separation Between Nellie Armstrong and Her Lover.

Nellie Armstrong, a young mulatto woman with a gorgeous red jersey, a black sailor hat and a dispelled notion of the fidelity of mankind, strode into Judge Stevenson's court this morning. Nellie resides in Gallagher's yard on Ninth and Biddle, and for six years she has lived with "her man," Harry Hogan. From a Gallagher's-yard point of view Harry is quite handsome—too handsome he thought for Nellie, so he sought to transfer his affections to a demure little creature of 14. Of course Nellie remonstrated. "Harry," says she, "you're breaking my heart!"

"Well, I'll break your head," said Harry, which he proceeded to do. He also had a razor, and in cutting her acquaintance he also separated her from several slices of cuticle. This occurred at 2 o'clock Thursday morning. Judge Stevenson fined Hogan $50.

HEARD THE HOBOES SING,

And the Orphic Ditty Charmed Away His Watch and Money.

To hear thirteen hoboes sing "How Casey Broke the Pledge" was the extraordinary attraction that inveigled Dennis Ryan, a visitor from Quincy, Ill., to the rear of Thomas Carraher's saloon, at 15 South Seventh street. He heard the pathetic ditty, and was touched for $37 in money, a silver watch and gold chain valued at $25. Three men induced Ryan to hear the song, and while he was following the story of Casey's indiscretion they robbed him. All of the "hoboes" were arrested, and will be sent to the Police Court for idling.

LIKED MISS WALLIS.

Other Members of Her Company Had No Trouble With Her.

Miss Wallis and Miss Wickes are still at loggerheads and are still airing their troubles in the newspapers. The latest complaint Miss Wallis has to make against Miss Wickes is that the latter has asserted that other members of the company intended leaving because of their treatment by the star. This Miss Wallis denies and to prove her denial she has obtained letters from the three persons mentioned declaring that the best of feeling exists between them.

Carleton King says in his letter that he has never been treated with such consideration by any one. Miss Stuart declares that she is leaving in her own interest and not on account of a personal disagreement with Miss Wallis. Miss Matthews writes that illness forces her resignation.

Backed by these documents the little lady feels that she has vindicated herself.

WALKER WANTS DAMAGES.

Detained as a Revolutionary Suspect by the Hawaiian Government.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 7.—Capt. F. D. Walker, late of Honolulu, through his attorney, Frank Higgins of this city, has petitioned the British Government for redress and pecuniary compensation for damages sustained in consequence of the petitioner having been detained as a revolutionary suspect by the Hawaiian Government. The Captain established his innocence, but for damage to his character and business he asks compensation to the amount of $1,000.

LEGION OF HONOR.

Preparations to Extend It Throughout the State.

The Supreme Council of the Legion of Honor has finished drafting a new charter, constitution and by-laws, with the end in view of extending the order throughout the State of Missouri.

The Supreme Council has been holding frequent meetings during the past three weeks and finished the work last night. The work of organization will be begun at once and it is expected that within the next few months lodges will be established all over the State. There are already lodges organized in Jefferson City and Kansas City. The principal provision of the new charter provides for annual sessions of the Supreme Council in January of each year, at which all councils in the State will be represented.

The Legion of Honor has about 4,000 members in St. Louis at present and has hitherto been confined entirely to the city. Chas. Claflin Allen is Supreme Chancellor.

IN WESTMORELAND PLACE

David G. Evans Purchases a Residence Site for $33,696.

There is a revival in the demand for costly West End residence property. The first notable sale this fall of this class of property was made Thursday by John Dwyer of a lot in Westmoreland place for $33,696.

The lot has a frontage of 192 feet and is located on the south side of the street, between King's highway and Lake avenue. The price per foot was $175.50.

David G. Evans, the well known importer of teas and spices, who at present resides at 2648 Locust street, was the purchaser. Ninety-two feet was purchased in his name and 100 feet in his wife's name. Mr. Dwyer owned the property, and the figure at which he sold it shows that values are advancing in that exclusive district.

The lot will soon be the site of a costly dwelling. Mr. Evans intends to erect a house that will cost again as much as the lot. He is at present negotiating with architects for the improvements.

There was another big sale of residence property closed Thursday. A residence with a lot 51 feet front, situated on the north side of St. Ferdinand avenue, between Vandeventer and Warne avenues, was sold by Edward O. Oekel to George J. Wandstrath for $10,200.

Coming Realty Auctions.

The first auction of real estate to take place in the Real Estate Exchange will take place at 2 p. m. Saturday. The J. T. Donovan Real Estate Company will conduct the sale. Some valuable property is listed in residence and business districts. A three-story brick building known as Nos. 111, 113 and 115 South Sixth, adjoining the Havlin's Theater, lot 58x129 feet, will be one of the first sites sold. This is a most valuable business site, and much inquiry has been made regarding it. A lot 101x121 feet on Eighth street, occupied by five two-story dwellings, Nos. 1008 to 1016, south, will also be sold.

Much interest is manifested in the auction sale of the "Sacred Heart" block, once the site of the Sacred Heart City Convent, to be conducted by Henry Hiemenz, Jr., on the premises Nov. 16. The property is to be sub-divided into building lots. The property is located just opposite the French Market, at Broadway and Hickory street.

Lackland Estate Sold.

The old Lackland farm and home on the St. Charles Rock road, seven miles from the city limits, has been disposed of to two different parties and will probably be resold in building lots. Phil Chew, the well-known agent, negotiated the sale. Eleven acres of the tract were sold to George Fitzwater for $1,100. Chas. Fenninghaus bought the 12.37 acres adjoining for $1,237.

Realty Notes.

Mueller & Faribault sold a lot measuring 50x123 feet on the north side of Kennerly avenue, near Marcus, from John Mueller to John Wimbush for $25 a foot.

The Buckeye Improvement Co. is preparing to erect four two-story dwellings on the east side of Blackstone avenue, between Ridge and Minerva, at a cost of $12,000.

Phil Chew closed the sale of ten acres of the Boyle tract, near Creve Coeur Lake, to Herman Seimers for $1,000.

A six-room house, occupying 75 feet of ground in Kinloch Park, from the Kinloch Park Association to Henry Wild, for $1,200.

A five-room house in Kinloch Park to Mrs. Annie Seatzmeyer, for $800.

A three-room house in Kinloch Park to H. S. Campbell, for $1,100.

Four lots in Kinloch Park, from Mrs. Lucy Smith to Joseph Naber, for $800.

Also 80 acres in Butler County, Missouri, owned by Mr. Chew, to Henry Kanzberg [illegible] Dennis, for $400.

GEN. LONGSTREET ATTACKS GEN. LEE.

Unsparing Criticism in the Former's New Book.

A POOR COMMANDER.

Outwitted by Meade at Gettysburg—Joe Johnston a Greater General—A Career of Blunders.

Gen. James Longstreet has just been on a visit to Philadelphia to see his publishers about his new book which will soon appear. He expects that the records which he has collected will create a great deal of hard feeling in the South, for he has criticised unsparingly some of the most famous Confederate leaders, men whose names are held as almost sacred by the rebels.

"In fact," said Gen. Longstreet to a correspondent, "I think that some of the Virginians believe that when they die they will go to Gen. Lee, but my book will show very plainly that Lee, though now regarded by all Southerners as the most able of leaders, was but a poor commander, and that the whole of his military record is full of mistakes.

"I am confident that had the management of the troops been given to Johnston the South would have won the conflict. One of the greatest errors that Lee ever made was at the battle of Gettysburg, when Meade outwitted him on every side. It has been said that Lee had the disadvantage of being in such a position that his men had terrible obstacles to overcome, but if the Union forces possessed such fine position on the heights above while Lee's men were below in the Devil's Den, it was due to the fact that Meade outgeneraled Lee and secured such an advantage by his superior tactics.

"Lee had just the same chance to get the heights that Meade had, but he did not, and his men had to climb up hills and fight in the face of what was a natural citadel, where Meade was lodged.

"Johnston was the superior of Lee in every way, but he was hampered by having incurred the displeasure of President Davis. The fineness of Johnston's judgment is shown by the fact that he was anxious to march immediately on Washington just after the victory at Manassas, but the reason he did not do so, Gen. Johnson always said, was that he was obliged to obey Davis' orders, which prevented his making what would have been the coup d'etat of the conflict and have brought speedy success to the Southern arms. Had Johnston marched on Washington it would have fallen. The South would thus have secured the key to the situation.

"I was with the army when the surrender took place at Appomattox. When Lee found that we were out of it he sent for me and told me that he could not get away. He said that it was impossible to escape and wanted to know what plan of action I would propose. I told him that, as he stated the matter, it was its own answer. He then sent for Gen. Mahone and made the same statements to him, and Mahone advised him to see Gen. Grant about matters. Lee approved of this advice, got on his horse and rode out to find Grant.

"While he was gone I heard a report which led me to believe that it was possible to cut our way out of the Union lines that were hemming us in, and I decided to stop Lee on his errand to Grant. Lee had considerable start, but I sent for the fleetest courier in the army to race after him and bring him back from his mission. Yet the condition of the man and horses were such that it seemed impossible to get a fresh, mettled horse for the errand.

"It happened that Col. Heiskell of South Carolina had a fine blooded mare that had been brought from Petersburg. It was fresh and spirited, and Heiskell offered to render whatever service he could. I told him at once to get on the mare and ride after Lee. I told him not to spare the mare, to kill it if necessary, for I knew Lee could overtake before he reached Gen. Grant. Heiskell set out at a thundering rate, but when he got to Lee it was too late. I afterwards discovered that the report which had reached me was false, so it was well enough that Heiskell had not succeeded in catching Lee before he had communicated with Grant.

"Gen. Mahone was a good soldier and a good worker. In January, 1865, I was before Petersburg, and left to go down to Suffolk, but before leaving I laid out my lines, extending them from Petersburg almost to Chancellorsville, as I supposed that the enemy might come around and make an attack on my left. I wished to defend my line at the crossing of the river and at the plank road, hence I put all the troops to work. Whenever I made a tour of inspection I always found Mahone at his post, which is more than I can say for some of the other officers. Mahone was a fine engineer.

"Mahone's unpopularity in Virginia was due to his politics. They attacked him in the Senate because he helped to organize the Senate under the Republicans. But he did more for the State than any other man has done for many a day. I think he was patriotic and sincere in all his political life, and if he was disliked at the last it was because Virginians did not like his belonging to the Republican party.

"I commenced to write my book on the war about seven years ago. At that time I collected some data and had some maps drawn, but my house caught fire and burned to the ground, destroying a good deal of the material I had collected, and my health becoming very bad about that time I abandoned the idea of writing a book. In two or three years from that time, however, my health became very much improved, and so I took up writing again, collected the data over and have worked on it since. The publishers expect to have the book out in a month's time.

"Up to the time I commenced writing I had no idea of writing anything about the war, for I supposed there were so many other people writing about it that there was no use of my saying anything. I thought my record, as it was, would tell what I had done. However, so many of the people who did write books wrote so strongly against me that I was forced to say something in my own behalf and defense. I have told the whole story."

Gen. Longstreet is rather feeble and his hair falls white about a face well marked by the passing of time. He is quite deaf, and is obliged to carry on a conversation by means of an ear-trumpet. Longstreet is an ardent Republican, has accepted the results of his defeat philosophically and says now that "the best thing that ever happened to the South was her defeat for nothing but interminable confusion would have followed her victory."

The Origin of Billiards.

In a letter, dated 1750, which has been presented to the Bibliotheque Nationale in Paris, a highly ingenious account is given of the origin of billiards. The writer declares that billiards were invented in England in the middle of the sixteenth century by a pawnbroker named Bill Kew. This man, it is alleged, used in his leisure moments to play on his counter with the three brass balls which he hung up as a sign. For a cue he had a yard measure, whence the term Bill-yard, or Bill's Yards, corrupted into billiards. This etymology will hardly satisfy Mr. Skeat, but it is at least curious as showing to what lengths the speculative entymologist is apt to go. The most astonishing thing about it, however, is the fact that it is the work of a Frenchman, who might have seen at a glance that billiards is merely a corruption of his own term billiard, from "bille," a ball, a ball, the termination "ard" being perfectly regular and natural in the composition of a word intended to designate the table upon which the balls are used.

Cannibalism or Starvation.

From the Family Doctor.

Mr. E. G. Ravenstein, the eminent English geographer and statistician, has made some recondite calculations to find when the earth will be unable to find nourishment for its population, and they will be forced to cannibalism or starvation. According to him when the number exceeds 5,994,000,000, or, in round numbers, 6,000,000,000, this emergency will arise, and Mr. Ravenstein believes the population of the globe will reach this figure in 254 years more.

A Slow Traveler.

It is said that it takes a snail fourteen days to travel a mile.

IT'S THE LOURDES OF MEXICO.

Dedication Ceremonies at the Shrine of Guadalupe.

The ceremonies attending the reopening of the Shrine of Our Lady of Guadalupe and the dedication of the Shrine of Guadalupe practically began in Mexico on Oct. 1 with the coronation of the Virgin.

This event far exceeds the notable pilgrimage of Sacro Monte, which occurred in August, 1882, when the worshippers came from all parts of the republic.

The six Archbishops of Mexico were present and a vast concourse of people, a large number of whom were Indians. The event was unique in view of the religious enthusiasm manifested. The Church of the Virgin of Guadalupe is the holiest shrine in Mexico, and contains the picture of the Virgin which nearly four centuries ago was the occasion of a miracle that has ever since had its effect upon the life of the people.

This church is built upon the spot where an Aztec divinity named Tonamsin (Mother of the Gods) received homage before Mexican cities arose or the Aztec chiefs were made by Cortes the slaves of Spain. The miracle, whose chief instrumentality was an Indian, was the means of converting the Aztecs from pagan worship to that of Christianity, and the Church of the Virgin that is to be dedicated is the fifth edifice that has been erected.

The legend of the Virgin of Guadalupe is one of the most impressive and beautiful in the history of the Catholic Church. It enters into the life of the Mexican people quite as much as does that of Joan of Arc in France. When Don Miguel Hidalgo had rushed forth to take Mexico from the power of Spain it was a painting of the Virgin of Guadalupe that was inscribed upon his banners, and her name was the watchword of the insurrectionary party. "Long live our Mother, most holy Guadalupe! Long live America and death to bad government!" was then the declaration of Mexican independence, and is still the text of the President of the republic on the Mexican Fourth of July.

These words he utters at 11 o'clock on every 12th of September, the anniversary of the very hour when Hidalgo uttered them in the little church of Dolores in 1810. The Emperor Iturbide made the Order of Guadalupe the highest dignity in his court, and when he was executed the first act of the Republican Congress in 1834 was to constitute the virgin's day as a national holiday.

The Virgin of Gaudalupe is thus, besides patron saint of Mexico, a concrete divinity as significant in a political as she is held sacred in a religious sense, and it is the manifestations of strong feelings developed at the opening of the magnificent church in her honor at the time when the President and the Vatican are at right angles over the appointment of an apostolic delegate to Mexico and the establishment of diplomatic relations, that has aroused so much interest and anxiety in the present ceremonial, which is partly religious and partly political in character.

On the spot where the Virgin's church stands the Indian chiefs of Mexico have for centuries assembled to be cured, to renew their allegiance to Tonantzin, to crown new chiefs or to depose others, to hold councils of war and to perform those dire and ceremonies which their forefathers with little variation performed in the days of the "Mother of Gods," and which they hold are as old as the mountains of their native Mexico.

The tradition runs that one day an Indian, in goging up the side of a hill to consult the doctors of Tonantzin about a sick uncle, saw a phenomenal atmospheric disturbance and heard the voices of a choir of angels singing. While gazing in wonder and amazement a beautiful lady was evolved out of the clouds, who told him she was the mother of God, and who commanded the Indian to go and see the Bishop of Mexico and advise him to build her a church on that sacred spot.

The Indian returned to the Bishop and told him what he saw and heard, but the Bishop dismissed the Indian as a dreamer and a fool, whereupon the Indian again repaired to the spot and told the beautiful lady.

Upon hearing what he said, the lady angrily stamped her right foot upon the earth, and from the impression made by her heel there sprang forth a stream of brackish water; she bade the Indian go again to the Bishop, and at the same time told him to make his mind easy about his uncle's sickness, for from that hour he was cured. The Indian returned to the Bishop as requested, who again heard the strange story, but this time requested that some token should be brought to him of these things, and at the same time despatched two of his servants to watch the man's movements.

The Indian, however, when he came to the holy hill, disappeared from the watchers somehow, contrary to the instructions of the Bishop, and when he reappeared to them he claimed to have held conference with the lady, who now commanded him to gather flowers from the barren rock upon which he stood and take them to the Bishop as proof of her supernatural power.

When the Indian came again to the Bishop he delivered the flowers, and while doing so a beautiful picture of the lady herself was revealed amid a flash of light upon the tilma, or cloak, of the Indian, at the sight of which the Bishop himself fell upon his knees, placed the miraculous picture in his oratory and proceeded forthwith to erect the church of which the Indian became the sexton. Upon examination of the Indian's tilma it was discovered that he was providentially cured at the very time the Virgin said such would be the case.

The fame of these incidents spread all over Mexico, and through the aid of devout Jesuits the worship of the pagan "Mother of the Gods" was transferred into worship of the Christ-mother, the affections of the Indians being thus easily transferred from one divinity to another without much changing of the scenes, or of the necessary forms and rites. It is on this account that the present immense gathering of Indians, who constitute, roughly speaking, half the population, has so much significance.

The tilma of the Indian, whose name was Juan Diego, was exhibited upon the altar during the solemn festival, and had a remarkable effect upon those assembled. Within the tabernacle, and in a frame of gold and silver, inclosed with plate glass, the miraculous image is still preserved. The material upon which the picture is wrought is of coarse textile, the figure itself being somewhat conventional in type, good in point of artistic effect, and though 350 years old, it still retains its original freshness and strength of outline.

An examination of the garment plainly reveals its material, but no scientific test to which the picture itself has been submitted has yet revealed any trace of the medium by which the picture was transferred to the cloak of the Indian. It has baffled the ablest artists and all known or ordinary methods of painting, and has furnished, even to unbelievers and practical men, strong proof of the supernatural character of the miraculous incident.

The Church of the Virgin of Guadalupe in its interior is remarkable for its magnificent embellishments, being richly furnished in white and gold. The railings are made of silver, there being no fewer than thirty-seven tons of silver in ornamentation of the high altar, which is made from designs of Tolsa, the famous sculptor of the monument to the Emperor Iturbide. It cost $1,181,000, and the value of jewels, of gold and silver, and of other rich belongings which had accumulated reached $2,000,000, in addition, when the Government confiscated the property of the religious orders, at the time of the reform laws. The present dedication and the extraordinary fervor maintained are somewhat of a demonstration against these laws.

Over the spring of brackish water caused by the Virgin's heel has been erected a little chapel termed the Chapel of the Little Well. There is a stone staircase leading up to the summit on which the chapel stands, and which is erected on the identical spot where the Indian is said to have gathered the flowers that convinced the doubting Bishop, the Church of the Virgin proper standing where a thousand years ago native Indians worshipped Tonantzin, or made merry by feasting on autumn fruits and singing the praises of their pagan gods.

Fish Struck by Lightning.

During a recent severe thunderstorm lightning struck the water of one of the fish ponds of the State Fishery, near Allentown, Pa., which contained 5-year-old California trout. The trout measured from 18 to 22 inches in length. Between seventy-five and 100 of the finest trout in the pond were paralyzed and many of them had their backs broken. A few of those which were paralyzed may recover.

OF INTEREST —TO— WOMEN.

TRIMMED HAT, good value at $6.00, At Fuchs' $3.45

MILLLINERY.

Fashionable Trimmed Hats at Fuchs' actually less than the value of the trimmings. $6.00 pattern Hats and Bonnets for $3.45 CHEAP ENOUGH?

One Dollar Lillian Russell, all shades, best English Felt, at Fuchs' ..... 49c CHEAP ENOUGH?

Artistically trimmed with Silk Ribbon, worth $1.50, at Fuchs' ..... 69c CHEAP ENOUGH?

For a fine Coque Boa, 45 inches in length, a $2.00 beauty, at Fuchs' ..... 98c CHEAP ENOUGH?

Bunch of 3 lovely Tips, curled Princess, value 75c, at Fuchs' ..... 29c CHEAP ENOUGH?

Jet or Rhinestone Buckles, a good thing at 50c, at Fuchs' ..... 9c CHEAP ENOUGH?

Jetted Aigrettes, have been selling generally for 25c, at Fuchs' ..... 5c CHEAP ENOUGH?

N. E. Cor. Broadway and Lucas Av.

A. H. Fuchs

CHEAP ENOUGH FOR SLENDER PURSES.

Imported Blackbirds, valued low at 25c, we will sell to morrow at ..... 9c CHEAP ENOUGH?

Genuine Black Imported Parrots. The $1 kind, at Fuchs' ..... 39c CHEAP ENOUGH?

Bunch of 3 Velvet Roses, sold elsewhere for 35c, suits slender purses at ..... 12c CHEAP ENOUGH?

SAMPLE LINE CHILDREN'S SILK CAPS ..... 19c CHEAP ENOUGH?

Tam O'Shanters. Fetching patterns in plain. How's this for a bargain ..... 29c CHEAP ENOUGH.

RIBBONS.

Two to four inch fancy Ribbons, all colors, cheap at 25c 5c

Three to five inch, all silk, plain and fancy, 50c kind ..... 19c CHEAP ENOUGH?

SEE THE .... "BABY'S DREAM" In Our Corner Show Window.

BOURKE COCKRAN ON TAMMANY.

Declares That the Leaders Represent a Species of Bunko Slavery.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

In conversation not long ago Bourke Cockran said: "Tammany Hall draws upon the energies and sacrifices of many well-meaning people who think it represents some idea or permanent principle. They are all deceived. It represents the art of getting rich out of the public influence of trading votes which they sell without owning them. It represents a species of bunko slavery, delivering men who are not yours. What have such men as Croker and Gilroy and Grant but votes? They are the votes of others, yet they sell them. And by bartering these votes, their entire property, they are allowed to mix in the concerns of statesmen, to be considered a national influence, to claim wide benches in convention. Votes not theirs, proxies they assume to be theirs and sell, are all these fellows own. And they start to get rich the minute they win a victory with other people's property, the ballots. For Croker can't write. I grant you that he can sign his name. But if he had to write that sign up yonder, 'Exclusively for the use of patrons,' he would have to give in. Grant is also an ignorant man. I wrote his messages. No doubt he now sincerely believes that he is a literary man. Such fellows, swollen with official rank, soon imagine they possess all the accomplishments of educated men. And the mystery to me is that it continues to deceive educated men! They assume that they can deliver something, and for that assumed property, votes, they sell the voters and immediately start to get rich. Horses, stables, blocks of houses. God only knows what they acquire because they have got other people's property to sell, the poor, self-governing public."

Prussia's State Forests.

The State forest area of Prussia is 6,000,000 acres, yielding an annual net income of about $6,000,000.

Artificial Marble.

Nine-tenths of the marble-topped tables and so on—what I might call furniture marble—seen in this country are made of artificial marble," said a man in the trade. Thousands of tons of this mock marble are made annually, and even men in the trade can scarcely tell the difference between the real and the false article, for the markings or marblings go wholly through the block, and are not merely superficial. The basis of the whole is a combination of limestone and chalk, which, chemically treated, can be made of any shade desired. The artificial marble in the rough is placed in a water bath, and upon this is sprinkled a sort of varnish consisting of sesquioxide of iron, gum and turpentine, and all manner of marble designs are produced when the turpentine is broken up by the addition of water. Any pattern of marbling can be produced to order. Once such pattern appears, the air is expelled from the block and the colors are fixed by the immersion of the stone in sulphate and warm water baths, and then another bath of sulphate and zinc so closes up the pores and hardens the stone that it acquires the density of the natural article, and can be cut and polished in the same manner.

Water Mark in Paper.

The water mark in paper is produced by a layer of coarse wires of the required figure laid in the molds. The fiber over the wires is thus thinner than at other places and more light shines through the fabric, thus making the figure perceptible when the paper is held up between the eye and the light.

An Authority on Mongrels.

Mr. Hogarth, the author of a voluminous work on the Mongols, was once seated at dinner next to a lady who made it a point always to be able to meet every lion, no matter how mild a lion he might be, on his own ground. The lady had taken a moment before the company left the drawing-room to ask the hostess who her escort was, but unluckily she had not fully understood the hurried answer. As soon as the dinner was fairly started the lady began to talk of dogs and constantly asked her companion questions upon difficult points, until he was forced, after much attempt to turn the conversation, to say that if there was one subject upon which his ignorance might be considered absolute it was that of dogs. The lady regarded him in surprise. "Why," she said, "I thought you had written a book about mongrels!"

Why the Beggar Was Insulted.

A traveler relates a story illustrative of life in Spain. Alighting at the door of an inn a man extended his hand, said, naturally supposing him to be a porter, the traveler offered him his valise, says Golden Days. The man stepped back, tossed his head and frowned scornfully. "Do you take me for a porter?" he demanded. "If would have you understand that I am no porter." "Indeed!" said the traveler, apologetically. "Then may I ask, senor, what you are?" "I am a beggar, sir, and asked you for alms!"

Penitentiary Dried Apples.

Ten thousand bushels of dried apples are among the products of the Kansas penitentiary farm.

North
East
West
South

NEWS—ALL OF THE NEWS—ALL OF THE TIME—that's what THE POST-DISPATCH gives its readers. Drawn from every point of the compass, fresh, clean, bright, readable news. Every point is covered, every phase of the world's changing, every foreign item of significance, every domestic movement of the great American public, every happening of local interest.

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Daily, 1 Cent. Sunday, 5 Cents.

The most progressive, the most enterprising, the greatest newspaper of a great city, is at your door. Daily it brings the best efforts of the compound forces of men and machinery, of brains and art, to your home. Its Sunday edition is known everywhere as the best, full of delightful reading, the wit, the literature of the world's best writers. The most entertaining stories it gives of men and events.

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ALL OF THE NEWS ALL OF THE TIME

THE TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

AIR LINE.

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE AND ST. LOUIS CONSOLIDATED RAILROAD.

Trains.	Depart.	Arrive.
Louisville Mail and Express, d'ly	8:20 am	7:04 am
Louisville Mail and Express, d'ly	[illegible]	5:52 pm

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF THROUGH TRAINS AT UNION STATION, ST. LOUIS TIME. For schedule of Suburban Trains see regular Railroad Time Cards.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.—UNION STATION.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, daily	11:30 am	3:45 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Montana, North Pacific Coast, Black Hills and California Express, daily	8:45 pm	7:10 am
Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk and Burlington Night Exp., daily	7:40 pm	6:30 am
Kansas City, Atchison, St. Joseph, daily	7:41 am	8:10 pm
Fast Mail—Hannibal, Quincy and Burlington	2:30 am	.....
Local pass'ger from Quincy, daily	.....	11:15 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis, daily except Sunday	7:40 pm	6:30 am

C., R. I. & P. R. R.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Rock Island, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express, daily	8:35 am	5:04 pm
Rock Island, Rushnell, Galesburg, Peoria Express, daily	7:45 pm	7:16 am

B. & O. S.-W. RY.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Cincinnati Local Exp., ex. Sun.	7:15 am	6:45 pm
Royal Blue Flyer, Cincinnati, Louisville, Washington, Baltimore and New York, daily	8:20 am	6:00 pm
Cincinnati, Louisville and Pittsburg Express, daily	3:30 pm	7:12 am
Cincinnati, Louisville, Washington and New York Fast Line, daily	3:00 am	7:12 am
Washington (Ind.) Accommodation, except Sunday	5:30 pm	11:44 am
Salem (Ill.) Accommodation, except Sunday	12:01 pm	8:22 am
Fast Express and Mail, daily	.....	12:30 m

CHICAGO & ALTON.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Limited, daily	8:45 am	7:12 pm
Chicago Palace Express, daily	9:00 pm	7:25 am
Chicago Midnight Special, daily	11:01 pm	8:04 am
Chicago Day Local Exp., daily	7:34 am	7:02 pm
Spring. & Jack. Acc., ex. Sun.	5:05 pm	10:44 am
Kansas City Vestib. Lim., daily	3:40 pm	7:25 am
Kansas City, Day Express, daily	8:14 am	7:25 pm

BIG FOUR ROUTE.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Day Express, daily	8:00 am	5:44 pm
Knickerbocker Special, daily	12:00 m	9:05 pm
Mattoon Accom., daily ex. Sun.	4:30 pm	9:22 am
Boston, New York, Cincinnati and Washington Exp., daily	7:35 pm	7:30 am

BLUFF LINE.

ST. L., C. & ST. P. R. R.—UNION STATION.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Alton, Jerseyville and Springfield, except Sunday	8:30 am	11:22 am
Alton, Jerseyville and Springfield, Sunday only	5:00 pm	11:22 am
Alton, Jerseyville, Grafton and Springfield, except Sunday	5:00 pm	7:13 pm

COTTON BELT.

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN RAILWAY.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Cotton Belt Express, daily	7:50 am	6:50 pm

M., K. & T.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Boonville, Sedalia, Clinton, Fort Scott, Parsons and Indian Territory Express	9:00 am	6:00 pm
Fort Worth, Dallas, Taylor, Waco and Austin Express	6:30 pm	7:20 am
Fort Worth, Dalas, San Antonio and Galveston Express	9:30 am	6:00 pm
St. Charles, Sedalia, Fort Scott and Denison Express	6:30 pm	7:20 am

CAIRO SHORT LINE.

ST. L., A. & T. R. R.

	Depart.	Arrive.
New Orleans Fast Mail—Cairo, Memphis, Paducah and Metropolis Express, daily	7:30 am	7:24 pm
New Orleans Limited—Cairo, Memphis and Vicksburg Express, Florida Short Line, daily	7:30 pm	7:44 am
Cape Girardeau Express, daily ex. Sun.	7:30 am	11:40 am
Cape Girardeau Ex., daily ex. Sun.	4:30 pm	11:40 am
Cairo, Marion, Carbondale and Murphysboro Express, daily except Sunday	7:30 am	11:40 pm
Chester and Pinckneyville, daily except Sunday	4:30 pm	11:40 am
Chester and Pinckneyville, daily except Sunday	1:30 pm	7:24 pm

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Texas Fast Mail to Little Rock, Texarkana, Dallas, Waco, Fort Worth, El Paso, Los Angeles and San Francisco, daily	3:05 am	10:05 pm
Columbus Accommodation, daily	7:50 am	6:45 pm
Hot Springs, Dallas and Fort Worth Express, daily	9:40 am	6:10 pm
Texas Special—Dallas, Fort Worth, Galveston, San Antonio, Laredo, New Orleans and City of Mexico, daily	8:15 pm	7:25 am
Memphis and Hot Springs Exp.	8:30 pm	7:00 am

LEAVING FOURTH AND CHOUTEAU AVENUE DEPOT.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Arcadia Accommodation	4:30 pm	9:40 am
DeSoto Accommodation	5:30 pm	2:20 am

ST. L. & SAN FRANCISCO.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Kan. & Oklahoma Mail, daily	8:25 am	6:30 pm
Arkansas and Texas Exp., daily	8:25 am	6:30 pm
California and Colorado Ex., d'ly	8:00 pm	6:50 am
Texas Limited Vestibuled, daily	9:00 pm	7:00 am

L. & N. R. R.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Fast Mail to Evansville, Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Birmingham, Mobile, New Orleans and Jacksonville, Fla., daily	7:02 am	7:00 am
Nashville Accommodation, daily	11:05 am	1:32 pm
Mount Vernon Accom., daily	5:00 pm	9:20 am
Southern Express to Nashville, Birmingham, Mobile, New Orleans, Thomasville and Jacksonville, Fla., daily	7:05 pm	7:20 am

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL.

(Via Wabash Railroad.)

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail and Express, daily	8:30 am	11:00 am
Mail and Express, daily	4:30 pm	6:30 pm

CLOVER LEAF.

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY RY.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail and Express, daily ex. Sun.	7:44 am	5:56 pm
Toledo Express, daily	7:01 pm	7:40 am

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

CHICAGO LINE.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Day Ex., daily ex. Sun.	8:40 am	6:40 pm
Chicago Diamond Special, daily	8:10 pm	7:34 am

MISSOURI PACIFIC RY.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Local Passenger	7:25 am	6:00 pm
Kan. City, Omaha, Lincoln and Southern Kansas Exp., daily	3:00 pm	4:25 pm
Washington Accommodation	5:25 pm	9:00 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha, Southern Kansas and Colorado Fast Line, daily	8:20 pm	10:15 pm

ST. L., K. C. & COLORADO.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Union Express, daily	4:30 pm	8:20 am

VANDALIA LINE.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Trains Nos. 20 and 21, daily	8:10 am	7:00 pm
Day Express, daily	8:40 am	.....
Indianapolis Acc., daily ex. Sun.	.....	5:12 pm
New York Limited, daily	1:00 pm	3:00 pm
New York, Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore Express, d'ly	10:20 pm	7:00 am
Effingham Accommodation, daily	5:30 pm	3:16 pm
Chicago Day Ex., daily ex. Sun.	8:40 am	7:00 pm
Chicago Diamond Special, daily	8:10 pm	7:00 am
Cincinnati Day Express, daily	8:10 am	7:00 pm
Cincinnati Night Express, daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am

WABASH LINE.

(Lines East of the Mississippi.)

	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Local Express, daily	7:30 am	7:05 pm
Chicago Fast Express, daily	9:00 am	7:15 pm
Toledo, Detroit and New York Fast Express, daily	7:30 am	5:05 pm
Decatur Accom., except Sunday	4:35 pm	10:15 am
Toledo, Detroit, New York and Boston Vestibuled Limited Express, daily	7:40 pm	7:04 am
Chicago Vestibuled Limited, daily	9:30 pm	7:05 am

(Lines West of the Mississippi.)

	Depart.	Arrive.
Kansas City Mail and Express, except Sunday	8:30 am	6:30 pm
Kansas City and Ottawa Ex., Sunday	9:00 am	6:00 pm
Kansas City Mail and Express	3:00 pm	6:30 pm
Kansas City and Ottawa Ex., daily ex. Sunday	4:00 pm	11:00 am
Montgomery Accom., ex. Sunday	.....	.....
Omaha Day Express, daily	8:30 pm	7:05 am
Kansas City Fast Mail, daily	3:30 pm	7:00 am
Fast Mail	.....	2:00 pm

M. & O. R. R.

	Depart.	Arrive.
New Orleans and Mobile Express	7:30 am	7:05 pm
Cape Girardeau and Mobile Express	7:30 am	7:05 pm
Cape Girardeau and Texas Express	4:30 pm	11:40 am

NEXT SATURDAY'S GRIDIRON GAME.

Two Great Teams Will Meet at Sportsman's Park.

MISSOURI—NORTHWESTERN.

The Showing of the Columbia Boys Has Attracted Attention and Northwestern Has a Strong Record.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 7.—The Northwestern University foot ball team, which goes to St. Louis to play the Missouri team Saturday at Sportsman's Park, is certainly one of the best foot ball teams that colleges of the West yet have seen. Its rise has been sudden, but it has been of a kind that shows unmistakably the mettle of the eleven.

The defeat of the University of Chicago team on Oct. 19 by a score of 22 to 6 first gave the Methodists recognition. This victory was no fluke. It was achieved on the Chicago University grounds and was so decisive in nature as to leave little doubt, either of Northwestern's superiority over Stagg's eleven or of the fact that it was a powerful team. On last Saturday Northwestern visited Lafayette, Ind., and defeated the Hoosier champions—Purdue—by a score of 24 to 6, and in this game there was no chance whatever to cry "fluke." The victory was clean-cut, and disappointed Purdue critics were compelled to say after the game that their team was outplayed "at every point." While Missouri beat Purdue at St. Louis by a score of 26 to 4, the Indiana team is stout in the declaration that it was then over-confident and under-trained—in by no means the form it was in when it met Northwestern. Such afterclaims as these are, of course, frequently unjust, but it will interest the Missouri team to know that Purdue now says that Northwestern is the strongest team she has met and will induce the St. Louis players to harder work to disprove the assertion.

The fine showing of the Missouri team has attracted attention of foot ball enthusiasts in this region and some claim that it is the strongest in the West. Its defeat by Nebraska on the latter's grounds by so small a margin is not considered disparaging, but as rather indicating a slight advantage for the Missourians. The Northwestern team, though, is comparatively confident of winning Saturday's game, yet conceding that it is to meet a hard foe. Friends of the Evanston Methodists believe that they are the best players west of Philadelphia, and a few of the more enthusiastic consider that they would make a decidedly good showing against any of the big four—Pennsylvania, Yale, Princeton and Harvard. Of course, this claim is disputed by Michigan, while the far Western institutions of Missouri and Nebraska will say: "Beat us before you compare yourselves with the Eastern stars."

O'CONNELL IS LAME.

The Big Gelding Will Hardly Race Here Agaian This Season.

O'Connell pulled up lame in his work at the Fair Grounds Tuesday morning and he will hardly face a starter again until next season. The accident to O'Connell has changed the plans of his owner, W. J. Speirs. He intended to race at San Francisco this winter, but without O'Connell it would hardly be worth his while going to the Coast, and instead he will take Lizzetta, La Salle and Lissig to New Orleans after the Fair Association closes. The long spell of dry weather has greatly hardened the big track and just at present it is risky to work and race a big horse, who is accustomed to pounding himself, over it. Dr. Rice was not in any too good shape when he came here last spring, but Foster thinks the only race he ran here was responsible for his complete knockout. O'Connell has more than earned his oats this season, and if he has to be turned out Speirs cannot complain. O'Connell and Boundless are about the two best race horses ever sired by Harry O'Fallon.

Dr. H. E. Rowell will ship Figaro, Collins, Willie Shannon and the rest of his horses to San Francisco this week. Figaro is not the horse he was this spring, and it would appear as though fate had been against him since Dr. Rowell claimed him away from Billy Barrick. The accident he sustained at Detroit knocked him out for months, and now he has become a bleeder. The latter affliction accounts for the long price laid against him Wednesday. It took a stake horse to beat him in the spring, but the rankest of platers seem able to take his measure now. Collins has been Dr. Rowell's bread winner since Figaro went wrong.

• • •

George Brown, the popular owner of the Laurette stable, will ship his horses to Baltimore this week for the Pimlico meeting. Forget worked a half mile in :48 flat Wednesday morning and Brown thinks she will give the best of the Eastern 2-year-olds a hard race. Donation will also give the 2-year-old that beats him a stiff argument. San Ilario, Enthusiast and Senator Vest have been of no account to Brown this season. Brown is delighted with the treatment he received in St. Louis, and he has promised to enter Forget in every stake to be run here next season to which she is eligible.

• • •

Speaking about the run-up of Buck Massie, Jim Murphy of St. Louis says:

"I don't know of anybody that run their horses cheaper in selling races than the Fleischmanns, and I'll have a chance to get even. Why, look at this race. Lehman cost the Fleischmanns $5,000. Buck Massie cost me the same amount. Buck Massie is in for $1,900, while Lehman is only in for $1,200. This shows that I am not running my horses as cheap as they are."

Results at the Tracks.

FAIR GROUNDS—The winners: Starling, La Salle, Young Arian, Simmons, Billy McKenzie.

LATONIA—The winners: Strathrol, Clissie B., Rasper, Bogue, Zufallig, Bessie Nichols.

KANSAS CITY—The winners: Miss Jessie, Little Chap, Winchester, Montell.

SAN FRANCISCO—The winners: MicMac, Enicino, Flirtilla, Three Forks, Mainstay, Montana.

Track Talk.

Young Arion was backed by those who remembered his good race last week.

Billy McKenzie ran the first half of his race in :50, and the five-eighths in 1:02.

W. J. Jackson has disposed of El Reno, and returned to his home in Nashville, Tenn.

Gov. Sheehan has won seven straight races for E. Landsberg since the latter bought him from D. T. Pulsifer for $350.

Jockey Willie Ham is here, and will ride at the Fair Grounds as soon as he can get a Turf Congress license.

The purses, both at the St. Asaph and Alexander Island tracks, are to be increased after the close of the Baltimore meeting.

Joe Murphy is in the city visiting his parents previous to his departure for San Francisco, where he will be a racing judge this winter.

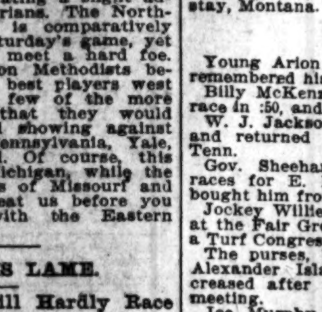
E. Landsberg, the owner of Gov. Sheehan, has purchased of Louis Ezell the 2-year-olds, Lady Maud and Deluder. Terms private.

The Kentucky stable has sold Jim Flood, Ingomar and Maj. McLaughlin and will race Lissak and a string of 2-year-olds exclusively next season.

The Western Turf Congress Committee of Appeals has decided to reinstate jockeys who violated the outlaw rule and are not otherwise disqualified.

A QUARTETTE OF PUGILISTIC CELEBRITIES.

ERNEST ROEBER. HARRY PIDGEON. TOMMY RYAN. CHARLES WHITE.



Forming a Literary Club

BY LOUISE STOCKTON

How it is best done: the rules of successful conduct; duties of officers, books to read, topics to discuss. A complete article in the November

LADIES' HOME JOURNAL

10 Cents on all News-stands

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Green's.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 7, 1895.

Trimmed Hats.

Never, during our *15 years* of business experience—have we been able to show half as good a line of *Trimmed Hats*—as to-day.

Fortnightly shipments from Paris—in addition to the latest New York ideas—keep our stock in the freshest condition.

$3.00—$15.00

Chrysanthemums.

Want a few Chrysanthemums,—to brighten up your parlor, or reception hall?—very inexpensive—'ll never fade or wilt—

50c—75c

"Tasty Millinery at Sensible Prices."

L. E. Green & Son,

Broadway and Washington, next to the "Model."

MICHAEL ACCEPTS.

The Welsh Cycling Champion Will Ride Johnny Johnson in Europe.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—"Chappy" Wartburten, the manager of J. Michael, the Welsh champion, who was challenged by J. S. Johnson for a series of three races, has accepted the challenge. He cabled that Michael would accept the challenge of the American, but would insist that the race be held in France or England. He is willing to allow Johnson $500 for expenses. Manager Eck stated that Johnson would prefer the race to take place in America, and is willing to offer sufficient inducements to make it to Michael's interest.

• • •

At the meeting of the Associated Cycling Clubs, held Wednesday evening at the South Side Cycle Club, the dates of Feb. 20, 21 and 22 were chosen for the second annual cycle show. No place in which the 1896 models of wheels will be shown was selected, but two large halls are under consideration. A committee of the local Cycle Board of Trade was present at the meeting with suggestions from the members of that organization, several of which were adopted. It is evident that the A. A. C. and the trade association will work in harmony, and, while the A. A. C. has control of the show, the wishes of the Board of Trade will be followed as far as possible. With these two strong bodies deeply interested the show will surely be a success.

• • •

State Racing Boards at the present time do not figure very prominently, and that this should not be so is becoming more apparent every year. It would be the most sensible plan to allow each division to have charge of the conduct of its racing matters, of course the National Board continuing to exercise control. When racing was less general than now, and meets were few and far between, the present manner of supervision did very well; but now race meets are held in every little hamlet, and the five members of the Racing Board have their hands full in issuing sanctions and receiving reports, without the numerous cases for investigation.

• • •

The subject of the advisability of cyclists interfering in politics—municipal, State or national—has been brought to the front by the action of the Good Roads Association of Brooklyn. Discussing the matter some prominent wheelmen expressed approval of the Good Roads Association's action, while others held that wheelmen should stand aloof as a body, but exact a promise from each party that it would further the interests of men who ride the cycle by supporting any bill for good roads or other improvements which come up for legislation. "I would never change my politics because I am a wheelman," said one, "but, on the other hand, if I was a Republican and the candidate put forward by my party was not a good enough Republican to vote for good roads or any other improvement which might be for the general good, then he would not be good enough Republican for me to vote for. The same thing applies if I were a Democrat."

KILLED IN THE RING.

Ralph Eldridge Knocked Out Forever by John Peterson.

Ralph W. Eldridge, aged 22, was instantly killed while participating in a boxing bout with John Peterson before the Casino Club, Natick, Mass., the other night. Eldridge received a blow under the left ear which knocked him unconscious. In falling he struck his forehead against a table and was killed almost instantly. Peterson has been placed under arrest.

Sporting Notes.

R. Ward and J. Hoggins of East St. Louis have been matched to fight for $50 a side and the gate receipts on or about Dec. 25.

Irwin defeated Bogardus in a live bird shooting match at Paris, Ill., Wednesday. Irwin killed 44 and Bogardus 41 out of 50.

The West End Athletic Club announces its second boxing and wrestling tournament to take place Nov. 23 and 25.

Cochran will captain Princeton in the absence of Lea. The latter may not play again this season.

Yale has no goal kicker, Capt. Thorne, Jerrems and Letton all being regarded as uncertain.

Joe Walcott slugged George Henderson at a dog fight near Malden, Mass., the other night.

W. J. Sturgess, the British amateur champion walker, recently traversed a distance of 8 miles 270 yards in 1h., creating a new world's record for amateur walking. The American record of 7 miles 1,318 yards was made by J. B. Clark, New York, Sept. 8, 1880.

Charles H. Dewing, a millionaire lumberman of Kalamazoo, Mich., offers to deed a quarter section of land to Corbett and Fitzsimmons in Allegan County, Mich., so that they can fight out their differences on their own land, and thus subject themselves to a fine of only $10.

Effect in the Senate.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.—The effect of the elections upon the Senate of the United States will be to increase the Republican strength by two votes from the new State of Utah. The other changes to be effected will not go into operation until March 4, 1897. With two Republicans from Utah the Senate will be divided as follows: Republicans 44, Democrats, 39; Populists 6, Contested (Delaware) 1; total, 90. The Democrats will lose a Senator from Maryland and Ohio each, and if the advices from Kentucky, now favorable to the Republicans, continue, Senator Blackburn will be retired with Brice and Gibson at the end of their present terms.

Fraker Will Stay in Jail.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

EXCELSIOR SPRINGS, Mo., Nov. 7.—A new difficulty has come up in Dr. Fraker's bond. One of the bondsmen refused to qualify at the last moment, and others who signed were reported not eligible. The doctor's friends here said to-day: "He will probably not trouble himself or others any further about bail, but will remain in jail until his trial next February."

THE GLOBE'S Astounding Values for Friday and Saturday.

THE GREAT SAMPLE HOSE SALE NOW PROGRESSING.

Samples of Ladies', Men's, Boys', Misses', Children's and Infants' Hosiery, in Cashmeres, Merinos, Wools, Lisle Thread Silks, Maco Yarns, Balbriggans, Imported Cottons, in fact, everything made in the shape of a stocking.

8 GREAT LOTS {2½c, 5c, 7½c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c, 23c, 29c

PER PAIR, ALL 50 PER CENT LESS THAN WHOLESALER'S COST.

$7.95..........MEN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS..........**$7.95**

ALL STYLES AND MATERIALS. NOT ONE CAN BE DUPLICATED FOR LESS THAN $12.50 TO $18.00.

Cloaks and Millinery Must Go.

Free.—A beautiful Feather Boa with every purchase of $5 and above in our Ladies' Cloak Department.

75c Sale Price Only. Ladies' Jackets, 34 to 44, sold everywhere $2.50.

$2.45 Sale Price Only. Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, Melton Cloth. Can't be duplicated under $5.00.

$4.95 Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, good Beaver, half silk lined, sold everywhere $10.00.

$9.95 Nobby English Kersey Jackets—ripple back, all lined, box front, sold elsewhere $20.00.

$2.45 Ladies' Double Capes, fur trimmed, black only, price elsewhere, $5.00.

$5.45 French Coney Fur Capes, 30 inches long—Competitors' price $11.00.

$11.45 30-inch Electric Seal Capes—you can't buy them for less than $22.50

Special—For the Benefit of the Poor—200 Newmarkets, 12 to 18 years, will go to-morrow at **49c**

500 50c High Crown Satin Top Sailors........**25c**

$2 Ladies' and Children's Trimmed Hats........**98c**

Ladies' $4 and $5 Trimmed Hats........**$2.45**

5c Fancy Bordered Handkerchiefs........**2c**

25c Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Vests........**12½c**

75c Ladies' Ribbed Non-Shrinkable Wool Pants........**25c**

$1.00 All-wool Random Underwear........**48c**

$1.00 All-wool Red Flannel Underwear........**53c**

50c and 65c Corsets........**39c**

Boys' and Youths' Suits and Overcoats.

1,000 Boys' Reefers, nicely made and warm lined........**$1.95**

Children's Kilt Suits, odds and ends, price $3 to $5; Our Price........**$1.95**

Children's Cape Overcoats, competitors' price $2.50 and $3.50; Our Price........**$1.45 AND $1.95**

Boys' Suits, 4 to 16; competitors' price $2 to $6; Our Price........**95c to $3.85**

Single and Double-Breasted Sack Suits and Overcoats, up to 19; competitors' price $6, $7.50 and $12; Our Price....**$3.50, $5 and $7.50**

Free Fine Patent Steel Skates, Drums, Zithers and Harps with Boys' Suits and Overcoats, $3 and above.

Boys' Pants; competitors' price 25c to $1.75. Our Price........**15c to $1.00**

Men's Suits and Overcoats.

Men's Single and Double-breasted Cheviot and Cassimere Sack Suits and Overcoats; competitors' price $6.50 and $12. Our Price........**$3.85, $7.50**

Men's Single and Double-breasted Sacks, Cutaways and Prince Alberts, in Cassimeres, Clay Worsteds, Cheviots, Thibets, etc.; competitors' price $15, $18, $25. Our Price........**$10, $12.50, $15**

MEN'S AND BOYS' HATS.

Men's Stiff and Fedora black and brown Hats, Youmans, Knox and Dunlap blocks, competitors' price, $1.50; Our Price........**95c**

Men's Stiff and Fedora Hats, Youmans, Knox and Dunlap blocks competitors' price, $2.50 and $3; Our Price........**$1.50 $2**

Yacht Caps and Cloth Turbans; competitors' price, 75c; Our Price........**45c**

Yacht Caps and Cloth Turbans, competitors' price, 40c; Our Price........**15c**

SHOES FOR ALL MANKIND.

Men's calf cork sole Congress, all sizes, competitors' price $3.50; Our Price........**$2.50**

Men's Satin Calf, Lace and Congress all styles and sizes, competitors' price, $2.00; Our Price........**$1.50**

Ladies' Dongola Button, opera toe, patent tip, competitors' price, $1.35; Our Price........**$1.00**

Ladies' hand-turned button Shoes, broken sizes, competitors' price, $3.50 to $4; Our Price........**$2.50**

Misses' Dongola button or lace, solid school Shoes, competitors' price, $1.75; Our Price........**$1.25**

Child's Dongola Button, patent tips, sizes 8½ to 11, competitors' price, $1.00; Our Price........**75c**

Boys' all solid calf lace Shoes for school wear, competitors' price $1.75 and $2. Our Price........**$1.25 $1.50**

Youths' all solid calf lace or button, razor or square toe, competitors' price, $1.75. Our Price........**$1.25**

Men's Underwear, Etc.

The Latest Fad! Men's $4 Corduroy Vests during this sale........**$1.98**

500 dozen Cluett & Coon's brand 20c and 25c quality Standing Collars........**5c**

50c Natural Wool Underwear........**23c**

75c Heavy Fleece-lined Underwear. **50c**

$1.00 Camel's Hair Natural Wool Derby Ribbed Fancy Wool Underwear........**48c**

$1.50 Lambs' Wool and Fancy Cashmere Underwear........**$1.00**

$3 and $4 Finest Full Regular English Cashmere and Merino Underwear........**$1.45**

$2 Extra Heavy Brown Flannel Overshirts........**$1.35**

$1.50 All-Wool Sweaters........**95c**

$4.00 All-Wool Jersey Coats........**$2.95**

Globe

N. W. Cor. Seventh and Franklin Avenue.

We Close Sundays; Also Evenings at 6:30. Saturdays at 10:30.

A GUARANTEE.

Remember, we want you to bear in mind, besides giving you this valuable gift, that if we don't save you $2.50 to $5.00 on Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats, we don't want you to buy of us. Your money back any time.

Globe

SPECIAL!

Barr's ST. LOUIS

To-Morrow, Friday, We Will Sell:

15 dozen Ladies' Melton Cloth Underskirts, box-pleated ruffle, in dark grays, usual price $1.00, To-Morrow only........**68c**

20 dozen Ladies' Black Sateen Underskirts, lined, deep-shirred ruffle, usual price $1.25, To-Morrow only........**78c**

20 dozen Ladies Woven Cotton Underskirts natural gray-mixed color, usual price 85c, To-Morrow only........**58c**

30 dozen Ladies' Striped Flannelette Underskirts, well made, usual price 35c, To-Morrow only........**25c**

12 dozen Ladies' Striped Taffeta Silk Underskirts, umbrella shaped, usual price $9.00, To-Morrow........**$6.95**

And a big table load of dust-soiled Ladies' Cambric and Muslin Night Gowns, trimmed in Embroidery and Lace; recent prices range from $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50 and up: To-Morrow they will be **98c, $1.15, $1.25, $1.50** and **$1.85.** Money easily saved to you.

Barr's ST. LOUIS

The above items will be on sale To-Morrow at our Muslin Underwear Department, second floor.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1895, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Maria K. Hafertepe, plaintiff, and against Bernard H. Hafertepe, defendant, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: In city block number twenty hundred and seventy-four, beginning at a point where the south line of Sidney street intersects the west line of Ohio avenue, thence running southwardly along the west line of Ohio avenue 150 feet to the north line of a lot heretofore conveyed by Bernard H. Hafertepe to Frank Rund and Katherine Rund, his wife, thence westwardly along said north line of Rund's lot 128 feet, more or less, to east line of an alley 15 feet wide; thence northwardly along the east line of said alley 140 feet, more or less, to a point in the east line of property now or formerly of Lafayette Bank, and thence (in a general northwardly, but slightly eastwardly direction) along said line and its extension to a point in the south line of Sidney street, which is distant 108 feet, more or less, from the point of beginning; thence eastwardly 108 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning; bounded east by Ohio avenue, north by Sidney street, south by property of Rund and wife, west by said alley and property now or formerly of Lafayette Bank.

Said realty being a part of that acquired by said Bernard H. Hafertepe from August Ruetige and wife by deed, recorded in book 508, page 510, of the Recorder's office for said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1895,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, October 21, 1895. 4585

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE.—Pursuant to a decree entered on the 7th day of January, 1895, in a cause numbered 95,251, in Room 5 of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in which cause Ellen Hurley is plaintiff and William Riley is defendant, and of a renewed order of sale entered October 11th, 1895, public notice is hereby given that the undersigned Special Commissioner, duly appointed by said Court in said cause and duly qualified, will sell, on

MONDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1895,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis, the following described real estate, lying, being and situate in the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, in said decree described, as follows, to-wit: First—A tract of land in said City and State and in city block No. 847, being also block 3 of Labadie's, alias Daggett's, addition to said city, and commencing at a point in the western line of Ninth (formerly Eighth) street, one hundred and sixteen feet north of the southeast corner of said block, thence northwardly along said western line of Ninth street fifty (50) feet to a point, thence westwardly and at right angles with Ninth street, one hundred and forty-nine feet ten inches (149 ft. 10 in.) more or less to the eastern line of an alley, thence southwardly and along said alley fifty (50) feet, thence eastwardly one hundred and forty-nine feet ten inches (149 ft. 10 in.) more or less to the place of beginning, being lots thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35) in block three (3) of said Daggett's Addition, and being the same property that Andrew F. Brown, Trustee of Mary Ann Walsh, and Mary Ann Walsh and Richard Walsh, her husband, conveyed to Martin Riley by deed dated April 18th, 1868, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis aforesaid, in Book No. 365, at page 19, with the improvements thereon. Second—That certain lot or piece of ground, situate in said City and State, and described as lot numbered twelve (12) in block numbered six (6) of Labadie and Lynch's Addition to said city, a plat whereof is of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the County (now City) of St. Louis, said lot containing in front on the west side of James street (now Second Carondelet avenue), twenty-five (25) feet by a depth at right angles to said James street (now Second Carondelet avenue) of one hundred and twenty-nine feet four and one-half inches (129 ft. 4½ in.) to an alley fifteen feet wide; said block numbered six being also city block No. 1414N. of said city, with the improvements thereof; being the same pro[illegible] that Charles W. Parker, Executor of the es[illegible] Eleazer Block, deceased, conveyed to sai[illegible] Riley, by deed dated May 9th, 1871, an[illegible] in said Recorder's office, in Book No. 4[illegible]

Terms of Sale: One-third of the pu[illegible] in cash, the remainder thereof to be [illegible] instalments in one and two years [illegible] of said sale, each deferred paym[illegible] terest from the date of sale at [illegible] per cent per annum and to be se[illegible] trust on the property sold or at t[illegible] purchaser the whole of said purch[illegible] paid in cash.

WILLI[illegible]
Spe[illegible]

4582

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virt[illegible] two executions, issued from the [illegible] Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. [illegible] turnable to the December term, 1895, of sa[illegible] and to me directed, one in favor of Peter Lohrum and George Lohrum, plaintiffs, and against Frederick Ueberle and Katherine Ueberle, defendants, and the other in favor of August B. Kammann, plaintiff, and against Fred Ueberle, defendant, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendants above named, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the south line of Benton street 25 feet, more or less, east of the east line of Tenth street on the center line of partition wall between premises known as No. [illegible] and [illegible] Benton street southwardly through the center line of said partition wall and its continuation [illegible] feet, thence eastwardly on parallel with Benton street [illegible] feet, more or less; thence northwardly and parallel with Tenth street [illegible] feet, more or less, to the south line of Benton street; thence west [illegible] feet, more or less, to the place of beginning and being in city block number [illegible], and I will, on

FRIDAY, THE [illegible] DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1895,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendants, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Nov. [illegible], 1895. [illegible]

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1895, of said court, and to me directed, wherein L. Sommers is plaintiff and Katherine Price, Milo T. Bogard, Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 1, Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 2, Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 3, Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 4 and Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 5 are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: A certain two-story brick building and the land on which the same is located, being the following described premises, to-wit: Lot 18, block 13, Page's 2d addition, block 1890 of said city, having a front of 25 feet on east line of Coleman street by a depth eastwardly between parallel lines of 120 feet to an alley, bounded north by lot 19, east by alley, south by lot 17 and west by Coleman street; and I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1895,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 6, 1895. 4833

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of three executions, issued from the office of the Clerk of the St. Louis Criminal Court, returnable on the first Monday of November next, to said court, and to me directed, in favor of the State of Missouri, plaintiff, and against Stephen Hillner, defendant, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot 13 of subdivision of city block 1472 of said city, said lot having a front of 31 feet 3 inches on the east line of Nebraska avenue, by a depth eastwardly of 125 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, and I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1895,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. [illegible], 1895. 4704

1154—In Matter of the Assignment of Ripley & Brenson. Notice is hereby given that W. B. Homer, assignee of Ripley & Brenson, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October Term, 1895, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2 on Monday, the 11th day of November, 1895, unless good cause to contrary be shown.

THOS. E. RODGERS,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

In Matter of the Assignment of Schulenberg & Boeckeler Lumber Company—Notice is hereby given that Eugene C. Tittmann, assignee of Schulenberg & Boeckeler Lumber Company, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1895, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2 on Tuesday, the 12th day of November, 1895, unless good cause to contrary be shown.

THOS. E. RODGERS,
Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE—Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, the undersigned assignee of the Home-Seeker Building and Loan Association will, on

TUESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1895,

sell at auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., the following described real estate belonging to the assigned estate of said Home-Seeker Building and Loan Association, to-wit:

The east twenty-five (25') feet of lot No. 4 of Mary E. Burson's subdivision, and in city block No. 5038, having a frontage of 25 feet on the north line of Margaretta avenue, by a depth of 115 feet 3 inches. The most northern five feet of said lot to be used by the owners of lots in said block as a private alley; bounded west by the remaining portion of lot No. 4, north by part of lot No. 12, east by lot No. 3, and south by Margaretta avenue; on which is situated dwelling house known as No. 4267 Margaretta avenue.

The west twenty-five (25') feet of lot No. 5 of Mary E. Burson's subdivision, and in city block No. 5038, having a frontage of 25 feet on the north line of Margaretta avenue by a depth of 115 feet 3 inches; the most northern five feet of said lot to be used by the owners of lots in said block as a private alley; bounded west by lot No. 6, north by part of lot No. 12, east by the remaining half of said lot 5, south by Margaretta avenue; on which is situated dwelling house known as No. 4275 Margaretta avenue.

The western one-half of lot 4 of Mary Burson's subdivision, and in city block No. 5038, having a frontage of twenty-five (25') feet on the north line of Margaretta avenue by a depth northwardly of one hundred and fifteen feet, 3 inches; bounded west by lot 5, north by the west one-half of lot 13, east by the east one-half of lot 4, and south by Margaretta avenue. The most northern five feet of said lot to be used by the owners of lots in said block as a private alley; on which lot is situated a dwelling house known as No. 4269 Margaretta avenue.

Lot No. Nine in Washington place, and in block No. 3686 of the City of St. Louis, having a front of twenty-five feet on the west line of Washington place (a private street) by a depth westwardly of 107 feet 6 inches to a private alley; on which is situated a six-room one-story frame dwelling house, known as No. 4011 Washington place.

Sale subject to approval of Circuit Court.

ST. LOUIS TRUST COMPANY,
Assignee Home-Seeker Building and Loan Association.

J. E. HEREFORD, Attorney, Room 74, Laclede Building.

St. Louis, Nov. 6, 1895. 4834

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1895, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of R. T. G. Smith, plaintiff, and against the Security Loan Co., a corporation, and Fred Sholes and F. P. Russell, defendants, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, Fred Sholes, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot 4 of city block No. 5148 of said city, said lot having a front of 50 feet on the north line of Cook avenue by a depth northwardly of 127 feet, and I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1895,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

HENRY TROLL,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 6, 1895. [illegible]

ROBERT PETERSEN and Mary E. Petersen, his wife, plaintiffs, vs. Henry Petersen, Charles Petersen, Louis Petersen and Louise Petersen, his wife; William Petersen, Julius Petersen and Edith M. Petersen, his wife; Edward B. Wolff, trustee; Henry L. Shoemaker and B. A. Suppan, defendants—No. 99,878, Room 6, in the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, October Term, 1895.

In pursuance of an order of sale of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, made on the 21st day of October, 1895, in the above entitled cause, the undersigned will on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1895,

between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house of the City of St. Louis, proceed to sell the following described real estate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to wit:

Lots numbered thirteen and fourteen (13 and 14) of block No. 12 of the subdivision of the Laml tract—city block 1936—commencing at the intersection of the east line of Texas avenue with the south line of Pestalozzi street, thence running south along the east line of Texas avenue seventy-three feet and four inches to the south line of lot fourteen, thence eastwardly along said line to the west line of alley in said block, thence north along said alley line to the south line of Pestalozzi street, thence west along said south line one hundred and twenty-one feet five and one-half inches to the point of beginning.

2. A lot or parcel of land beginning at a point in the eastern line of Sixth street, one hundred and forty feet south of the south line of Cerre street, thence running eastwardly one hundred and twenty-seven feet, more or less, to an alley, thence southwardly along the west line of said alley twenty feet, thence westwardly one hundred and twenty-seven feet, more or less, to Sixth street, thence northwardly along the east line of Sixth street twenty feet to the point of beginning.

THEO. DE FOREST,
E. SCHNURMACHER,
Special Commissioners.

RASSIEUR & BUDER, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
ROBT. L. McLARAN, Attorney for Defendants.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 2d, 1895. 4819

SPECIAL Commissioner's Sale in Partition—Mattie B. Power, plaintiff, vs. Harry M. Verie, defendant; cause No. 1053A. By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis in the above entitled cause of date October 17, 1895, the undersigned as special commissioner will sell according to law at public auction and vendue to the highest bidder at the east front door of the Court House in the City of Saint Louis the following property situate in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number one (1) in Block No. 3 of Gamble's second addition to west and to said city of St. Louis and in City Block No. 1,709. Said lot having a front of thirty-three (33) feet and six (6) inches on the south line of Randolph street, formerly Gamble avenue, by a depth southwardly of one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley; and I will, on

WEDNESDAY, 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1895,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, on the following terms: One half of purchase money to be paid in cash and the balance in one and two years from date of sale, the deferred payments to bear 6 per cent interest from date of sale and to be secured by deed of trust upon the property sold with usual covenants in like deeds, or all cash at option of the purchaser.

LEON L. HULL, Special Commissioner,
4287 [illegible] Chestnut st.

JOHN R. WARFIELD & G. H. BIGOT, Attys.

STOCK of Groceries For Sale—St. Louis, Nov. 2, 1895.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, assignee of W. H. F. Walker, will receive sealed bids for the sale of stock of groceries at store northeast corner Twenty-first and Carr streets, St. Louis, which bids will be held open until Friday, Nov. 8, at 12 o'clock noon. Address bids to W. [illegible] Carr, assignee, [illegible] North Broadway. [illegible] W. F. CARR, Assignee.

[illegible] & CARR, Attorneys.

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

ANY drug store is authorized to receive want advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

BOOKKEEPER—Position as bookkeeper or assistant; several years' experience; good references. Add. T 730, this office.

BUTLER—Sit. by a neat colored man; would like position as butler or coachman; best of refs. given. 814 Leonard av.

CARPENTER—Carpenter wants work, good worker; will work reasonable. Address R 723, this office.

COACHMAN—Sit. by first-class coachman, thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, with first-class city reference. Add. G 744, this office.

BARTENDER—Wanted, situation by young married man as experienced bartender; speaks German. Add. O 738, this office.

BOOKKEEPER—Position desired; experienced and reliable. Address G, Room 27, Republic Building.

BOOKKEEPER—Bookkeeper wants a small set of books to keep in the evenings or clerical work of any kind. Add. A 724, this office.

DRIVER—Wanted, a position as driver by a man well acquainted with the city. Address K 744, this office.

DRIVER—Wanted, situation by boy of 18 to drive light delivery wagon or general work. Address C. F. H., 2846 Pestalozzi st.

DRIVER—Wanted, situation by single man (27) as milk wagon driver; few years experience in city. Address E 744, this office.

MAN—Young man wants position in an office; inexperienced, good writer and calculator; wages no object. Address R 723, this office.

MAN—Wanted, by middle-aged man, nice place to attend furnace, yard and general work; city reference given. Thomas, 813 N. 6th st.

MAN AND WIFE—Man and wife without children want position in country or city. Add. K 745, this office.

MAN—Sit. of any kind by man of 23; had experience as collector, driver and porter; know city well. Add. L 742, this office.

MAN—Wanted, situation by young man; graduate in classical course; would prefer teaching, but would accept anything. Add. B 723, this office.

MAN—Man experienced with horses, cows, gardens, furnaces, general work, etc., sober, best recommendations from all employers, wishes situation. Address N 746, this office.

MAN—Situation by a colored man as coachman, porter, waiter, to attend furnaces, hostler, buggy-washer, or to attend horses; can furnish reference. Apply or address immediately, 4238 San Francisco av.

MAN—Situation by colored man as office man, to drive delivery wagon or express, or as porter in wholesale dry goods store, barber shop, drug store, grocery or saloon; reference. Apply or address 4238 San Francisco av.

PORTER—Wanted, situation by young colored man as porter or to drive delivery wagon. Address H 739, this office.

SALESMAN—Position with established St. Louis house to travel; 8 years' experience; unmarried; age 31; sober and reliable. Add. W 742, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Sit. by lady stenographer now employed; would like to make a change; moderate salary; can furnish Remington machine. Add. G 745, this office.

TEAMSTER—Sit. by steady man as teamster or porter; good refs. Add. care Bradley, 1002 N. Garrison av.

THE Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Corner Broadway and Market st. Graduates are successful in getting positions. Call or write for circular.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

BOY WANTED—Good boy as porter. 2600 Franklin av.

BOY WANTED—A boy to do work in store. Apply at once at 2600 Franklin av.

BOY WANTED—Boy, German, preferred, for general all-around work; meat market. 2633 Cass av.

BOY WANTED—Boy, 16 or 17, in drug store; some little experience preferred. Add. H 743, this office.

BARBER WANTED—First-class colored lady barber; must be young and neat. 1524 Morgan st., Uncle Dick's place.

BOY OR MAN WANTED—Steady strong boy or man to deliver a morning and evening paper route; $20 per month and board. 2503 Coleman st.

BOY WANTED—Boy about 12 years old to look after physician's office; one who can read and write; German preferred. Address B 744, this office.

BARBERS WANTED—Apprentices to learn barber trade; eight weeks required; job guaranteed; catalogue free. St. Louis Barber College, 819 N. 9th st.

BROOM-TYERS WANTED—Three first-class broomtyers on steam machines and two on foot machines. Apply to Samuel Cupples Woodenware Co., 632 to 638 S. 6th st.

BOY WANTED—A colored boy about 16 to do dining-room work, etc. 4130 Maryland av.

COATMAKERS WANTED—Coatmakers. 910 N. 6th st., upstairs.

LABORERS WANTED—Laborers on Lindell av. and Taylor av. Jos. O'Shea.

LABORERS WANTED—For street railroad work. Apply at King's highway and Arsenal st. Fruin-Bambrick Construction Co.

MEN WANTED—Twenty men in Vandeventer pl., east of Spring av. Bergiar & Bro.

MAN WANTED—Man and wife to take care of office and rooms for their rent and $10 per month. Address N 744, this office.

MAN WANTED—A sober young white man to to attend to two horses and make himself useful about place. 4019 West Belle pl.

MANAGER WANTED—Man for temporary position as traveling manager; salary $18 per week; state age, experience, reference and bond. Add. A 743, this office.

MEN WANTED—For U. S. Army; able-bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 30, citizens of the United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For full information apply to Recruiting Officer, S. E. Cor. 3d and Olive sts., St. Louis, Mo.

PAINTERS WANTED—Two good carriage painters. 1901 Locust st.

PRINTER WANTED—Offer business college course for services. 904 Olive st., room 71.

...VATE blood and rectal diseases a specialty. ...eral Dispensary, 1408 Franklin av.

...BREAKERS WANTED—At Bambrick's ... Union and St. Louis avs.

... WANTED—Solicitor for tea and coffee ...rade. 2907 S. Jefferson av.

...S WANTED—First-class tile set...our. Apply to Beattie Mfg. Co., 22d ...

... WANTED—Men to trim and set ... work. Geo. Sahm Shoe Co., 1126 ...r.

...NTED—One first-class leveler ... shoes; one trimming cutter. The ...oe Co., 4th floor.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED—Sole leather cutter and experienced help in sole leather room. Geo. Sahm Shoe Co., 1126 N. 3d st., 4th floor.

SALESMEN WANTED—Salesmen to sell cigars. $75 monthly salary and expenses; experience unnecessary. Address with 2-cent stamp Superior Cigar Co., Chicago.

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL.

JONES

Commercial College.

Broadway, between Olive and Locust. Shorthand and typewriting, the complete business course, including actual business practice and practical bookkeeping, with banking, telegraphy, the English course and elocution thoroughly and practically taught. The Fall Term begins September.

For circulars and particulars call at the college office or address J. G. BOHMER, President.

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mauritz Tailoring Co., 218 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mauritz Tailoring Co., 8th and [illegible]

HELP WANTED—MALE.

TEAMSTERS AND LABORERS WANTED—Teamsters and laborers. Fruin-Bambrick Con. Co., 800 S. Spring av.

TEAMS WANTED—50 teams at Garrison and Chestnut st.; make $3.50 per day. John A. Lynch.

TEAMSTERS WANTED—Two teamsters who are acquainted in the city; single preferred. 4246 Page av.

TAILOR WANTED—At once. 515 Sarah st., 2 doors north of Olive st.

TEAMSTERS WANTED—Three teamsters, $35 per month; steady work. 107 N. 9th st., room 3.

Perkins & Herpel's

MERCANTILE COLLEGE

Cor. 4th Street and Washington Ave., ST. LOUIS, MO.

INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION

Given in Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Grammar, Arithmetic, Etc.

CALL OR WRITE FOR CATALOGUE. (Mention this paper.)

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL NOW OPEN.

RUBICAM SHORTHAND COLLEGE

701-2-3 Union Trust building, Seventh and Olive sts. We qualify our graduates for the best paying positions; thorough course by mail.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

COOK—Situation wanted as cook. Call 3803 Laclede av.

COOK—Sit. by experienced cook in private family; best ref. Add. 4215 Gratiot st.

COOK—Situation by experienced cook in private family; reference. Address R 743, this office.

CHAMBERMAID—Situation as chambermaid in hotel; references. Address L 743, this office.

CUTTER AND FITTER—Wanted few more engagements in families by first-class cutter and fitter. 2924 Olive st.

COOK—Sit. by an expert cook in suburbs of city or general housework in a small family. Call at 905 N. 15th st.

COOK—Situation by a lady of 35 as cook or to do general housework; good cook; best of reference. Call 2011 Olive st.

CASHIER—Wanted, situation by young lady as cashier; experienced; first-class city references. Add. N 741, this office.

DRESSMAKER—Experienced dressmaker wants sewing by day or at home. Call 805 N. Cardinal.

DRESSMAKER—First-class dressmaker from New York wishes engagements in families; terms reasonable. Address M 739, this office.

DRESSMAKER—Dressmaker would like to have a few more customers; work by the day or at home. M. U., 1701 Park av.

DRESSMAKING—Dressmaking done in families by the week or month. Add. A 741, this office.

DRESSMAKER—A first-class New York dressmaker wishes sewing; price $2 per day; best city reference. Address M. A., 1406 Pendleton av.

GIRL—Neat girl wants dining room work, with room, in small restaurant. Address N 745, this office.

GIRL WANTED—A strong, neat girl to assist in kitchen; no other work. Call 2106 Alice av., 2d floor.

GIRL—Situation by a colored girl to do general housework in small family; best of reference. 2906 Papin st.

GIRL—A girl, 16, wishes a position for upstairs work. Call Mrs. Allen, 1435 N. 9th st.

GIRL—Situation by colored girl to cook, wash and iron, or do housework. 2005 Pine st., upstairs.

GIRL—Situation by colored girl to do general housework; can give reference. 2220 Morgan st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, situation as housekeeper. 1615 Chestnut st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. by girl from the country for light housework or nurse. 2441 Hunt av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Widow lady of 30 wants position as housekeeper for a widower. Address G 743, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation by experienced lady as housekeeper for gent; very desirable to right person. Address M 744, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined widow, 35, having own furniture, desires situation as housekeeper or will do light housework, without washing. Add. B 741, this office.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, situation by girl of 14 (colored) for light housework or nursing. Add. G 743, this office.

HOUSEWORK—Position by young woman in private family to do light housework and sewing. Address 4309 Evans av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Woman with 6-year-old boy wishes situation as housekeeper or in small family. Call at 2666 Morgan st.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, situation by a young girl to do general housework; German preferred. 4546 San Francisco.

WASHING—Wanted, situation by woman to wash or work by the day. 2606 Wash st.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by a girl to do general housework. 2118 Franklin av., rear.

HOUSEKEEPER—A good young widow wishes a situation as housekeeper, aged 25, with a middle-aged gent; no other need apply. Address F 743, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, situation by French lady as cook; cannot speak much English; for lady or gentleman only. Address 2737 Laclede av. Mr. Hardy.

HOUSEKEEPER—A middle-aged American lady wishes a situation as housekeeper for aged couple or gents' mess; A1 cook; refs. exchanged. Add. 2906 Newstead av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Lady with a boy 4 years old, wants situation as housekeeper in a small family; best of reference given. Call this evening and Wednesday morning. 2700 Olive st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, a position as housekeeper or housework by neat, reliable lady for respectable party; no postals answered. Address H. C., 122 E. Schirmer st., Carondelet.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, a place to do laundry work by the day; good reference. Address M 743, this office.

LADIES who want first-class girls for general housework, good cooks, nursegirls, call 2653B Olive. Mrs. S. White.

LAUNDRESS—A laundress, German, wishes washing to take home; first-class work; no ironing. 4405 Lucky st., one block north of Easton.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing and ironing by an experienced laundress, to go out or at home; good facilities; West End references. Mrs. Johnson, 1827 Linden st.

NURSEGIRL—Sit. by young girl, aged 16 years, as nurse and to assist in housework. 1513 Papin.

SEAMSTRESS—Position by good seamstress in private family for a few weeks. Address 4309 Evans av.

WASHING—Wanted, washing to take home. Call or address E. L., 2129 Franklin av.

WOMAN—Situation by a middle-aged woman to cook and wash in small family. 822 N. 22d st.

WOMAN—Situation by settled colored woman to do office work; best of reference given. 1001 N. Jefferson av.

WOMAN—Situation in private family by German woman, first-class cook, has a 13-year-old daughter who will make herself generally useful before and after school. 2703 Wash st.

YOUNG LADY—Will address envelopes at home, 90c per 1,000, called for and delivered if desired. Address A 738, this office.

YOUNG LADY—Situation by young lady as collector or cashier; can furnish bond if desired. Address Miss S. L. Richardson, 6205 Virginia av., city.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. J. FORSHAW, 111 N. 12th st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

BOOK-KEEPER—A young lady book-keeper and typewriter wants a position as same, or as assistant; thoroughly competent and willing to work; can furnish best of city reference. Address T 737, this office.

COOK WANTED—Colored cook. 623 N. Leffingwell.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—Experienced chambermaid at once. Apply at 1631 Lucas pl.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—An experienced chambermaid at 1625 Lucas pl., at once.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

5 cents per line each insertion.

COOK WANTED—A good colored girl to assist in cooking. 930 N. Garrison av.

COOK WANTED—A first-class cook in small family; no laundry and no other work required; good wages; bring references. 4327 Olive st.

CUTTER AND FITTER—Wanted, few more engagements in families by first-class cutter and fitter. 2924 Olive st.

COMPOSITOR WANTED—Lady compositor; offer business college course without cash expense. 904 Olive st., room 71.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—Colored woman for chamber work; only thoroughly capable person need apply; must have first-class reference. Call at 2111 Lucas av.

GIRL WANTED—Girl; call at 3906 Laclede av.

GIRL WANTED—A girl to cook and iron at 2816 S. 12th st.

GIRLS WANTED—Girls on coats and hand sewers. 923 N. 20th st.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to nurse and assist with housework. 4175 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4035 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4451 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework. 5654 Clemens av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl to assist in general housework. 913 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young girl to help do housework; small family. 5074 Wells av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework. 3407 Lafayette av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 1841 Cass av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl or woman to do general housework. 502 Carr st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl to help with housework and care of children. Apply 4124 Fairfax av.

COOK WANTED—Cook to wash and iron in family of three; references. 4380 McPherson av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply 2712 Chestnut st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl, 14 to 16, to help in housework. 4588 North Market st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general work; very small family. 5053 Cabanne av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for light housework; small family. Apply 4224A Evans av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 3841 Windsor pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; references required. 4312 Delmar.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl in family of two; no laundrying. Inquire 761 Euclid av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework, immediately. 3038 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family; good pay. 2716 Franklin.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3531 N. Taylor av.; Northern Central cars.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing. Apply at once, 2832 Adams st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework, immediately. 5551 Cates av., near the Arcade.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework; references required. 3204 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework; small family. Call with reference, 5352 Maple.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good German girl for general housework in small family; good wages. 912 Whittier st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Competent German girl; with or without washing; good cook; good wages. 3315 Morgan st.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—Working housekeeper for small family. 1921 Virginia av., between Geyer and Russell.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; must be a good cook; good wages; come to go to work. Apply 2712 Chestnut st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Neat colored girl for general housework in small family. 779 Euclid av.; take Suburban cars.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl to do general housework; small family of adults. Apply immediately at 1425 S. 18th st.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—Working housekeeper, middle-aged lady, accustomed to care of children, parents away most of the time, one preferring good home to high wages will find desirable place; best of references required; state wages. Address P 742, this office.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—A nurse to take care of two children. 5050 Minerva av.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—Nursegirl, big wages. Call immediately at 4160 Delmar av.

SEAMSTRESSES WANTED—Six first-class drapery seamstresses. Apply at once to Comstock Furniture Co.

WOMAN WANTED—Competent woman for general housework. 3135 Lucas av.

WOMAN WANTED—A kitchen woman and dining-room girl. Call 1012 Locust st.

YOUNG LADY WANTED—Young lady to sell maps in schools. 507 Market st., room 10.

SALESLADY WANTED—Saleslady capable of taking charge of picture store, with experience in selling goods; must have good references. Add. L 744, this office.

KOERBER PIANO CO.

The reason why no other piano house can compete with our low prices and why we can save you from $60 to $75 on any grade of piano you wish to buy for cash or on easy payments, and why it is to your interest to call on us, is as follows: We pay no rent, as we occupy our own building, and have little expense; we take no pianos on consignments, but buy exclusively for spot cash; we are practical piano makers, therefore know what we are buying; we have been established since 1870, and have found that honesty and fair dealing pays. We have on hand a number of high-grade upright pianos, slightly used, from $125 to $275. Koerber Piano Co., 1108 Olive st. Pianos for rent.

LOST AND FOUND.

5 cents per line each insertion.

Lost.

DOG—Lost, white bull terrier, tail and ears cut. Reward at 3225 Pine st.

DOG—Lost, Nov. 4, Scotch terrier dog, with tan markings; answers to name of Tripple; reward on return to 814 S. 14th st.

DOG—$10 reward for return of yellow Scotch terrier dog; ears and tail cut; shows his teeth; answers to name of Lundy. Return to 1030 Clark av.

DOG—Lost, fox terrier dog, white, with two (2) brown ears and one brown eye; answers to name of Jerry. Return to 12 Lewis Park and get reward.

HOUND—Strayed or stolen, black and white hound, one side of face white and other black. Liberal reward will be given if found. James Massey, Bridgeton, Mo.

KEYS—Lost, between Fagin Building and American Exchange Bank, a bunch of keys, with name A. M. Haas. Kindly return to room 209 Fagin Building.

LOCKET—Lost, Tuesday, either on Lindell Railway car or Finney av., a gold locket set with four pearls; chain with two baby rings attached. Reward on return to Dr. Campbell, 714 Pine st.

PIN—Lost, a long silver hat pin, Wednesday afternoon. Liberal reward if returned to 1318 S. 13th st.

POCKETBOOK—Lost, between drug store corner Finney and Sarah st. and 1116 Whittier, lady's purse containing railroad pass; reward if returned to 1116 Whittier.

ROSARY—$5 reward; lost, at Exposition Music Hall, last night, or on Olive west to Ware, south to Lindell, thence to Grand, an imitation garnet rosary, crucifix attached. Return to 3510 Lindell av. and receive reward.

WILL party who took black silk umbrella from Lindell Railway car Wednesday morning please return same to 4258 Cook av.?

Found.

FOUND—A pair of shoes that will wear eight months; Harris' $4.00 shoes. 520 Pine st.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—Partner with $200 in paying plumbing business. Address A 744, this office.

RENT LISTS.

ONE LINE (double column), fourteen words, 10 cents; 5 cents for each addition of seven words.
ANY DRUG STORE is authorized to receive Want Advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

BROADWAY, 512 S.—Nice, clean furnished rooms for two gents; $1.25, $1.50 per week.

BERNARD ST., 2722—Housekeeping rooms, furnished complete; southern exposure; near Union Station; laundry privilege; cheap.

COTE BRILLIANTE AV., 4867—Five rooms, 2d floor; bath; water closet; gas; electric light; newly papered; large yard.

CASS AV., 2818—Lovely rooms, furnished or unfurnished, single or en suite; bath.

CHOUTEAU AV., 2802-04—3 or 4 rooms, $9 and $10; half month free to good tenants. Inquire at drug store.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1516—Elegantly furnished 2d-story front room for two; breakfast and tea; private family.

DICKSON ST., 3045½—6-room house, stable, in first-class order; keys next door, 3045; rent $20.

DAYTON ST., 2837—Side elegantly unfurnished room, single or en suite, bath, all modern improvements; strictly private family.

EASTON AV., 2906—Newly furnished large front room, with bath; suitable for two gents; $14; also nice back room, $8.

ERICSSON, 2606 Locust st.—Apartments for gentlemen, with or without bath attached. W. C. McCreery.

GARRISON AV., 329 S.—4 rooms, two basement rooms, hall and gas.

GARRISON AV., 412 S.—Three fine rooms, stable and wagon shed.

GRAND AV., 14 N.—Neatly furnished room, 2d floor; furnace, etc.; rent reasonable; private family.

JEFFERSON AV., 306 S.—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished.

JEFFERSON AV., 235 S.—Nicely furnished front room, also rooms for light housekeeping.

LEFFINGWELL AV., 1714—3 large rooms, 2d floor; detached house; Penrose School one block; rent cheap.

LEXINGTON AV., 4104 (1 block south of Fair Grounds)—3 rooms, down stairs; city water; good cellar; $8.50 per month.

MORGAN ST., 2801—Nicely furnished room, first floor; private family.

MORGAN ST., 2606—Second-story front room, gas and fire, for quiet couple or two gentlemen.

MARKET ST., 1719—Rooms, completely furnished for housekeeping; steam heat and bath.

MARKET ST., 1719—Rooms from $2 to $5 per week; steam heat and bath.

MORGAN ST., 2830—Three neatly furnished rooms or unfurnished, for housekeeping, gas and bath.

MORGAN ST., 2602—Furnished room for two men or two ladies employed, or for light housekeeping.

MORGAN ST., 2838—Three nice unfurnished rooms, with bath, for housekeeping; also furnished rooms.

MARKET ST., 2842—Four rooms on second floor and five rooms on third floor; hall, water, gas and bath; will be rented together or separate; reduced prices.

NICHOLSON PL., 31—Large, newly furnished room, furnace heat, bath; all conveniences.

OLIVE ST., 2937—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; southern exposure; all conveniences.

OLIVE ST., 4221—One furnished steam-heated room; on car line; references.

OLIVE ST., 3020—Nicely furnished room, private family.

OLIVE ST., 2635A—Two front rooms furnished for light housekeeping.

OLIVE ST., 1408—Second floor furnished front rooms, suitable for four gentlemen; $10 per month.

OLIVE ST., 1800—Nice, clean furnished room, good attention; three squares from Union Station.

OLIVE ST., 2008—Furnished room, suitable for housekeeping; lady employed during the day accommodated.

OLIVE ST., 2817—Two connecting or separate rooms; willing to rent to neat parties reasonable.

OLIVE ST., 1214—Seven newly furnished rooms, $3 to $5 per week for one gent; $1.50 to $2.50 per week for two or four gents; all conveniences.

PARK AV., 2703—First floor, 3 rooms, cellar, kitchen and laundry; water paid; $14.

PINE ST., 2048-50—First floor, furnished for housekeeping, $24; also connecting rooms $15; single $12.

PAGE AV., 3617—Elegant furnished room for 1 or 2 gents; hot and cold water, bath and gas.

PAPIN ST., 1430—Two connecting rooms for light housekeeping, $2.50 per week; also front rooms.

ROOMS—Unfurnished rooms. 14 French Flat, Lucas av. and 29th st.

PINE ST., 1312—Newly furnished back parlor for 1 or 2 gents; also large front room; all modern conveniences; low rent.

ROOM—A nicely furnished room for transients, in quiet neighborhood. Address G 742, this office

ST. ANGE AV., 1218—Nicely furnished room for gents or housekeeping; private family.

THOMAS ST., 3022—Neatly furnished rooms, gas, hot bath, one or two gentlemen; reasonable.

WASHINGTON AV., 1109—Furnished rooms, $2.50 per week; front halls, $1.50 and $1.75.

WASHINGTON AV., 1013—Nicely furnished front room; also other rooms; $1.50 to $3 per week.

WASHINGTON AV., 2202—Two connecting rooms furnished for light housekeeping.

WASHINGTON AV., 1423—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; gas, hot and cold bath; furnace heat.

WALNUT ST., 3417B—3 large rooms; water, gas and laundry; large yards.

6TH AND FRANKLIN AV.—Rooms, $1 per week; beds and meals, 15c each.

11TH ST., 12 N.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; $2 and $2.50 per week.

13TH ST., 1115 S.—4 rooms, 1st floor, $15. Ernest Schluter, 902 Chestnut st.

13TH ST., 1113 S.—2d floor, 4 rooms and bath; $14. Ernest Schluter, 902 Chestnut st.

18TH ST., 914 N.—Light side front room, furnished for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

18TH ST., 1108 S.—3-room flat with basement; very convenient; reasonable terms to respectable parties.

BOARDING.

BOARD—Wanted, two young men boarders in private family; lovely room; in northern part of city; opposite St. Louis Park; reasonable terms. Add. M 738, this office.

CHESTNUT ST., 3381—Elegant furnished rooms, with board, for gentlemen or married couple.

FINNEY AV., 3747—Large, pleasant room; excellent board; all conveniences; reasonable.

FINNEY AV., 3638—Furnished room and suite of unfurnished rooms; good board; convenient; refs.

FINNEY AV., 3632—Second-story front and back room, furnished, with breakfast and tea, for gentlemen.

GARRISON AV., 620A—2 nicely furnished front rooms, with board, suitable for man and wife or gentlemen; gas, bath and steam heat; terms reasonable.

HICKORY ST., 1218—Nicely furnished rooms and board.

ROOM AND BOARD—A widow lady will give front parlor, with board, to a lady, with full privileges; quiet neighborhood. Address D 742, this office.

LUCAS PL., 1612—Nicely furnished rooms, with board.

LUCAS AV., 2933—Pleasant room, with board, for one or two; reasonable.

LOCUST ST., 2631—Nicely furnished rooms, with good board, comforts of home, for gentlemen.

LOCUST ST., 3048—Choice opportunity at once; refined family; large, handsome front room; board.

LA SALLE, 925—Large second-story front room, elegantly furnished, and good board for 2; refs.

LOCUST ST., 3140—Central location; pleasant rooms; good board; furnace; hot bath; refs.

LOCUST ST., 1706—Handsomely furnished rooms, first-class board.

LOCUST ST., 2816—Handsomely furnished front room for gentlemen; board convenient; best reference.

PAGE AV., 3524—Nicely furnished rooms, with first-class board.

PINE ST., 2634—Elegant front rooms, first-class board, hot bath and gas; terms reasonable.

PAGE AV., 3531—Nicely furnished room; good board.

PAGE AV., 3529—Nicely furnished front room, with or without board.

PARLORS—Front and back parlors, with or without board; elegantly furnished; also second and third-story front and back rooms; splendid location; furnace heat. Add. W 741, this office.

ROOM AND BOARD—Furnished front room, goodboard, $38 a month; nice neighborhood. Add. D 743, this office.

ROOM—2d-story front room; southern exposure; new mahogany furniture, velvet carpet; plenty of servants; gas, hot bath, furnace heat; on Lindell car line; $65 for board of two. Address H 744, this office.

ST. ANGE AV., 1327—Gentlemen can get newly furnished rooms, with board, bath and furnace.

ST. JAMES HOTEL offers low rates for the winter; deducting room, lunch and carfare, the cost is less at St. James than any good boarding-house; see rooms and get prices.

WASHINGTON AV., 3809—Nicely furnished rooms, with board.

WHITTIER ST., 1117 E.—Newly furnished room, for two young gents; first-class board; private family; references.

WASHINGTON AV., 2811—Elegant front and back rooms on 2d floor; also single rooms; board.

11TH ST., 1501A S.—Elegantly furnished front room, with board, $3.50; pleasant neighborhood; private family.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

HOUSE—Wanted, small house by small family. Address O 743, this office.

ROOM—Gentleman and wife would like to get a nice neat room for light housekeeping with respectable parties; South Side preferred. Add. F 744, this office.

ROOMS—Wanted, two rooms and kitchen, in private house. Address O 743, this office.

ROOMS—Wanted, by two young ladies, 2 finely furnished rooms, and storeroom. Address G 724, this office.

ROOMS—Wanted, two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, centrally located, not over $15 per month; best of references furnished. Address W 743, this office.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

ROOM AND BOARD—Wanted, by a seamstress, with privilege of sewing at home. Address S 743, this office.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT.

ARMSTRONG AV., 1016—3015-3017 Caroline st.—With bath, only $16; owner pays water license.

BACON ST., 2647—3-room cottage; large yard, or with stable.

DELMAR BOUL., 4102—Nicest 8-room house in the city for $40; furnace. Keys at 4100.

DICKSON ST., 2816—A nine-room stone-front house. Inquire of Philip Roeder, 307 N. 4th st.

EASTON AV., 4123—3-room house; hard to beat for $8. Key at 4117 Easton av.

EWING AV., 18 N.—7 rooms, bath; perfect order; reduced to $22.50.

GRAND AV., 4125 N.—Stone-front house, 7 rooms and bath; hot water, large side and back yard, with stable; rent $35; handy to four street car lines. Call next door.

LEONARD AV., 1022—Modern 8-room dwelling; bath, laundry, hot and cold water; $28. Inquire drug store 27th and Chestnut sts.

MADISON ST., 2621—House of 6 rooms; w. c.; in good repair; $17.

PARK AV., 1705—13-room house, good location for boarders; near Lafayette Park; keys at drug store, 1701 Park av.; $40.

WELLS AV., 5226—Six-room dwelling, modern conveniences; reduced to $25; convenient to Page and Easton av. Electric. Rice-Dwyer R. E. Co., 322 Chestnut st.

FLATS FOR RENT.

BROADWAY, 910 N.—4 rooms; $16. Schollmeyer-Leahy, 818 Chestnut st.

BENTON ST., 2847—3 rooms; $12. Schollmeyer-Leahy, 818 Chestnut st.

BROADWAY, 908 N.—5 rooms; $18. Schollmeyer-Leahy, 818 Chestnut st.

COOK AV., 4884—3 rooms; $12.50. Schollmeyer-Leahy, 818 Chestnut st.

COTE BRILLIANTE AV., 4531—Three-room flat; bath and gas; large front, side and rear yard.

CASTLEMAN AV., 4041—4 rooms and bath 1st floor. Ernest Schluter, 902 Chestnut st.

EADS AV., 3311—New, 5 rooms, bath, separate laundry; newly decorated. Blackwelder-Holbrook Realty Co., 107 N. 7th st.

EADS AV., 3319—5 rooms; on Compton Heights; hot and cold water, bath, gas, electric lights and laundry.

EADS AV., 2849—five rooms, second floor, bath, gas, $20. Keys at Andreas & Gerst's.

EUGENIA ST., 2110—Six-room modern flat; $25. Rice-Dwyer R. E. Co., 322 Chestnut st.

EUCLID AV., 1714A—New, 5 rooms, second floor; bath, water closet, hot and cold water; gas and electric lights; stained floors; in elegant order; reduced to $20.

FLAT—For rent in corner building, corner Market and Commercial sts. Memphis Brush and Broom Co.

GARRISON AV., 3614A—4 rooms and bath; $18. Schollmeyer-Leahy, 818 Chestnut st.

JEFFERSON AV., 2019 S.—Large elegant 7-room; all modern conveniences; open; $26.

LEE AV., 4207—New four-room brick flat, with bath and laundry; a snap. Apply at above address to C. S. Wilson.

MORGAN ST., 3722—4 rooms (new); $20. Schollmeyer-Leahy, 818 Chestnut st.

MORGAN ST., 4122—Elegant 5-room flat, with modern improvements.

OLIVE ST., 3217—4 light, airy rooms; water free; porch; good condition; reduced to $16.

RUTGER ST., 2807—Four-room flat; $15.

SPRING AV., 3131—This beautiful 4-room flat, 1st floor, hall, bath, cabinet mantels and laundry; cheap. Call at 2725 Spring av.

11TH ST., 1108 AND 1112 S. (bet. Chouteau av. and Hickory st.)—Flats, each 3 rooms; in nice repair; one $12; the other $14. Apply 1101 S. 11th st.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

ROOMS—For rent, 3 rooms, furnished for housekeeping; also bath; $15 per month; everything new. Address S 744, this office.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

OLIVE ST., 3212—Light, airy store; water free; reduced to $16.66.

PHYSICIANS' and dentists' offices in the Ericsson, 2606 Locust st. W. C. McCreery.

11TH ST., 2307 N.—[illegible] floors; separate or together; with or without power; lighted on all sides; low rent. [illegible]

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Professional gentleman of good appearance, income $5,000 yearly, desires acquaintance of unincumbered refined lady of means, matrimonially inclined. Address, with full particulars, in confidence, O 742, this office.

PERSONAL—Singers and musicians whose duties forbid their attendance on Sunday are hereby invited to the last orchestral rehearsal at St. Vincent's Friday, 3:30 p. m. sharp. All welcome.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A BUSINESS CARD at 75c per 1,000; full count and good goods. H. B. Crole & Co., 815 Locust st.

A—1,000 BIZ Cards 40c, noteheads, billheads, envs. $1. Cut prices. Benton & Co., 216 N. 7th st.

ALL private matters treated free, male or female. A cure guaranteed. D. Medical Co., 107 N. 9th.

"A"—DIVORCES a specialty; easy terms, confidential law offices, 304 N. 8th, bet. Olive and Locust.

DIVORCES—I make a specialty of divorce and damage cases; consultation free; see me. Add. W 740, this office.

DR. MARY ARTHUR, experienced ladies' physician; board during confinement; diseases of women a specialty; consultation free. 2340 Wash st.

DIVORCES cheaply, confidentially and legally; advice free; easy payments. Box 795, City P. O.

DR. LOTTA FRICK, midwife, graduate of two colleges; receives ladies during con.; female com. treated successfully; charges reas. 423 S. 14th st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th st.

MME. ANNA, the Fortune-teller of the West, 326 Market st., near 4th. Established 1851.

MADAME B., clairvoyant and fortune teller; prices 25c to 50c. 2838 Morgan st.; no sign.

MRS. BAMBERGER, midwife; rec. during con.; ladies in trouble call or write. 919 Chouteau av.

MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies during confinement. 2300 S. 12th st.; terms reasonable.

MRS. DR. RENNEKAMP treats female trouble; private home for ladies during confinement. 2327 Franklin av.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement, treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealing; information free; experience in diseases; ladies in trouble call. 1803 Washington av.

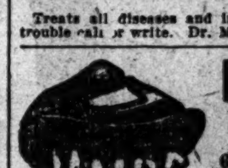
2,000 OVERCOATS of every description; suits, coats and vests, pants, hats, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, musical instruments, etc.; biggest bargains in the city at Dunn's Loan Office.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies" in letter by return mail. At druggists.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES NEEDING CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT. A SAFE AND SURE RELIEF IN ALL DISEASES AND COMPLAINTS PECULIAR TO THEIR SEX, CONSTIPATION, IRREGULARITY, ETC.
Private lying-in Sanitarium, with all Home Comfort. Infants Adopted if required.
MRS. DR. BIRCHLER, 728 W. 6th St., Cincinnati, O.

Ladies' Special Physician.

Treats all diseases and irregularities. Ladies in trouble call or write. Dr. Merwin, 2011 Olive st.

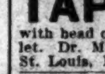


DR. CHASE DENTIST, 6th and Locust Sts. (Oriel Building.)

All operations on the teeth performed in the best manner at moderate prices. Odontunder and Nitrous Oxide Gas for Extracting.

Rubber Goods. Sealed particulars sent married people. Specialty Co., Carrollton, Mo.

TAPE-WORM Expelled ALIVE in 60 minutes with head or no charge. Send 2c stamp for pamphlet. Dr. M. Ney Smith, Specialist, 1011 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo.



New York Dental Room Northwest cor. Broadway and Olive. Take elevator at 509 Olive st.

LOANS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.

BOOK-KEEPERS, clerks, salesmen, salesladies, can obtain through us spot cash in any amount without publicity and in a manner by which the amount can be repaid with little expense. As no mortgages are required, the respectable employe can be assured of absolute confidential treatment. Call on or address Merchants' Credit Co., 810-811 Security Bldg.

DO YOU wish a loan where no one will know your business? We loan money on furniture, pianos, warehouse receipts, etc.; repayment can be arranged to suit borrower; get our terms first, then try others; the utmost respect shown; business done quickly. Anchor Loan Co., 1061½ N. 8th st. and 720½ Chestnut st.

FIRST-CLASS people can borrow money on furniture, etc., without removal. 2923 Morgan st.

MONEY TO LOAN—Will make few loans to good people on furniture without removal; strictly private; lowest rates. Apply at 4030 Finney av.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

MONEY TO LOAN—On furniture and pianos, any amount you desire, without removing property from house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; money given the same day applied for. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

MORGAN LOAN CO. will lend $10 and upwards on furniture, pianos, bicycles and other security, and guarantee the best rates in the city; weekly or monthly payments accepted. Call or address 1015 Morgan st.

MONEY LOANED quietly and confidentially on furniture and pianos, property to be left in your possession, we make you a loan any way you desire; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no publicity or charges for papers; rates lowest and easiest; leases and loans paid off and more money advanced; also loans on bicycles, typewriters, sewing machines, and all good security. National Loan Co., 1303 Washington av., 2d floor.

RESPECTABLE parties can borrow money on furniture, etc., of private party on easy terms; lowest rates; no extra charge for papers, by calling at 904 Olive st., room 2.

PRIVATE PARTY WILL

Advance money to honest people on pianos, furniture, etc., and you keep possession; money loaned for the interest; do not want your goods; no inquiries made of your neighbors; no mortgages recorded; business done privately, quickly; low rates and honest dealing. Private party, 810 Security building, cor. 4th and Locust sts.

MUTUAL LOAN CO.

Money to loan on furniture, pianos and all good securities at an hour's notice, without removal or publicity. 218 N. 8th st., second floor, near Olive st.

Respectable parties can borrow money on furniture or pianos on easy monthly payments without removal, in sums and terms to suit. Business confidential.
COMMERCIAL LOAN CO., 712 Pine St., second floor.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1105 Pine st.

DO YOU WANT MONEY

The Fidelity Loan Co. will lend you any amount from $10 upward at the lowest possible rate, on furniture, pianos, horses or personal property of any kind, the property to be left in your undisturbed possession; payment can be made in full or in part at any time to suit the convenience of the borrower, and any payments made reduce the cost of carrying the loan; if you owe a balance on your furniture or piano we will pay it for you; loans can be made without any publicity to the borrower.
THE FIDELITY LOAN CO., 802 CHESTNUT ST., SECOND FLOOR.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE

MONEY to lend on vacant and improved St. Louis realty; building loans made; lowest rates; no delay. RICE-DWYER REAL ESTATE CO., 322 Chestnut st.

WE LOAN MONEY

On city real estate, vacant or improved, at lowest rates of interest and commission. Borrowers and lenders will find it equally to their interest to call on us. We offer home-builders special inducements in the matter of building loans. HAYDEL & SON, 109 N. 7th st.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

BASEMENT to exchange for work. 2829 Olive st.

IMPROVED PROPERTY FOR SALE.

HOUSE—$25 to $50 cash, balance $18 monthly buys new 6-room brick house, West End, near Easton av.; call evenings. Richardson, Room 9, 709 Chestnut st.

RAYMOND PLACE.

That lovely new house, 5022 Cabanne av., is modern in every respect; stock brick, 9 rooms, reception hall, hardwood finish, cabinet mantels, Home Comfort furnace, hot and cold bath, cemented cellar, gas and electric light; street and sewer made; lot 53x150. Keys at 5036 Cabanne. Price $5,600; a cash payment of $1,250 and $50 a month will buy. Haydel & Son, 109 N. 7th st.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

HOUSE—For rent, 234 S. Beaumont st., 6-room dwelling, bath, gas, front and rear yards; newly papered; reduced to $32.50. Apply to 1507 S. Jefferson av.

REDUCED RENTS.

2800 Dayton st., 3-room brick, hall, gas and bath, furnace, etc., corner house, large yard; $40.
2816 Cass av., 6 rooms and laundry, hall, gas and bath, etc., stable; $35.
3727 Finney av., stone front, 8 rooms, hall, gas and bath, furnace, etc.; $40.
2719 Thomas st., 6 rooms, gas and bath; $20.
1439 Webster av., 5 rooms, in nice order; $16.50.
1825 Biddle st., 6 rooms, water, etc.; $16.

ROOMS.

1849 Biddle st., 3 nice rooms, 2d floor; $11.
2031 Division st., 3 good rooms, 2d floor; $9.
2037 Division st., 3 rooms, 1st floor, water, etc.; $10.

The above rents have all been reduced; places in first-class repair. I also have several other desirable flats and rooms for rent in good locations at reduced rents.
JOHN DOCKERY, 1025 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—
$13—Three large rooms, detached house, 3911 Lincoln av.
$13—Three large rooms, detached house, 3960 Cottage av.
$14—Three large rooms and bath, 3962 Cottage av.
THOS. HOLLINSHEAD & CO., 1014 Chestnut st.

FLATS FOR RENT.

SOMETHING NEW.

The best 4-room new flats in town; bath, w. c., laundry and sheds; separate; $20; near Suburban and Washington av. cars; 703 Bayard av., corner of Suburban Railroad. See them to-day.
BRADLEY & QUINETTE, 702 Chestnut st.

MONEY WANTED.

HAVE YOU IDLE MONEY?

We constantly have for sale choice first mortgage loans on St. Louis realty, netting 6 per cent interest, in various sums; $250 to $5,000 and upward. For particulars see
RICE-DWYER REAL ESTATE CO., 322 Chestnut st.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS

For sale on newly improved city property in best locations, where values are established and enhancing. Here are a few: $800, $1,000, $1,300, $1,500, $1,700, $3,500, $3,800, $2,000, $8,000, $2,500. Call and examine list of securities.
HAYDEL & SON, 109 N. 7th st.

ALL SORTS.

ANY drug store is authorized to receive want advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 511 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicant, on monthly payment plan, in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

STORAGE.

ANY drug store is authorized to receive want advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive st.

ONTARIO STORAGE HOUSES!

812, 814, 816, 818 N. 10th St.,

For furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, store and saloon fixtures, etc.; separate rooms; household goods carefully moved, packing and shipping by reliable workmen; estimates cheerfully furnished free; money advanced, vans and wagons for hire. Call and examine warehouse.
Telephone 2842.
ALFRED J. YANDELL, Manager.

FIDELITY STORAGE, PACKING & MOVING CO
1723-25-27 and 29 Morgan St.
Branch Office, 1103 Pine st. Phones 2890 and 4101.

FOR LEASE.

HOUSES—For lease, new ten-room houses, reception hall, furnace, yard.
4705 Page av.; rent $45.
3811-15 Flad av.; rent $45.00.
1604 N. Jefferson av., 7 rooms; rent $27.50.
JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.

DANCING.

DANCING—Miss Lettie Palmer, 2600 Olive st., teacher of dancing; waltzing a specialty; satisfaction guaranteed.

MUSICAL.

CHORISTERS—Two young ladies would like to assist in a choir; Protestant preferred. Add F 741, this office.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—Prof. Dallmer rents mandolin, violin, guitar, banjo for 50c monthly; you can take one home; instruction given; terms reasonable. 2829 Olive st.

PIANO—For sale, a good square piano at 3408 Lucas av.

PIANO—For sale, Knabe parlor grand piano; good as new; owner leaving city. Add. M 740, this office.

PIANOS, ETC.—Bargains for cash, upright cabinet grand piano, with silk scarf and stool; Windsor folding bed, French dresser, two parlor sofas, lawn mower, step ladder, willow couch, easel, two coal shovels, single mirror wardrobe. 5710 Maple av.

R. W. EDWARD'S BARGAINS.

Pianos and Organs at reduced prices.
New Upright Pianos at $150.
Organs from $15 up.
Tuning and repairing a specialty.
Old Pianos exchanged for new ones.
Will save you $50 to $100 by purchasing from me. Call and examine my stock of Pianos and Organs.
Bargains in any instrument in stock.
Don't forget the address 1622 Olive st.

EDUCATIONAL.

SOUTH AMERICAN SPANISH SCHOOL—Native teachers, $5 monthly. Empire Bldg., 919 Olive.

LANGUAGES.

The Berlitz School of Languages, Odd Fellows' Hall. Branches in the principal cities; best instructors; reasonable fee; conversation especially.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

Sewing Machines, From $3.50 to $25. All kinds, new and 2d-hand. F. Myerson, 919 N. 8th st.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

BOOK STORE—For sale, book, stationery, cigar and news business; bargain if taken at once; reason for selling. Address Box 236, Nevada, Mo.

CIGAR STAND—Laundry and office and cigar stand; profits $30 a week; price $650. Add. B 743, this office.

ROUTE—A good Post-Dispatch route for sale; central location; cheap. Add. E 743, this office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

INCREASE YOUR INCOME by careful speculation by mail through a responsible firm of large experience and great success; will send you particulars free, showing how a small amount of money can be easily multiplied by successful speculation in grain; highest bank references; [illegible] Co., Bankers and Brokers, [illegible] Bldg., Chicago.

FOUR MAGNIFICENT CORNERS.

CHOICE

FOUR MAGNIFICENT CORNERS.

BUSINESS PROPERTY!

IN THE HEART OF THE SOUTH SIDE RETAIL CENTER,

On Broadway, Sixth Street, LaSalle and Hickory Streets.

At AUCTION, SATURDAY, Nov. 16,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., UPON THE PREMISES.

The well-known Convent Block, opposite the French Market, has been subdivided into 34 desirable business lots fronting on Broadway and Sixth street, and will be sold to the highest bidder, without limit or reserve.

This is the first oportunity to buy a vacant lot in that solidly built-up district, and he who neglects the chance to buy at this sale will pay a considerable advance at any future day. Four street car lines lead to the property, and the depot of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railway is but half a block distant.

Examine the property and you will convince yourself that you will never have a like opportunity again.

Property in the immediate neighborhood has always commanded a premium, and is rarely offered for sale. As an investment no property in any section of St. Louis offers such sure rentals and large returns.

TERMS—One-third cash; balance in 1 and 2 years, 6 per cent interest. $100 earnest money required in bidding off each lot. Title perfect under a grant of 999 years from March 1st, 1827, which is practically a fee simple title, subject only to taxes. For plats and further particulars, call on

THE CONVENT BLOCK.

HENRY HIEMENZ, JR., 614 CHESTNUT ST.

OPPOSITE FRENCH MARKET.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted

HORSE AND WAGON—Wanted, to hire, good horse and wagon, by the month. 507 Market st., room 10.

HORSES—Wanted, horses to winter; prices reasonable. Apply to Robt. Sargent, Valley Park, Mo.

WAGON WANTED—To buy or rent good dirt wagon for weekly or monthly payments. Apply at 2741 Gever av.

WAGONS WANTED—Four wagons for heavy hauling, with beds level with top of hind wheels. Add. P 744, this office.

WAGONS, ETC.—Wanted, to hire for four months, three light covered spring wagons, with horses and harness, by St. Louis Provident Association. Apply at 1117 Locust st.

For Sale.

CARRIAGES—New and 2d-hand open and top wagons, surreys, phaetons, storm buggies; monthly payments. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 N. B'Way.

WAGON, ETC.—Light covered delivery wagon, horse and harness, separate or together; send postal or call at 2744 Lafayette av.

HORSES—For sale, on time, 4 good, cheap horses; small cash payments; balance weekly. 507 N. Channing av.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

BED-ROOM SET—For sale, bed-room set, springs, mattress and pillows. 930 Rutger st.; ring west bell.

CALIGRAPH—For sale, almost new caligraph, No. 2, and automatic check punchers, cheap. 4110 Page av.

PATENT—For sale, a valuable patent churn, by county or State. Address Box 445, Nokomis, Ill.

ATTENTION FLORISTS.

I have a good 2d-hand Joy boiler for sale cheap. 1216 Washington av. W. Y. Cossett.

BUTCHER OUTFIT—For sale, complete butcher's outfit, good as new; cheap for cash. 2957 Thomas st.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

CHANDELIERS WANTED—Parlor chandeliers; must be bargain for cash. Add. R 742, this office.

DOG WANTED—A fox terrier male pup, 4 to 8 or 9 months old; must be a first-class animal. Address F. C. S., Room 304 Union Station.

EARTH WANTED—600 yards earth filling; Washington boulevard and King's highway. Apply on grounds.

FEATHER BEDS AND PILLOWS—Wanted, feather beds and pillows for the new Arcade Hospital; will pay the best price for used feathers; send postal. I. Davis, 1126 N. 6th st.

GAS FIXTURES—Wanted, gas fixtures for six-room house; must be in good condition. Add. A 739, this office.

HIGHEST cash price paid for household goods and feathers. M. Durnin, 107 N. 12th st.

MIRROR WANTED—Second-hand, old-fashioned, tall pier glass mirror; gilt frame; state dimensions, price and address C 742, this office.

SAFE—Wanted, small second-hand safe, cheap; give price. Address P 743, this office.

THEATRICAL

SOUBRETTES WANTED—Quick, two singing and dancing soubrettes; amateurs. Address H 745, this office.

MEDICAL.

INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases. Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuses, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't buy an imitation, but insist on having INDAPO. If your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., or their agents. SOLD BY Wolff Wilson Drug Co., 6th and Washington Ave.; A. W. Alexander, 813 Olive St., and Farrow Drug Co., Cor. B'way & Market Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

MALYDOR THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE

For all unhealthy sexual discharges. No Pain. No Stain. Prevents Stricture. Free Syringe. Prevents All Private Diseases of either sex. [illegible] "Injection Malydor is 'The Best' of all similar remedies." DR. [illegible]

MALYDOR MFG. CO. Lancaster, O., U. S. A.

TANSY PILLS! SAFE AND SURE. [illegible] WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., PHILA., PA.

THE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 7.

Kansas City wires: "We have had a slight shower here this afternoon, but it has only been local and has not done any good. The drouth is something wonderful in Kansas, and the condition of the growing crop is worse than last year at this time. It will take excellent weather from now on to put the crop into even fair condition. The acreage is much smaller than it was this time last year, 20 to 25 per cent larger than the amount harvested. The Orange-Judd Farmer estimates the amount 170 per cent of what was harvested. This is decidedly too high. The total amount sown last year was a trifle over 4,000,000 acres. The amount harvested was about 2,200,000 acres. We do not think that over 2,500,000 acres are sown at this time; certainly not 3,400,000, as the Orange-Judd Farmer makes it. The season is so very late that even with the very best kind of weather from now on, of which there is no prospect, wheat cannot get a stand this fall."

Cincinnati Price Current: Limited area of seeded rainfall. Tennessee position but little changed as to seeded crop or marketing operations. Exceptionally dry condition of stalk hinders corn husking to some extent, but cribbing generally continues actively.

About 2,500,000 bu wheat is in store at country points in Manitoba, and some country points, approaching a congested condition, so large have been farmers' deliveries.

Stocks of flour at leading markets—Minneapolis not included—were 871,633 bbls on Nov. 1, an increase of 30,939 bbls during Oct. and 59,709 bbls larger than a year ago.

Wheat stocks at San Francisco call board ports Nov. 1 were 8,324,800 bu, a decrease of 258,000 bu during Oct and 2,938,000 bu larger than a year ago. Bradstreet's made the total wheat stocks on the Pacific Coast Nov. 1 9,657,000 bu, which, if true, would leave only 1,333,000 bu held outside the call board put. That appears to be hardly reasonable.

New Orleans cleared yesterday for Liverpool 60,750 bu corn.

Regular Cash Market Prices.

	Thursday.	W'nesday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	61½	61⅜	50¼
No. 3 red	60 b	60 @60¼	49¼
No. 4 winter	57 b	57 b	48¼
CORN.			
No. 2	24¼	24⅛@24¼	45½
No. 2 white	24 b	24 b	45½
No. 3 white	23¾n	.....	42⅛
OATS.			
No. 2	17¼b	17⅝	29¼
No. 3	16½b	16½	28½

Future Prices.

	Closing W'nesday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing Thursday.
WHEAT.				
Dec	58⅜a	58⅝b	58¼@58⅜	58⅜
May	64 a	64 @64¼	63⅞@63½	63¼@63⅜a
CORN.				
Dec	24⅜a	.....	.....	24⅜b
May	26⅛a	26⅛	26⅛@26¼a	26⅛@26¼a
OATS.				
Dec	17⅜n	.....	.....	17⅜n
May	20⅜@20½b	20½	20½	20½b

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co.:

WHEAT.				
Dec	58⅛	58½	58⅛	58⅛b
CORN.				
May	29¼@29⅜	29⅝	29¼	29⅝a
OATS.				
May	20⅝	20⅝	20½@20⅝	20⅝a
PORK.				
Jan.	$9.25	$9.32	$9.12	$9.15
LARD.				
Jan.	5.70 b	5.70	5.66	5.62
RIBS.				
Jan.	4.65	4.67	4.60	4.60

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Thursday.	Wedn'dy.	Year Ago.
Wheat	1,180,791	1,164,843	6,414,544
Corn	46,092	41,445	80,517
Oats	547,033	554,414	656,306
Rye	16,071	16,295	8,460
Barley	3,956	3,956	39,451
No. 2 wheat	268,744	268,566	5,995,221
No. 2 corn	42,001	38,812	48,503
No. 2 oats	28,226	25,506	527,888
No. 2 rye	7,862	7,862	8,015

No 2 hard winter wheat, 673,083 bu; No 2 white corn, 1,964 bu; No 2 white oats, 25,034 bu.

WHEAT.

There was absolutely nothing to the speculative market this forenoon; no news of any particular interest that could have had any decided bearing upon trading or the course of values and a paucity of orders that rendered operations very tame and small. The continuance of large spring wheat receipts—1,414 cars at Duluth and Minneapolis and 509 at Chicago, a total of 1,923 cars, against 1,182 one year ago—the further good rains in the West and their appearance further eastward, and no encouragement from abroad, either in the shape of market or political cables; this combination of adverse conditions gave domestic markets an easier opening. The Cincinnati Price Current indicated no change for the worse in crop conditions and the more broken weather was expected to improve the plant's position. Cables reported Liverpool and London dull, but unchanged. The advices on political affairs abroad were more pacific, and this was reflected in the firmer tone in securities. St. Louis receipts showed up less than a year ago for the first time in weeks, but the total of 102,000 bu at Western winter wheat markets was 13,000 bu less than a year ago.

Clearances were the largest in a long time—equal to 677,000 bu in flour and wheat—but this did not help the market much. All the late cables were dull and lower, except Berlin, but domestic markets remained about steady and so closed.

Spot Grades—Milling demand continues strong for No 2 red and No 3 red and market for such displays firmness, but lower grades dull and hard winter and spring only readily salable to elevator buyers. No 2 red on call offered regular at 61½c and in St. L and F at 62⅝c, bid 61c for former, 61½c for F, St. L and Ter. No 3 red offered regular at 60¼c, bid 59½c for C, 60c for F and St. L, 60¼c for E side. No 4 winter not offered, 57c bid F and St. L; 58c E side. For rejected in St. L, 40c bid. No. 2 hard winter offered regular at 57⅝c; bid 57½c, No 3 do in F at 54c, bid 53c; No 4 do salable regular at 44½c. No 2 spring offered regular at 56½c, bid 56c and for C 56½c bid; No 3 do regular at 54⅛c, bid 53c.

CORN.

Rains were the principal market factor this morning, as they promised to still further delay the movement of the new crop, which up to this time continued to hang back obstinately in the country. The Cincinnati Price Current reported cribbing as proceeding actively, though husking had been interfered with by dry weather. No increase was seen in receipts, being by far the highest at Chicago. The total at Western markets was 275,000 bu, against 124,000 bu one year ago. Cables announced continued steadiness or firmness in English markets.

Clearances from four ports were 279,000 bu. There was little change in prices and trading was light all the session, but the feeling was stronger.

Spot grades steady, but dull. The demand was entirely speculative on call, where No. 2 salable regular at 24¼c, and in Ter. at 24½c. For No. 2 white 24c bid regular, none offered. Lower grades neglected.

OATS.

Receipts at Western and Northwestern markets, 568,000 bu and shipments, 210,000 bu, and clearances from the seaboard 88,000 bu. The future market was firm, but very quiet.

Spot Grades—Firm but quiet; small offerings on call, where carriers the only buyers. No. 2 offered regular at 17⅝c, bid 17½c for F., St. L. and Ter. No. 3 regular at 16⅝c, bid 16½c. None others offered except no grade at 15c and no bids at that. Bids of 15½c for No. 4 regular, 19½c for No. 2 white this and E. side, 21c for Ter., 18½c for No. 3 white regular.

RYE.

Hardly any demand, even at lower prices, and none at all for low grades. No .2 offered regular at 36½c, bid 35½c, though for Ter. 37½c bid. No. 3 sold in Ter. at 35½c, but 34c best bid regular and 34½c for E. side.

HAY.

Received, 1,460 tons; shipped, 748 tons. Firm, but unchanged for choice timothy and this stock really scarce, while there is still an abundance of low grade descriptions on sale, and a very light demand therefor. Prairie continues firm for choice and anything below No. 1 is weak and hard to dispose of. A very strong sentiment prevails for choice to fancy clover and scant offerings. Straw firm and good grades not excessive.

Sales, track and warehouse, this side: Prairie—3 cars No. 3 at $6, 2 No. 2 at $7, 1 car Nos. 1 and 2 at $7 round, 3 No. 1 at $8, 4 choice at $9, 1 do at $9.50. Clover—1 car mixed at $10, 1 car—part at $10 and part at $12. Mixed—1 car at $9, 1 car—part prairie—at $7 and part mixed at $8. Timothy—1 car No. 2 and 1 overripe and slightly sour at $10, 5 No. 2 (1 large-baled) at $10.50, 1 No. 1 at $11, 2 do (1 large-baled) at $12, 8 do (5 large baled) at $12.50. 2 choice (1 large-baled) at $13, 1 do at $13.50, 4 do at $14.

East Side: Timothy—2 cars No. 2 at $10, 1 choice at $12.50.

STRAW—No sales reported. Quotable for wheat and oats at $5.50@6; rye at $6.50@7, as to quality and location.

FLOUR AND FEED.

FLOUR—Outside a domestic trade and that light nothing doing. A difference of 6c to 7c between buyers and sellers, present export sales.

Patents	$3 20@3 30
Extra fancy	3 00@3 10
Fancy	2 75@2 85
Choice	2 55@2 65
Rye flour	3 00
Cornmeal	1 45@1 50

MILLFEED—Quiet and steady at 52c for sacked bran East track and jobbing at 53@55c at mill.

PROVISIONS.

PORK—Standard mess, $8.50@8.62½ per bbl; on orders higher.

LARD—Prime steam, 5.45c; choice, 5.52½c.

BACON—Boxed lots, shoulders, 6c; longs, 5¼c; clear ribs, 5¼c; short clear, 5⅜c.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS—On orders, 10@11c per lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—On orders, 9@10c per lb.

COUNTRY LARD—Sells at 4½@5c, as to quality.

BEEF—Mess, $6.50@7.50 per bbl; dried, 9½@11½c per lb; tongues, $4.50 per doz.

COUNTRY MEATS—Bacon shoulders, 5@5½c; clear sides, 6@6½c; hams, 7½@8½c; D. S. meats, ¾c per lb less.

SEEDS AND CASTOR BEANS.

GRASS SEEDS—Timothy, $3.10@3.50; prime, $3.70; clover, mixed and inferior, $4.50@5; good, $5.30@6.05; red top, trashy and inferior, $2@4; good to choice, $6@8; millet, 60@80c.

HEMP SEED—Pure, $2.70 per 100 lbs.

FLAXSEED—Steady. Salable at 87c.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime salable at $1.25 in car lots and $1.20@1.22 in smaller lots.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

LEAD—The market remains in an entirely nominal condition. Sellers ask $3.02½@3.05 (off brands at the inside), and no demand above $3 and light at that.

SPELTER—Very weak and dull at that. Holders asking $3.57½ and not getting it.

ON THE STREET.

(The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.)

FRUITS.

APPLES—Choice to fancy fruit very firm and ready sale. Inferior fruit slow. Choice to fancy, $1.75@2.25 per bbl; fair fruit, $1.25@1.50; soft, speckled or slack-packed.

GRAPES—Steady, but quiet. Concord, 16@17c per 9-pound basket; Catawba, 20c; Delaware, 30c; chilled and damaged fruit offered for less.

PEARS—Eastern Kiefer, slow at $2.25@2.50 per bbl.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Pears, $1.75@2.25 per 40-lb crate; grapes, Tokay, $2.25@2.50 per 40-lb crate; muscat, 80c@$1.10 per 20-lb box.

ORANGES—Quiet. Mexican, $3.50@3.75; Jamaica, $3.25@3.50 per box and $6 per bbl.

LEMONS—Quiet. Messina and Palermo, $3@5.50 per box; Malaga, $4@4.50.

BANANAS—On orders, $1@2 per bunch.

COCOANUTS—$22 per 1,000; $3.50 per 100.

DRIED FRUITS—Choice fruit in demand. Apples—Evaporated rings, bright, 4½@5c per lb; dark, 3@4c; sundried quarters, 2½@3c. Peaches—Sundried, 1¼@1¾c.

VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Selling very slow. Home-grown sold at 15@18c per bu; levee stock at 12@15c; Northern, 17@23c.

ONIONS—Slow of sale at 25@40c per bu; damp, small and inferior stock less.

TOMATOES—New crop Florida selling at $3.50 per 4-basket crate.

CABBAGE—Home-grown orders, $1.25 per crate; Northern, $9@12 per ton.

TURNIPS—Home-grown, on orders, 75c per bbl.

BEETS—Home-grown on orders, $1 per bbl.

PARSNIPS—Home-grown on orders, $1.50 per bbl.

HORSERADISH—Home-grown on orders, $2.75@3 per bbl.

STRING BEANS—New Southern sold at $1.25@1.50 per 2-3-bu box and $1.75 per bu box.

GREEN PEAS—New Southern sold at $1.25 per 2-3-bu box.

POULTRY, GAME AND VEALS.

LIVE POULTRY—Spring chickens quiet at 7c per lb; young roosters, 6c; old hens, 6c; old roosters, 3c; ducks, 7½c; geese, 6c; turkeys, 7c; pigeons and squabs, 75c per doz.

GAME—Dull, as receipts were large and generally in bad order. Prairie chickens, $6 per doz; quail, $1.75; wild turkeys, hens, 7c per lb; toms, 5c. Ducks—Mallard—$2.50 per doz; blue wing teal, $1.75; green wing teal, $1.75; mixed, $1.50; deer, carcasses, 10@12c per lb; venison saddles, 15@17c; woodcock, $7; snipe, $1.75; plover, $1@1.25; rabbits, 75c@$1.

VEALS—Quiet and steady. Choice fat, 5c per lb; fair stock, 4@4½c; heretics and rough, 3@3½c.

EGGS.

Received 1,755 cases; shipped 1,883 cases. Firm at 16c per doz for fresh stock. Ice-house, stale and inferior less.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BUTTER—Fancy grades in fair demand. Creamery—Separator grades, choice to fancy, 20@21c; gathered cream, 18@19c; fancy Elgin, 24c. Dairy—Good to choice, 16@18c; low to medium, 5@8c. Country butter—Roll, choice, 11@13c; air-struck and inferior, 5@7c; packed, choice, 9c; poor to fair, 4@6c. Grease butter, 3@3½c.

CHEESE—Firm. Wisconsin—Full cream, twins, 9½@10½c; singles, 9½@10½c; Young America, 9½@11c. Illinois make—Twins, 8½c; singles, 8½c; Young America, 8½c; brick, 10@10½c; limberger, 9½@10; Swiss, choice, 12@13c.

HIDES, PELTS, FEATHERS, TALLOW, ETC.

HIDES—Dry higher, green salted quiet.

Green salted, Western	6¼
Green salted, Arkansas and Southern	5¾@6
Dry flint, choice	13
Dry flint, average run	12
Dry flint, natives	12
Dry flint, Southern	10½@11½
Dry salted	9
Glue stock, green and dry	3 @6
On selection:	
Green salted, No. 1	6½
Green salted, No. 2	6
Dry flint, No. 1	13½
Dry flint, No. 2	11½
Dry salted, No. 1	9½
Dry salted, No. 2	8½

Uncured 1c and part cured ½c less.

DEERSKINS, ETC.—Deerskins nominal at 18c per lb for prime—damaged half price; antelope, 12½c; goat skins, 10@25c each.

SHEEPSKINS—No full wool skins coming in. Current arrivals being for green, 35@45c; dry 20@35c; smaller size, and lambs, 25@35c; shearlings, 5@15c; fallen pelts, 4¼@5c.

FEATHERS—Firm. Geese—Prime white, live, small sacks, 41c; large sacks, 39c; gray and quilly, 30c; old white, 31@33c; X, 27@30c; XX, 16@18c; XXX, 12@14c; XXXX, 7@8c; tare, 3 to 10 per cent. Chickens—Dry picked, 2½c. Duck—Dark, 20c; white, 28c. Turkey—Tail, prime, 15c; wing, 8c; wing and tail mixed, 9c; wing, tail and pointers, 5c; pointers, 2½c.

TALLOW—Firm, quiet. Prime, in oil barrels, 4¼c per lb—average stock less, according to quality; No. 2 and stock in irregular pkgs, 3½c; cake, 4½c.

GREASE—Brown, 3c; yellow, 3½c; white, 4c.

BEESWAX—Prime stock, 27½c per lb.

ROOTS—Ginseng, $2.40@2.80 per lb; seneca, 18@20c; lady slipper, 4c; golden seal, 15@16c; snake, 15@18c—white worth less; blue flag, 4c; pink, 14c; May apple, 1@1½c; angelica, 3c; wahoo, bark of root, 7c; wahoo, bark of tree, 3c; bitter sweet bark, 4c; blood, 1½@2c; golden thread, 7c; butterfly, 3c; twin leaf, 3c; pleurisy root, 3½c.

WOOL.

Inactive, but firm.

Missouri, Illinois, etc.—		Tex., Ark., I. T., etc.—	
Combing	15½	Fall and Spring.	
Coarse & braid	14½	Medium	12 @13
Med. clothing	14 @14½	Coarse & low	8 @10
Comb. & Cloth	15	Fine medium	10 @11
Low & cotted	10 @11	Light fine	8 @9
Fine medium	11 @12	Heavy fine	6 @7
Heavy fine	7 @8	Sandy & heavy	6 @7
Light fine	10 @11	Dak., Wyo., Utah, etc.—	
Heavy fine	8½@9	Medium	11 @12
Slight burry	10½@11	Coarse & low	10 @11
Hard burry	8 @8½	Light fine	9 @10
So. (hard) burry	8¼	Fine medium	10 @11
Kansas and Nebraska—		Heavy fine	7 @8
Medium	11 @13	Tub washed—	
Light fine	9 @10	Choice	21
Fine medium	9 @11	Fair	18 @19
Heavy & earthy	6 @7	Coarse & low	14 @16

7c; pigeons and squabs, 75c per doz.

FURS.

Quite a large number of inquiries received, but only small amount to hand as yet. Following are probable opening prices for prime skins:

Raccoon, No. 1 large	50	Broad stripe	15
No. 1 medium	40	Tex. & Ter.	15@30
No. 2	25	Civet cat	10@15
No. 3	15	Opossum	5@10
No. 4	07	Red fox	10@90
Mink—No. 1 large	75	Grey fox	10@50
		Muskrat	5@10
No. 1 medium	60	Wild cat	10@30
No. 2	35	Otter	50@$6 50
No. 3	20	Beaver	50@6 00
No. 4	10	Wolf, prairie	10@40
Skunk—Black	85	Wolf, timber	10@1 00
Narrow stripe	60	Bear	25@15 00
Short stripe	35	Badger	5@10
		House cat	5@15

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

EMPTY BARRELS—Coal oil, 85c; vinegar, 70c; black oil, 45c; lard oil, 65c; linseed oil, 65c; sugar, 12½c; whisky, $1.10; half barrels, 45c; wine, 85c; sauerkraut, 20c; molasses, 20c; pickle, 35c; barrels with broken staves or heads, 25c less.

COOPERSTUFFS—Shaved hoops, cooper flour barrels, $3.25@3.50; country, $2.75@3.00; half barrels, $1.50; coiled elm, 5.50@6; pork barrels, $5@6; lard tierces, $9@9.50. Staves—Flour barrels, $5.50@5.75; culls, $2.50@3; half barrels, $4@4.50; pork barrels, $16; lard tierces, $22; beer kegs, $16@18. Heading—Flour barrels, 3¾c per set.

WHITE BEANS—Country sell at 60@90c per bu; weevily, less; Eastern hand-picked medium jobbing at $1.30@1.35; pea beans, $1.40@1.45; Lima at 3½@4c per lb.

POPCORN—Mixed quotable at 75c@$1; rice worth more.

CIDER—Choice quotable at $3@3.50; inferior, $2@2.50.

MAPLE SUGAR—Vermont, 11c per lb; Canada, 14¼@14½c.

HONEY—Choice in bbls and half bbls, 3¼@4c for dark and 4@4½c for light; in cans, 5@6c; choice white comb, 12@14c; dark and broken, 5@6c.

HOPS—New York, choice, 9@10c per lb; Pacific Coast, 7@8c; foreign, 25@30c.

HEMP—Missouri undressed, $70@80 per ton.

RAGS, OLD ROPE AND RUBBER—Rags, 60c per 100 lbs; old rope, No. 1, $1.25; No. 2, 50c; old rubber, arctics out, $4.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Wheat opened somewhat weaker this morning on weather conditions and increased receipts. Not much long wheat came out on the opening break, though there were a number of small sellers. December opened ⅛@¼c lower at 58¼@58⅜c. The sellers soon began buying in again, and this caused a firming up and recovery of the first loss and a slight gain over yesterday's close. From this on the fluctuations for some time were very slight. Corn opened with a fair demand at yesterday's closing prices—29⅝c for May. There was considerable activity for a time, but it soon eased up and prices fell off somewhat. Oats opened strong with May at yesterday's closing, 20⅝c. The trading the first hour was limited. Provisions started strong and active, but soon eased off. January pork opened at $9.27½; January lard, $5.70; January ribs, $4.65@4.67½.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Butter steady; creamery, 14@22c; dairy, 9½@19c. Eggs firm; 14@18½c.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Poultry higher; turkeys 8@8½c; chickens 5@6c; ducks 8@9½c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Butter—Receipts, 6,184 pkgs; steady; Western dairy, 10½@15c; Western creamery, 15@23c; Elgins, 23c. Eggs—Receipts, 7,572 pkgs; steady; Western, 19@21c. Sugar—Raw firm; refined quiet. Coffee quiet.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 7, 4:15 p. m.—Wheat—Spot quiet, demand poor; No. 2 red winter, 5s 3d; No. 2 red spring, stocks exhausted; No. 1 hard Manitoba, stocks exhausted; No. 1 California, 5s 4½d. Futures opened dull and unchanged, closed quiet; with near positions ½d lower and distant positions ½@¾d lower; business heaviest on latest positions. November, 5s 2¾d; December, 5s 3¼d; January, 5s 3¾d; February, 5s 3¾d; March, 5s 4¼d; April, 5s 4½d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 4½d. Futures opened dull and unchanged, closed steady, with February and March ¼d lower and other months unchanged from last night's close. November, 3s 4¾d; December, 3s 4¾d; January, 3s 3½d; February, 3s 3d; March, 3s 3d; April, 3s 3¼d. Flour firm, demand fair, freely supplied. St. Louis fancy winter, 7s 3d.

COFFEE.

Reported by Hanley & Kinsella Coffee and Spice Co.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 7.

	First Call.	Second Call.	Third Call.
November	14.65b	.....	.....
December	14.65b	14.75	14.75
January	14.50b	.....	.....
February	.....	.....	.....
March	14.35b	14.40	.....
April	.....	.....	.....

Mal pouch coffee at 21.85c.

RIO—No. 7 coffee exchange standard 15 mil; exchange 9 9-16; receipts, 9,000; clearances, United States, 7,000; do Europe, 8,000; stock, 199,000; market firm.

SANTOS—Receipts, 16,000; stock, 462,000; market firm; good average Santos 15 mil, 500.

MONEY.

EXCHANGE—Quoted by A. G. Edwards & Son.

New York—25c discount bid.

Chicago—50c discount bid.

Cincinnati—50c discount bid.

Louisville—50c discount bid.

New Orleans—$1 discount bid.

Discount rates at St. Louis Banks steady at 5 to 7 per cent on call and time loans.

St. Louis bank clearings to-day were $426,187; balances, $543,484.

Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds firm, new fours, 121; do coupon, 121; fives, reg., 114¾; do coupon, 114¾; fours, reg., 111¼; do coupon, 111¾; twos, reg., 96¼; Pacific sixes of '95, 102.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Money on call easy at 2@2½ per cent; no loans. Prime mercantile paper 4@5¼ per cent. Sterling exchange dull, but strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 489@489¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 488½ and 489½@490. Commercial bills 486¾. Silver certificates 67¾@68c; no sales. Bar silver 67¾. Mexican dollars 54¼.

St. Louis Stocks and Bonds.

Thursday's market showed unusual activity. Sales were seventy Mississippi Valley Trust Co. at $75.75, 20 Suburban at $26 50, 10 at $26 75 and 6 at $27.00, and one $1,000 Brewery bond at $96.25.

	Bid.	Asked.
Brewery bonds	$ 96 00	$ 96 25
Edison Illuminating bonds	74 75	75 00
Merchants' Bridge 6s	104 25	.....
Suburban Ry. bonds	.....	96 00
Suburban Ry. stocks	26 75	27 00
Broadway Cable bonds	100 75	.....
Continental National Bank	118 00	.....
National Bank of Commerce	.....	147 00
St. Louis National Bank	104 00	.....
Chemical National Bank	.....	86 50
St. Louis Trust Co	131 00	.....
Union Trust Co	.....	127 50
Mississippi Valley Trust Co	75 75	76 00
Exposition stock	.....	8 50
Small Hopes	75	77½
Suburban Incomes	50 00	.....
Wiggins' Ferry	.....	185 00
Farmers' Elevator	.....	101 00
Hope Mining	.....	1 65
Mississippi Valley Trans	77 50	.....

New York Stocks.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 7.

STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Tobacco, com	85½	87½	85½	87⅞
Atchison	16¾	17⅛	16¾	17
Baltimore & Ohio	58	58	57⅞	57⅞
Canada Southern	54	54⅝	54	54
C. & O., com	19	19¼	19	19¼
Central New Jersey	106⅜	107	106½	106⅞
Chicago Gas Trust	66	66⅜	64⅞	66
C., C., C. & St. L	40	40	39⅝	40
C., R. I. & P	74	75⅛	74	75
C., B. & Q	82⅝	83⅞	82⅝	83⅜
C., M. & St. P., com	74⅞	75⅞	74⅝	75⅞
C., M. & St. P., pfd	126½	.....	.....	126½
C. & N. W., com	104⅜	106	104⅜	105⅞
Colorado Fuel & Iron	32¼	33	32¼	32⅞
Cotton Oil, com	20	20¼	20	20¼
Cotton Oil, pfd	68½	68⅞	68½	68⅞
Delware & Hudson	129⅝	130¼	129⅝	130¼
Erie, com	10⅜	.....	.....	10⅜
Edison General	30⅞	31⅜	30½	31⅜
Illinois Central	98	.....	.....	98
Laclede Gas, com	23	.....	.....	23
Laclede Gas, pfd	82½	.....	.....	82½
Laclede Gas Bonds	95	.....	.....	95
Louisville & Nashville	54⅛	55⅛	54⅛	55
Lake Shore	149	149¼	149	149¼
L. E. & W., pfd	74	.....	.....	74
Lead, com	30	31	29⅜	30¼
Lead, pfd	90	.....	.....	90
Missouri Pacific	28⅞	30⅜	28⅞	30¼
M., K. & T., pfd	30⅜	31½	30⅜	31⅛
Manhattan Elevated	105⅜	106½	105⅜	106½
National Cordage, com	7	.....	.....	7
National Cordage, pfd	13⅜	.....	.....	13⅜
N. Y. & N. E	45	.....	.....	45
North American	4⅞	.....	.....	4⅞
Northern Pacific, com	4⅜	.....	.....	4⅜
Northern Pacific, pfd	15⅝	16⅛	15⅝	16⅛
New York Central	99⅜	100	99⅜	100
Ontario & Western	15⅞	16¼	15⅞	16¼
Omaha, com	39½	.....	.....	39½
Pacific Mail	26½	27⅞	26½	27
Philadelphia & Reading	11⅞	12⅜	11⅞	12⅜
Southern Railway, com	11⅜	.....	.....	11⅜
Southern Railway, pfd	36¼	36⅝	36	36⅜
Sugar, com	98⅜	99⅝	98¼	98⅝
Sugar, pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tennessee Coal & Iron	33¾	34	32¾	33¾
Texas & Pacific	9	9	9	9
Union Pacific	10¼	10⅝	10¼	10⅝
U. S. Rubber, com	35	.....	.....	35
Western Union T. Co	89⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wabash, com	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Wabash, pfd	18⅞	19¼	18⅞	19¼
Whisky Trust	20¼	20¼	19¾	20¼

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The stock market opened moderately active and irregular. Western Union and Leather preferred sustained sharp fractional declines. At 10:15 a. m. the market was steady.

The temper of speculation underwent a change soon after 11 o'clock and on a decreased volume of trading share prices reacted throughout the list, the declines in some instances being material. The primary cause of the reactionary movement was a further advance in the rates of sterling exchange. Chicago Gas lost 2 per cent. Leather (pfd) 1¼, Tobacco 1¼ and Tennessee Coal, Pullman and Sugar 1 per cent. At noon speculation was still heavy in tone. Sales to noon were 170,500 shares, including 181,200 listed and 39,300 unlisted.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The speculation was decidedly strong in tone, after 10:15, and on good buying, Tobacco and Leather (pfd.) advanced 2 per cent, Tennessee Coal 1⅛, Susquehanna and Western (pfd.) 1¼ and Burlington and New Jersey Central 1 per cent. The tendency of prices at 11 o'clock continued upward and the dealings were animated.

Foreign Finance.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—The Bank of England's rate of discount remains unchanged at 2 per cent.

VIENNA, Nov. 7.—There was a change for the better in business here to-day on the Bourse.

BERLIN, Nov. 7.—The Boerse to-day opened flat and closed better on reassuring reports.

PARIS, Nov. 7.—There was an improvement of the tone on the Bourse here to-day. The troubles expected as a result of the settlement have been arranged and no failures took place. The market is now recovering.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—The market was dull and depressed to-day, so far as American securities were concerned. British consols were unchanged and barely steady. Money was harder.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

CATTLE—Receipts 1,982; market steady.

SALES.

No.	Description.	Average.	Price.
5	cows	680	$2 60
13	cows	963	2 60
1	cows	850	2 10
25	cows	493	1 75
1	bull	1400	2 10
6	calves	108	5 67½
1	calve	130	5 50
1	cow	600	2 25
3	cows	890	2 40
1	cow	970	1 25
3	calves	163	5 00
4	cows	915	2 25
25	steers	816	2 50
22	steers	794	2 75
5	steers	1174	3 55

TEXAS CATTLE—31 cars received. Market steady.

No.	Description.		Price.
143	calves	230	$8 50
27	calves	173	8 00
76	steers	971	2 90
26	cows	636	2 15
97	cows	294	2 15

SHEEP—Receipts, 853. Market steady on all grades.

No.	Description.	Price.
1	buck	$2 10
41	natives	$2 65
43	lambs	3 75
8	lambs	3 75
52	natives	2 85
10	culls	1 75
58	natives	3 30
1	native	2 10
2	natives	2 75
2	lambs	4 00
200	native lambs	2 50

HOGS—Receipts, 3,000. Butchers and best heavies $3.65 to $3.75. Packers $3.25 to $3.60. Yorkers $3.50 to $3.60. Market active and strong to 5c higher, closing 5c lower.

No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.	No.	Price.
67	$3 65	70	$3 70	77	$3 55	71	$3 65
89	3 70	78	3 60	84	3 65	34	3 40
77	3 70	31	3 60	77	3 65	58	3 60
52	3 60	64	3 65	56	3 65	100	3 50
39	3 70	20	3 70	94	3 55		

HORSES AND MULES—Receipts, 133. Market fairly active. Supply unequal to demand. Good Southern trade.

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Hogs—Receipts 35,000; left over 5,000; market active and 5c higher; light $3.40@3.75, mixed $3.45@3.80, heavy $3.35@3.85, rough $3.35@3.55. Cattle—Receipts 11,000, including 700 Texans and 2,000 Westerns; market steady at yesterday's closing; beeves $3@5, cows and heifers $1.25@3.35, Texans $2.60@3.30, Westerns $2.75@3.95, stockers and feeders $2.20@3.70. Sheep—Receipts 11,000; market steady at yesterday's decline.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Hogs—Official receipts yesterday, 39,700; shipments 5,666. Cattle—Receipts 16,969, shipments 3,586. Sheep—Receipts 19,686, shipments 1,764. Estimated receipts hogs to-morrow 31,000.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 7.—Cattle—Receipts 3,900; shipments, 3,500. Best grades steady; others weak. Beef steers $2.85@4.90; Texas steers $2.20@3.15; Texas cows $1.25@2.25; native cows $1.75@3.00; stockers and feeders $2.50@3.55; bulls $1.75@2.60. Hogs—Receipts 9,300; shipments 200. Market steady to strong. Bulk of sales $3.50@3.60; heavies $3.10@3.65; packers $3.45@3.65; mixed $3.35@3.60; lights $3.25@3.50; yorkers $3.35@3.50; pigs $3.10@3.45. Sheep—receipts 100; shipments none. Market steady, unchanged.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Quiet, 1-16c lower. No sales reported. Receipts to-day, 3,406 bales; since Sept. 1, 164,194 bales; shipments to-day, 2,132; since Sept. 1, 139,947 bales. Stock, 31,786 bales. Quotations—Ordinary, 7½c; good ordinary, 7¾c; low middling, 8¼c; middling, 8⅝c; good middling, 8⅞c; middling fair, 9¼c; tinges ⅛c and stains ⅜c below white.

LIVERPOOL—Demand moderate; prices firm; uplands, 4⅞d. Sales, 8,000 bales. Futures closed steady; Nov. and Dec., 4 38-64d; Dec. and Jan., 4 38-64d; Jan. and Feb., 4 38-64d; Feb. and March, 4 39-64d; March and April, 4 40-64d; April and May, 4 41-64d; May and June, 4 42-64d; June and July, 4 44-64d.

NEW YORK—Spot quiet; middling, 8 15-16c. Futures closed steady. Sales 219,600 bales.

Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co.:

	Closing Wednesday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing Thursday.
Nov	8.52	8.62	8.58	8.59
Dec	8.55	8.63	8.61	8.62
Jan	8.61	8.69	8.65	8.68
Feb	8.66	8.73	8.70	8.73
March	8.71	8.78	8.76	8.77
April	8.76	8.83	8.80	8.81
May	8.80	8.88	8.86	8.86
June	8.84	8.94	8.90	8.90
July		8.98	8.94	8.94

AN IDLE DREAM.

The Sacrifice Lewis Datchette Made for a Father's Sin.

Far down in Sussex, close to the coast, the day was very fair. The blue sky was hung with motionless white clouds, shaded a faint brown where the sun did not catch them. To the southward, between the rounded hills, little glimpses of the sea were to be caught. But in the opposite direction stretched an entirely pastoral prospect; undulating and green, where trees in the colors of early June fringed the fields of growing grass and springing seeds, where the most distant line of hills was blue with the blue of hope, and the sails of occasional wind-mills swung indolently in the slight afternoon breeze. On the distant road a cloud of dust marked the passage of some vehicle.

But in one secluded valley, shut in completely from the very imagination of passers on the highway, the trees bent closely and affectionately together, rejoicing in the fulness of spring, and flooded with sunshine. They concealed a retired and singularly shaped house with curved front, seductive veranda, and a pretentious porch surmounted by a square tablet, on which were carved a crest and two initials with the date "A. D. MDCCLXV.," the whole set in a garden, within a sunken fence, filled with rhododendrons in bloom, and giving on a park-like inclosure extending to the belt of trees that shut it off from view of the outside world. It was tenantless and to let.

Coming through a steep little wood that led to this retired abode from the western side, along a path positively embowered by the interlacing trees, through which stray flakes of sunshine fell in minute moving patches on the ground, were a man and a girl.

Both were tall, and the girl was exceptionally pretty. He was clad in the breeches and gaiters, the smart tweed coat, twice-round Ascot scarf and golfing cap, which marked him as a member of the leisure class. She, albeit dressed in a costume fitting in some degree the country, wore an expensive hat of large shape, covered with falling roses of several hues, and she carried a laced parasol. She had the air of a highly bred woman, as he had of a man of the world. But it would have been fairly evident to any save the meanest comprehension that they were very much in love.

The speaking glance and the answering smile told the fact; nor was confirmation wanting in the little air of possessive deference distinguishing the man; so well as in the tender pressure of their fingers when, in the narrowing of the path and the

fulness of a frequently recurring time, their hands chanced to touch as they walked.

They were both young, he perhaps 30, she possible 23. And they both looked consciously happy.

"It's a charming place," he said, "and the price is very moderate, all things considered. What do you think, Amy? Shall we take it? D'you think you could be happy there?"

"I could be happy anywhere with you, Lewis. I think it is a perfectly delightful house. Why, if they got as near to us as this they'd never be able to find us. It's an absolute Rosamond's bower."

"What about Queen Elinor?"

"Don't be horrid. You haven't any Queen Elinors to fear, have you?"

"Not that I remember. And I shan't put up a clew, or if I do 'twill be of barbed wire."

They both laughed light-heartedly.

"More than an hour until the train goes," said the man, consulting his watch. "Let's rest at this stile."

The girl acquiesced, standing beside him as he looked out over the country with considerable satisfaction. She moved a little closer to him, touching his shoulder slightly with the brim of her wide hat. He placed a hand on her sleeve caressingly.

"Amy," he said a little soberly, "how happy your love makes me."

"Does it?" The girl at his side looked pleased.

"How I hate the town now! Don't you?"

"Yes, dear, I had ten thousand times rather live in the country—with you."

"Well, this day three weeks you will commence the experiment."

. . . .

The whistle of the locomotive sounded from across the fields. It reminded them of the train which they were to catch, and they made their way more rapidly to the little wayside station.

They already regarded it and the porters and other local circumstances in a proprietary way. Lewis engaged the station master in conversation, and added to his slender stock of knowledge as to the new country he was adopting.

Then the train came up, and they entered a hot first-class carriage, and were hurried away from the spot in which they were to spend the best remainder of their lives.

At first they were interested in examining the country through which they swept with noise and steam in an entirely modern procession. But when they pulled up at Tonbridge Junction, Datchette procured a London evening paper. And as they left the station Amy, overcome with the fatigue of the journey, the heat and stiffness of the carriage, sank back gracefully in her seat and let her eyelids fall languidly, in unmistakable sign that she was but lingering on the borders of oblivion.

Datchette noticing this, thoughtfully requested permission to smoke a cigarette. The girl opened her eyes with a loving smile. "Of course, dear," she said, "but you must not think I am going to sleep. I'm not; only the sun makes such a glare on that chalk."

She closed her eyes again. Her lover smiled amusedly. In half a minute she was in the land of dreams. He sat opposite her, watching the delicate shadows chasing each other across her fair young cheeks, noting the curve of her long lashes as they rested on them, and the parted lips through which her regular breath escaped, admiring, as so privileged a lover should.

"She is worlds to me," he thought.

Then, noticing that her parasol was slipping from its position against her frock, he stooped forward gently and litfed it away, kissing the handle reverently as he

laid it on the cushion beside him. He neglected no part of the ritual of love.

He lit his cigarette very quietly. Then he opened a newspaper and began to look at its contents. His eye fell on a line set in very large capitals:

MURDER AND SUICIDE OF A BARONET.

He hurriedly scanned the paragraph. It ran:

"An extraordinary sensation was caused in Paris this morning by the dicovery that a well-known English baronet, Sir George Datchette, had committed suicide at his

apartment in the Rue de Mirmesnil, after having murdered the girl with whom he was residing there, and who is stated to be an artiste very popular on the boards of the leading London variety theaters. Her name has not transpired. The authorities are engaged in making an investigation into the circumstaces surrounding the occurrence, and the British Consul has been communicated with.—Reuter."

Lewis Datchette sat staring at the paper for a full half-hour. His face had taken a gray tint, its lines had all deepened, his eyes were filled with sadness and fixed in an unwinking stare. The world had changed. Life was a mistake. It was all over. He had better follow his father's example. He could never marry Amy now.

The vivid remembrance of a certain case in which another baronet, convicted of cheating at cards, had married a girl on the following day, and carried her off to share a lifelong disgrace, flashed across his mind. He had been a member of the same clubs as that man, and he had been the loudest in condemning his action. And what was that but a bagatelle compared to the disgrace of being a murderer's son?

He sank back, overcome, letting the newspaper fall on the carriage floor. A second later he recollected Amy, and looked across at her. She was still asleep and smiling though some happy dream—perhaps of him. He threw the newspaper out of the window that she might not see it when she awoke.

Then he rested his head on his hands and sat watching her, despair tearing his heart. After that he began to pray that she might not wake until the train ran into Charing Cross, for it did not enter Cannon street nor stop anywhere en route. Presently he lit another cigarette—a necessity to him, although he did so quite unconsciously—and stared hopelessly out of the window at the dull lines of dreary streets, broken by factory roofs and chimneys and occasional smoke-grimed church towers, as the train rushed through Bermondsey and Southwick. It was pulled up at a ticket platform before crossing the river. The jerk startled Amy out of her long nap; and Lewis quickly thrust his head out of the window that she might not notice any change in his face. He answered her questions over his shoulder, handed the tickets to the collector from his vantage point, and when the train moved on he kep this position. Amy, busied in getting her hat straight and pulling on her gloves, paid no attention to his singular attention regarding the approach to Charing Cross.

Dachette looked through the spaces of the bridge at the water of the river and wished he could dive into it. Then Amy summoned him with the words:

"Lewis, tell me if my hair is all right behind; those horrid cushions have disarranged it."

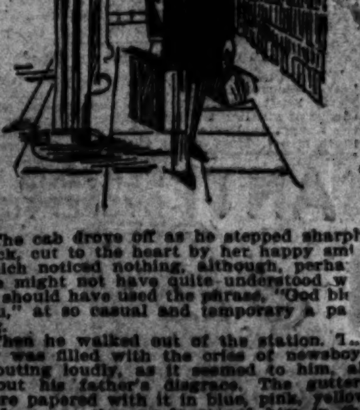
He turned, relieved, and, keeping himself behind her, pretended to find some disarray

which kept her hands and her thoughts busy until they were within the station. He jumped out, gave her his hand, and, with his eyes turned toward the clock, exclaimed:

"By Jove! we're awfully late; it's nearly six. Come on, Amy, I must put you in a cab and send you straight home. It'll take me all my time to get dressed and get down in time for dinner."

He hurried the girl into a hansom, shouted directions to the driver, and, taking her hand in a strong grip, mustered a brave smile, and, looking her straight in the face, said with an effort:

"Good-by, darling until—until dinner time. God bless you."



The cab drove off as he stepped sharply back, cut to the heart by her happy smile, which noticed nothing, although, perhaps she might not have quite understood why he should have used the phrase, "God bless you," at so casual and temporary a parting.

Then he walked out of the station. The air was filled with the cries of newsboys shouting loudly, as it seemed to him, all about his father's disgrace. The gutters were papered with it in blue, pink, yellow and green; the words stared him in the face. Incurably sick at heart he hailed a hansom and was driven off to his club. The servants stared at him as he entered; the hall porter gravely handed him a couple of telegrams. He put them into his pocket unopened and walked into the smoking room. The members present looked at him curiously, and at each other significantly. Every one was wondering if he had heard the news. But none ventured to speak to him. He took no notice of them, but sat down at a table and wrote two notes. They were both brief. One was to Miss Pelham-Cottenham's aunt, the Bishop's wife; it excused him from dining there. The other, carefully worded, to save her the necessity of replying, was to Amy, formally releasing her. He went out of the club and sent them down by a commissionaire to Thurloe Square. Then he went to his chambers in Duke street, packed his bags and went over to Paris by the 8:15 train. He never came back to England.—Pick-Me-Up.

OUR BOYS' CLOTHING.

... Means Style and Strength for the Boys—Saving and Satisfaction for the Parents.

Boys' Reefer Suits.
3 to 8 Years.

Deep Sailor Collar, plain, neat mixtures, would sell ordinarily at $2.75. Friday's Price..... $1.98

Reefer Suits, all wool, fancy mixed Cheviots, plain blues, soutache trimming and deep sailor collar, grand value at $4.00. Friday's Price..... $2.95

Boys' Fur Beaver REEFERS, sizes 3 to 8 years, with sailor collar, worth $5.00, at $3.50

Extra Specials.
Note the following, all ye who have boys to clothe:

4000 Double Breasted Knee Pant Suits.
Ages 5 to 15 years, strongly sewed and well trimmed.

Regular $2.25 Suits at..... $1 50
Regular $2.75 Suits at..... $1 75
Regular $3.50 Suits at..... $2 25
Regular $4.00 Suits at..... $2 75
Regular $4.50 Suits at..... $3 00
Regular $5.00 Suits at..... $3 50
Regular $6.00 Suits at..... $4 00
Regular $7.00 Suits at..... $5 00
Regular $8.00 Suits at..... $6 00
Regular $9.00 Suits at..... $7 00

Boys' Pleated Flannelette Shirt Waists.
Worth 40c, at..... 24c
Ditto, worth 75c, at..... 47c

Boys' All-Wool Flannel Waists.
Worth $1.25, at..... 75c

Fine Embroidered White Lawn Blouses.
Worth $1.50, at..... $1 00

Boys' Leggings,
One and three buckles, in Jerseys, Kerseys, in tan, brown and black, tan and black leather,
90c, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.25.

THINK OF THE GREATEST VALUES

You have got at our store, and then realize the fact that Greater Than Ever are what we offer you To-morrow. Such an array is to be found nowhere else. Everything offered guaranteed to be exactly as represented.

Friday Values —IN— Furnishing Goods

Men's Suspenders, worth 25c, at..... 13c
Men's High-grade Suspenders, with leather and silk trimmings, worth 50c, on sale at..... 25c
Men's Pure White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, every store sells them at 10c; Our Price..... 5c
Men's Pure Indigo Sateen Handkerchiefs, worth 15c, on sale at..... 6c
High-grade Men's Silk Initial Handkerchiefs, worth 50c; Our Price..... 25c
Men's Silk Teck, 4-in-Hands, De Joinvilles, are as good as others ask 40c and 50c for, at..... 25c
1,000 pair Men's heavy Winter Gloves, lined and unlined, worth from 75c, to $1.00, all go at..... 50c
Men's Wool Gloves, good and warm, worth 40c, at..... 25c
AT 10c We offer you a full Seamless Half Hose, in Tan and Black, well worth 20c.
AT 12½c We show full Seamless Half Hose, all wool, in blue, grays and tans, worth 25c.
The Talk of St. Louis—Men's All-wool Sweaters, full seamless, in black, navy and garnet, worth $1.50; Our Price..... 98c
Men's Cardigan Jackets, worth $1.50, on sale at..... $1.00
AT $5.00 We show full line of Men's All-wool Smoking Jackets, nicely trimmed; other dealers say $7.00 for them.
We are selling Men's high-grade All-wool Underwear that never sold for less than $3.00 a garment, at..... $1.50
Men's All-wool Flannel Shirts, worth $1.50, Our Price..... $1.00
We carry a full line of the celebrated Eagle Shirts, from..... 75c and upwards
AT 75c We sell a men's White Laundered Shirt, full linen bosom and New York Mills Muslin. This Shirt is sold by dealers at $1.00. A full line of Manhattan Shirts always on hand.
AT 58c We offer full line of Gents' Laundered Shirts, colored bosoms, white body, worth $1.00.
Full line of Boys' Laundered Shirts, from..... 50c TO $1.40
Men's Natural Color Shirts and Drawers, worth 40c, at..... 25c
Full assortment of Men's Fleece-lined Shirts and Drawers, at..... 38c, 50c, 75c
We carry full line of Swiss Condes celebrated Woolen Shirts and Drawers at..... $1.00
Boys' Laundered Percale Shirts, with Collars and Cuffs detached, actually worth $1.50..... $1.00
AT 10c We sell all styles Men's 2-ply Linen Collars—as good as others ask 20c for.

MILLINERY.

JUST CLOSED ANOTHER LOT OF
10c SAMPLE HATS! 10c
Sailors, Walking Hats, Flats, Turbans, Dress Shapes.
THESE ARE BY FAR THE BEST LOT EVER PUT ON SALE.
WORTH FROM $1.00 TO $2.50 EACH.
ON SALE ONLY UNTIL 1 O'Clock To-Morrow.
Come Early and Get Your Pick at..... 10c

Such Hats as these have Popularized this Department as the Only Headquarters for

MILLINERY.

We hardly expected to continue our sale on our wonderful **$5.00 Trimmed Hats.**

But the demand by the public compelled us to again trim 75 of these beautiful Hats, exact copies of the late imported Novelties. They are all worth from $10.00 to $12.00.

FANCY FEATHERS—Choice lot worth 25c to 50c..... 5c
JETTED TIPS—With full bunch of Aigrettes, worth $1..... 25c
JETTED AIGRETTES—Large, full bunch, worth 19c..... 5c
BUTTERMILK SOAP—3 cakes in box, per box..... 5c
TRIMMED HATS—This is a gem, made with felt brim and velvet Tam O'Shanter crown, trimmed with full bunch of jetted aigrettes, with fine steel and jet ornaments, caught up in back and side with satin ribbon and velvet; worth $5.00..... $2.98
TRIMMED HATS, of good felt, trimmed with ribbons, Quills, etc.; no two alike; worth $2.00..... 98c
VEILINGS—Chenille Dot Maline and Tuxedo Meshes, also Pin Dots, all new patterns, worth 20c..... 10c
BABY CAPS—Elegant Silk CAPS in white and colors, worth 98c..... 49c
FASCINATORS—Hand-made of best Zephyr, all colors, worth 50c..... 25c

FOR LADIES.

At 7c We sell all sizes of Misses' Fast Black Seamless Hose, others ask 12½c for.
At 9c We sell Ladies' Full Seamless Fast-Black Hose, others sell at 15c
At 17c We sell Ladies' Wool Hosiery, well worth 25c.
At 17c We offer Ladies' Heavyweight Vests and Pants, worth 25c.
See our Heavy Fleece Lined Ladies' Combination Suits, worth 75c, which we sell at..... 50c
Boys' Shirts and Drawers, worth 25c..... 19c
Ladies' All-Wool Sweaters, worth $6.50, our price..... $4.98

BIG BARGAINS
For Friday Only.

Ladies' Gloves.
75 doz. LADIES' KID GLOVES, all shades, all sizes, a bargain at $1.25, go at..... 75c
Ladies' and Misses' All-Wool JERSEY GLOVES, worth 50c, we now sell for..... 25c

Famous
BROADWAY & MORGAN ST.
YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU WANT IT.

HOUSEKEEPERS
Will Have a Great Time in Our Economy Basement To-Morrow.

500 Galvanized Chamber Pails, the 50c ones 19c
Only one to a customer.

550 Japanned Coal Hods, for one day only..... 10c
1,200 Coal Shovels, long handle..... 2c
Stove Lid Lifters..... 1c
One lot Papier Mache Crumb Brushes and Trays, finely decorated, worth 39c..... 19c
One lot Triple Plated Knives and Forks, set of 6 each in case, worth $2, One day only..... 98c
Counter or Hearth Dusters, the 15c ones 10c
Curtain Stretchers, Genuine "Bohlinger," 12 ft. long..... 49c

The celebrated Wellington Central Draft Lamp, each one warranted. It was the one the Shapleigh Hardware Co. was the proudest of and is worth $3.50. Our price **$1.49**
50 Banquet Lamps, solid brass, worth $1.75, the Shapleigh lot ... 75c
Real Vienna China Cups and Saucers, spiral shape, with broad gold band, set of 6, worth $1.20, Our Price..... 75c
500 Decorated Cuspidores, the 50c ones..... 25c

50 Ladies' Beaver Reefer Jackets, Large Sleeves, worth $4.50, at **$2.15**

40 Ladies' Tan Covert Cloth Double Capes, Trimmed in rows of narrow binding, value $7.50, at **$3.45**

Fur Capes.

Genuine French Coney, 27x100 inches, silk lined, choice skins, value $8.50, at..... $4.95
Some of those Astrakan Capes, of good value at $12.50. Still to go at..... $8.98
100 Children's Cloaks—dark patterns, Star Cape, velvet and braid trimmed, value $6.75, ages 4 to 14 years, at... $3.98

Corsets, Underwear and Infants' Wear.

50 dozen Corsets in White, Drab and Black, same as cut, also R. & G., W. B. and Sonnettes, 5 and 6-hook, extra long waist, worth $1. Friday only..... 75c
35 doz. Gowns, Chemises, Drawers and Skirts, made of excellent Muslin, full width and length, worth from 69c to 89c, Friday only..... 49c
Special—One lot of Children's Flannelette Gowns, sizes 4 to 14 years, worth 59c to 89c. Friday only..... 49c
Ladies' Gingham Aprons..... 10c
Children's Feeders, worth 15c, Friday only..... 5c

Don't Shoot

If you don't find what you are looking for at first glance. Save your powder and come here.

If you give us your attention for a moment we will undertake to show you the completest lines of Fall and Winter Suits for business or dress occasions, and of Light and Heavy Overcoats, that have been shown in this city.

These goods are guaranteed in every way and vary in price, not according to cut and fit, for in all our garments those essentials are observed, but merely in the cost of materials and trimmings. Our lowest priced Suits will fit and wear as well as those of costlier goods.

Browning, King & Co.,
Broadway and Pine.

CITY NEWS.

Dr E. C. Chase.
Sixth and Locust. Set of teeth, $3.

Private matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine.

BUMPED BY A MOTOR.

John Lutz Now Wears a Broken Collar-Bone.

John Lutz, a second-hand dealer at 1116 Locust street, while driving across the Lindell Railway tracks at Fourteenth and Spruce streets, at 9 o'clock Thursday morning, was dashed to the ground by an electric car striking the rear end of the wagon. He was taken to the Dispensary, where a broken collar bone was dressed. He was also injured internally. He was taken to the City Hospital.

GOT TOO SWIFT.

Overgrown Messenger Boy's Encounter With a Conductor and a Policeman.

A tall, lanky messenger boy boarded an Olive street car, No. 54, at Eighteenth and Olive streets last night, and tendered the conductor a half fare ticket. "You're over 12 years old," said the conductor, shoving the ticket away. "Well, what if I am," replied the messenger. "I'm under 21, and I'm going to ride on this ticket." They argued until the car reached Twenty-first street, when the messenger was thrown off.

"Oh, I'll get back," he exclaimed, and then he smashed a window of the car. He turned and ran full speed, but as he reached the sidewalk he bumped into what appeared to be a lamp post with a rubber coat hanging to it. It was a policeman, and when it had sufficiently recovered it placed the lad under arrest. He gave his name as Wm. Hodgens, and his age as 15.

Urchins Charged With Theft.

Willie Taylor, James Fambes (colored), William Beats, Charles McGinty, William McDonnell and Harry Smith, newsboys, have been arrested on the charge of stealing a large quantity of clothing from the Lungstras Dyeing and Cleaning Co., 105 North Sixth street. Most of the goods were recovered.

ANTI-NERVOUS-DYSPEPTIC

MAIL POUCH TOBACCO
No Nerves Quaking No Heart Palpitating No Dyspeptic Aching
NICOTINE NEUTRALIZED

DIED BEHIND THE BAR.

Harry Baumgartner's Sudden Death From Heart Failure.

Harry F. Baumgartner, a bartender at Henry Scherer's saloon, 1801 Market street, while at work behind the bar about 5:30 a. m. Thursday, dropped to the floor unconscious. Dr. Goodman of 1915 Market street was summoned, but upon his arrival a few minutes later, Baumgartner was dead. The body was removed to the Morgue.

The deceased was single and roomed at 2915 Olive street. It is said that he was formerly a base ball player of some note.

YOUNG MEN can buy Clothing in our Retail Clothing Department at prices which will be satisfactory.

WE HAVE made for our Retail Sales a special lot of D. B. Suits for Young Men. These suits are offered for sale at popular prices and are much better garments than are usually found on the counters of the clothing dealers.

MILLS & AVERILL,
Broadway and Pine.

DROWNED OR KILLED.

Fate of Two Miners Who Went to Prospect on Copper River.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 7.—Recent arrivals from Cook Inlet report that two miners named Klemar and Dirke are missing and it is thought they have been drowned or killed by Indians. They left Cook Inlet last April in a canoe with three months provisions, going up the Kneek river. They intended to cross the mountains and prospect down the Copper river. The streams are full of treacherous falls and hidden boulders, and on the Copper river they left band of Indians who have resolutely kept all miners out of their territory.

Burial Permits.

Winnifred Murray, 7 months, 2226 Division; lockjaw.
Edgar C. Knollin, 10 months, 6711 South Michigan; dysentery.
Charles Hughes, 27 years, City Hospital; poisoning.
Fannie Johnson, 7 months, 826 South Tweaty-second; pneumonia.
Charles E. Austin, 47 years, St. Mary's Hospital; shock and injuries.
Clara Daly, 1 month, 1226 North Tenth; gastro-enteritis.
Charlotte W. Damaske, 55 years, 2102 North Twelfth; bronchitis.
Adelia Ernst, 36 years, 2119 South Ninth; cystic media.
Florence Davis, 1 year, 3708 Madison; marasmus.
John Rauch, 45 years, 1422 Gravois; pneumonia.
Alice Hefsels, 27 years, Women's Hospital; blood poisoning.
Charles Lehmann, 37 years, 1916 Hebert; suicide.

A Wise Resolve.

I have resolved that I will this day rent a steel box in the vaults of the Mississippi Safe Deposit Company, so that my securities and valuables may be found at any and all times safe from fear of fire or theft, and so protect my savings, that my wife and children will not want when I am dead and gone.

CITY HALL INVESTIGATION.

Architect Mann's Plans Nearly Escaped Consideration.

The new City Hall Investigating Committee held its second session Wednesday afternoon in the meeting room of the Board of Public Improvements. Ex-City Counselor Laverett Bell, R. E. McMath and ex-Park Commissioner Fechter were the witnesses.

The testimony of Mr. Bell, in conjunction with that of Mr. Mann, given Monday, indicates a possibility that Mann disclosed his identity before his plans had been accepted. Mann stated that he was in the city when the City Hall Commission examined the plans prior to shipping them to Prof. Wear, and that he noticed that his plan had been accidentally left out. He called Mr. Walter Dryden's attention to this and his plans were put in with the rest. Wednesday Mr. Bell testified that on the morning after the plans were selected, when he arrived at his office he found a gentleman conversing with Mr. Dryden. Mr. Dryden told him it was Mr. Mann, the successful architect. Mr. Bell then took him around the building and introduced him. It may be concluded by this that Mr. Mann was known to Mr. Dryden as the designer of "St. Louis, 1855," but the inference is rather far fetched. Mr. Dryden has not yet been examined, but he states that he never knew who Mann was until he introduced himself on the morning after the award had been made.

Mr. Fechter was next examined. He was a member of the Board of Public Improvements from May, 1891, to May, 1895. During that time most of the contracts were let. He was closely questioned as to the change made from terra cotta to cut stone trimmings at an extra cost of $100,000. He said that the members of the board became convinced that the terra cotta was not durable enough to be put into a public building. City Counselor Marshall was consulted as to the board's authority to make the change. The witness could not remember that Mr. Mann had ever been instructed to draw plans for the cut stone work, but he submitted them. Mr. Fechter denied that any of the plans were in the office when he took charge.

President McMath, the next witness, was examined principally about the changes in the plans. He stated that when he went into office last there were no plans on file in the Board of Public Improvements, and the board had to take Mann's word for everything. The architect might have made any changes he liked, and the board could not have detected them for lack of the original plans to compare with. The witness stated that at that time the board had nothing to do with the construction of the building except to let the contracts. He admitted that he had never personally inspected the building, as that was not his business, but the architect's.

City Counselor Marshall construed the ordinance as making it the architect's duty to inspect material, while the president of the board had a supervisory power. The committee adjourned without concluding McMath's testimony.

FOR FALSIFYING.

Arraignment of the Catholic Hierarchy by the Manitoba Government.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 7.—A special from Winnipeg, Manitoba, says:

Of scores of documents that have been issued since the parochial school agitation began, by far the most sensational has just been published by the Manitoba Government. It has been kept by the Government as to spring on the eve of the general election and the effect of the startling document is all that has been expected. It arraigns the Roman Catholic hierarchy for falsifying.

The Roman Catholics have all along contended that their schools were preserved to them under the bill of rights adopted when Manitoba entered the confederation of Canadian provinces in 1870. The Protestant contention has been that while reference was made to parochial schools in a rejected bill of rights, submitted in 1873, there was no such reference in the bill ratified and adopted in 1870 by both provincial and dominion governments. In answer to this Protestant contention the Roman Catholics produced a manuscript bearing date of 1870 which read that the rights of Roman Catholics to their schools should never be interfered with. This manuscript bore evidence of being reliable and authentic, and seemed conclusive.

Now, however, the Government shows that the date of the document was really 1873 and a scientific photographic process reveals that the figure 3 was changed into the cipher. The original figure 3 is by a photograph revealed in faded ink like the rest of the document, while the cipher is in fresher and blacker ink.

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VISITORS IN THE CITY.

H. L. Angell of Chicago is quartered at the St. Nicholas.

Col. John Maher of Burlington, Ia., is registered at the Lindell.

Charles Dammann of Membphis, Tenn., is quartered at the Lindell.

W. T. Luscombe of Carthage, Mo., is at the Laclede.

J. B. Copps and wife and Miss Dicie Punkley of Iberia, Mo., are registered at the Lindell.

J. V. Bell, a prominent citizen of Marshall, Tex., is among the guests of the Laclede.

Judge E. B. Greer and Miss Pearl Green of Mt. Carmel, Ill., have apartments at the Laclede.

W. L. Fitle of Lewiston, Mo., is stopping at Hurst's.

E. I. Brannan of Parsons, Kan., is an arrival at Hurst's.

Rhin Kimball of Arkansas City, Ark., is quartered at the Southern.

C. H. Aiken, a prominent railroad man of Dallas, Tex., is stopping at the Southern.

Jacob Sanders and daughter of Trinidad, Colo., have apartments at the Southern.

Alfred Gregory, and David D. Hoag of Kansas City, Mo., are registered at the Planters'.

T. L. Cox of Little Rock, Ark., is stopping at the Planters'.

M. V. Driscoll of Chicago is a guest at the Planters'.

A. W. McFadden of Memphis, Tenn., is among the arrivals at the Planters'.

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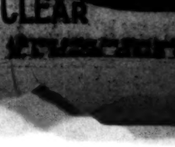

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